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Bosnia and Herzegovina Filmmakers' Location Guide

Sarajevo, 2017

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WHY BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

- Unspoiled natural locations including a wide range of natural sites from mountains to seaside
- Proximity of different natural sites ranging from sea coast to high mountains
- Presence of all four seasons in all their beauty
- War ruins which can be used as studios for war, post-war and post-apocalyptic films
- Abandoned military locations (including bunkers and airports)
- Medieval castles and cemeteries and remains of ancient civilizations
- · Reliable English-speaking work force
- Experienced producers and production companies with relevant track record
- Possibility for professional and reliable post-production facilities (editing, color grading, sound design)
- Bosnia an Herzegovina is signee of EU Co-productions Treaty



LEGEND



Climate



National Parks



Rivers / Lakes / Seas



Mountains



Phone



Mobile



Internet



Holidays



Mines



Language



Currency



Roads



Airports



Visas



Religion



Credit cards



Medical care



Car rental



Power supply



Shops



Spas and Health Resorts



Borders



Population



Telegram



Geographical Position



Wake-Up Service



General Emergency



Telephone Information



Civil Protection



Bus Station



Police



Railway Station



Fire Department



Taxi Service



Ambulance



Mailing Services



Search and Rescue Services of BiH



Films Shot Here



Traffic Report



Accommodation



Roadside Assistance



Industrial Plants



Exact Time



Abandoned Military Locations

Why BiH



Ruins



How to Get There



Castles



Info



Cemeteries



City / Town



Historic Monuments



Center of Cantonal Government

Industry Legend



Production



Post-production Facilities



Co-production



Rental



Distribution and Exhibition



Animation



Admission and Box Office



Casting



Television

FACTS AND FIGURES

Official name: Bosna i Hercegovina / Bosnia and Herzegovina

National flag:



Profile:

Bosnia and Herzegovina is made of three administrative parts: Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Republika Srpska (Republic of Srpska) and Brčko District. In addition, Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina is split into 10 cantons, smaller administrative parts.

Geographically, Bosnia and Herzegovina is made of two parts: inland Bosnia characterized by high mountains and green forests and Herzegovina in the south, warmer and lower part of the country extending to the Adriatic Sea.

Capital: Sarajevo

Time: GMT +1

GDP: €8,730 per capita (2015 estimate)

Area: 51,197 km²

Borders:

Bordered by Croatia to the north, west and south, Serbia to the east, and Montenegro to the southeast, Bosnia and Herzegovina is almost land-locked, except for 20km of Adriatic Sea coastline, around the town of Neum.

Climate:

The Mediterranean and Alpine influences meet in Bosnia and Herzegovina and create a mosaic of climate types within a relatively small area. The south enjoys warm, sunny and dry weather, with very mild winters. In the more continental areas the weather is similar to that of central Europe – hot summers, cool springs and autumns, and cold winters with considerable snowfall. The Mediterranean and continental climates meet in the middle, creating one of the most diverse eco-systems in Europe.

The mountains create a climate of their own. The Alpine climate rules the mountain terrains of the high Dinarides above 1,700m. The winters there are extremely cold, with temperatures well below zero for more than six months per year.





Facts and Figures



Population:

Final 2013 census results are still pending, but estimate for 2015 was that 3,871,643 inhabitants live in Bosnia and Herzegovina and over one million Bosnians live abroad.

People:

- Bosniaks
- Serbs
- Croats
- Minority peoples

Bosnia is home to three ethnic "constituent peoples": Bosniaks, Serbs and Croats. Despite different religious and/or ethnic background their language, traditions and culture are more similar than not. The people of Bosnia and Herzegovina are southern Slavs, with varying religious backgrounds.



Religion:

- Islam
- · Orthodox Christianity
- Roman Catholicism
- Judaism
- Minority religions (Baptism, Evangelism, Adventism, ISKCON etc.)

Bosnia and Herzegovina is a country at the crossroads of eastern and western civilizations. Muslims, Orthodox, Catholics, Jews and others live here together. In this country it is hard to find a town that doesn't have both churches and mosques.



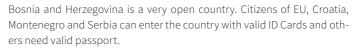
Language:

There are three official languages spoken in Bosnia and Herzegovina: Bosnian, Croatian, and Serbian. For the local people there is a great importance attached to the name of the language. For practical purposes, there are no significant differences.

Both Cyrillic and Latin alphabet are used. However, Cyrillic alphabet is more dominant in Republic of Srpska while Latin alphabet prevails in Federation of BiH.

English is the most outspoken foreign language in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Most young people will have at least some knowledge of English almost anywhere you go.

Visas:





Citizens of following countries do not require the visa: Andorra, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Barbados, Belgium, Brazil, Brunei, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Honduras, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea, Kuwait, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macau, Macedonia, Malaysia, Malta, Maurice, Mexico, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Russia, San Marino, Serbia, Seychelles, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, Uruguay, UAE, USA, Vatican and Venezuela.

Others are required visas and can get one through the Bosnian Embassies in their respective countries.

Officially, people who enter the country need to register with the police within 24 hours after their arrival in the country if they are not accommodated in hotels.

For more information visit: www.mfa.ba

National and nature parks:

Sutjeska National Park, Una National Park, Kozara National Park, Hutovo blato, Blidinie.



Longest river:

Sava is the largest river of the country and it forms northern natural border with Croatia.

Other major rivers in BiH are: Bosna, Drina, Neretva, Una, Vrbas.





Highest mountain peak:

Bosnia and Herzegovina is mostly mountainous, encompassing the central Dinaric Alps and mountains measuring up to 2,386m in height. 1984 Olympic Games were held on mountains surrounding Sarajevo.

HIGHEST MOUNTAINS IN BIH				
	Highest peak			
1.	Maglić	2,386m		
2.	Volujak	2,333m		
3.	Čvrsnica	2,228m		
4.	Vranica	2,110m		
5.	Prenj	2,103m		
6.	Treskavica	2,086m		
7.	Vran	2,074m		
8.	Bjelašnica	2,006m		
9.	Lelija	2,032m		
10.	Zelengora	2,014m		



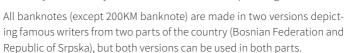
Spas and health resorts:

There are 15 spas and thermal resorts currently registered in Bosnia and Herzegovina as health care institutions in the areas of Banja Luka, Bijeljina, Bihać, Bosanska Dubica, Fojnica, Gradačac, Kiseljak, Laktaši, Olovo, Srebrenica, Sanski Most, Sarajevo, Teslić, Tuzla and Višegrad. Their use has a long tradition visible from the fact that the first known spa Aqua Sulphurae was built in Ilidža, close to Sarajevo.

GOOD TO KNOW

Currency:

The national currency is the (Euro-pegged) Convertible Mark (KM), controlled by the currency board. It is divided into 100 pfenning.



Coins: 5, 10, 20 and 50 pf; 1, 2 and 5KM

Banknotes: 10, 20, 50, 100, 200KM

Power supply: 220 V, 50 Hz



Banks & postal service:

Banks and post offices can be found in every city in Bosnia and Herzegovina and most towns and villages as well. They are mostly opened from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on weekdays and from 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. on Saturdays.



Shops:

Grocery stores open around 6:00 a.m. every day in a week and work until 8:00 p.m. at least on weekdays and Saturdays and until 3:00 p.m. on Sundays. Stores open 24 hours can be find in all cities and most of towns.



Credit cards:

International credit cards Visa, MasterCard, Diners etc. are accepted in the majority of stores, hotels and restaurants. However, you should bare in mind that there are still places in the country (even in bigger cities) where credit cards are not accepted at all.



Medical care:

There are many public health clinics in Bosnia and Herzegovina and emergency medical service is available everywhere 24 hours a day. Private medical practices are common in cities. In major centres, there are many pharmacies; there is usually at least one that is open 24 hours a day.



Good to Know



Telephones:

To phone Bosnia and Herzegovina from abroad, the country code is +387. When phoning from Bosnia and Herzegovina dial 00 plus country code without the 0 – number



Mobile operators:

There are six mobile operators in Bosnia and Herzegovina

BH Telecom www.bhtelecom.ba

Haloo www.haloo.ba

Happy www.happy.ba

HT Eronet www.eronet.ba

Izi mohil www.izimohil.ha

M:tel www.mtel.ba

BH Telecom, HT Eronet and M:Tel offer both prepaid and post-paid services and packages and Haloo, Happy and Izi mobil offer prepaid services only.



Internet:

Bosnia and Herzegovina has 2.7 million Internet users and 67.9% penetration rate. Internet country code is .ba. Most of cafes and restaurants in the urban areas have open wireless connection. In Sarajevo there are several free Wi-Fi hot spots, notably the one on Baščaršija provided by Stari Grad Municipality.



Holidays and non working days:

January 1st & 2nd - New Year

January 7th – Orthodox Christmas

January 9th - Republic Day (Republic of Srpska)

January 14th – Orthodox New Year (Republic of Srpska)

March 1st – Independence Day (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina)

April the 16th 2017 – Catholic Easter (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina) and Orthodox Easter (Republic of Srpska)¹

April the 1st 2018 – Catholic Easter (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina)

April the 8th 2018 - Orthodox Easter (Republic of Srpska)

¹ In 2017 both Easters fall on the same date, but most of the years this is not the case.

May the 1st and the 2nd - Labour Day

June the 25th 2017 – Eid ul-Fitr (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina)

June the 15th 2018 – Eid ul-Fitr (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina)

August the 31st **2017** – Eid al-Adha (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina)

August the 22nd 2018 – Eid al-Adha (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina)

November the 21st – Dayton Agreement Day (Republic of Srpska)

November the 25th – Statehood Day (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina)

December the 25th – Christmas (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina)

Car rental:

Bosnia and Herzegovina hosts a range of global rent-a-car companies, with outlets all across the country. Cars can be booked over the phone, Internet or at airports and city offices.

Airports:

There are several airports in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Sarajevo Airport and Banja Luka International Airport are used the most for both transportation of passengers and cargo services, but Mostar International Airport is also used for cargo and charter flights. Tuzla International Airport is a civilian airport and a military airbase. There are numerous military airports and public airports that are not in use all over the country.

Roads:

There are 21,846km of road in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Roads are mainly single lane in either direction with lower speed limits (mostly 80kph). Driving with your lights ON (day or night) is obligatory.

Highway is still in construction. At the moment, 94km out of planned 338km are finished and functioning.

Mines:

There are mines in Bosnia and Herzegovina and, with the clearing process progressing slowly, there will continue to be mines for the decades to come. But that does not mean that visiting Bosnia and Herzegovina is unsafe. So far, no visitor has ever been involved in a mine incident.

For more information, you could visit the Mine Action Centre (MAC; Zmaja od Bosne 8 in Sarajevo) or visit the center's website (*www.bhmac.org*)











WHERE TO SHOOT



UNA-SANA CANTON Sava Una M-15 Bihać 🗸 Banja Luka M-16 1 - Velika Kladuša M-5 2 - Bužim 3 - Cazin 4 - Bihać 5 - Bosanska Krupa 6 - Sanski Most 7 - Bosanski Petrovac 8 - Ključ bihać

UNA-SANA CANTON



Geographical position

Una-Sana Canton, named after the rivers Una and Sana, is located in the northwest of the country and borders with enitity of Republic of Srpska, Canton 10 on the southeast, and with Croatia on the south, west, and north. The area is dominated by the combination of hills, low fields and alluvial plains and valleys with numerous rivers and streams. The center of the cantonal government is Bihać.

Area: 4,125km²



Population

Preliminary data acquired for 2013 census show that 299,343 people live in Una-Sana Canton.



Climate

Una-Sana Canton has moderate continental climate. July is the warmest month of the year with the average temperature of 20.4°C. The lowest average temperatures in the year occur in January, when it is around 1.4°C





Accommodation

As Una-Sana Canton is located on the roads that connect Bosnia and Herzegovina both with mainland neighbours and the seaside and is home to the one of the most beautiful natural parks in the country, it offers different accommodation options. In the Nature Park Una you can stay in motel, private accommodation, smaller hotels in ethno style or a camp. There are two 4-star hotels in Bihać (Hotel Emporum and Hotel Opal Exclusive) and 4-star hotel Kostelski Buk located on the beautiful waterfall 8km from Bihać. There are also numerous 3-star hotels, motels and private accommodation options in Bihać.



How to get there

By air

Given its favourable geographical positioning, it is no surprise there are several options to reach Bihać if you want to come by air, although part of the trip you will have to go by road. The closest airport is in Banja Luka, only 160km away, and then there are Croatian airports (Zadar, Zagreb and Split), that are all less then 200km away. The furthest airport is in Sarajevo 320km away. Also, during the summer season (June-September) a small airport in Golubić, only 3km away from Bihać, can be used for smaller private aircrafts.

By road

Part of the motorway has been constructed from Banja Luka to Bihać and roads connecting Bihać with Sarajevo and the rest of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina are in pretty good shape, although it is not advised to experiment with the smaller roads. The landscapes are beautiful, so there is no need to look for the shortcuts anyways.

By rail

There is an important railway route going through Una-Sana Canton, but unfortunately it has not been used for passenger travel for years. Occasionally it is used for freight trains and there are talks about putting the rails in use for passenger travel, also.





Bihać

Bihać, located in the northwestern part of Bosnia and Herzegovina, is the economic, administrative and cultural center of Una-Sana Canton. It is located on the banks of river Una and the whole municipality is rich in springs, streams, rivers and groundwater. The center of the city is dominated by the old town, beautiful vegetation surrounding Una and a city bridge.



Una

Una river, in part of its course, forms a natural border between Croatia and Bosnia and Herzegovina. Over 170 types of medicinal herbs grow by the river and 28 kinds of fish live in it. Una is famous for its waterfalls especially those at Martin Brod, where the popular "International Una Regatta" kayaking competition begins, and Štrbački Buk further downstream. "International Una Regatta" Bihać is held annually as kind of celebration of the river





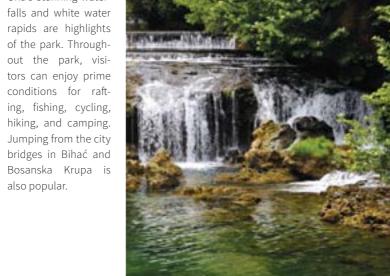


Una National Park

Una National Park is the youngest national park in Bosnia an Herzegovina. It was established in 2006 around the Upper River Una and Unac River. The main purpose of the park is to protect unspoiled Una and Unac rivers which run through it.



Una's stunning wateralso popular.





Captain's Tower



It is not certain in what year Captain's Tower has been built, but historians suppose it dates from 13th century. It is one of the oldest buildings in Bihać built during the late Bosnian Kingdom or early Ottoman period. During the Austro-Hungarian occupation, the Tower was converted into a prison or county jail. Captain's Tower was used exclusively as a prison until 1959. The building has been completely renovated and now it is functioning as a museum.



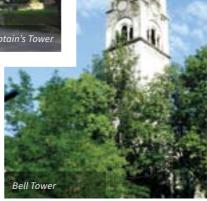


Stone Tomb and Bell Tower





After the 1878 Austro-Hungarian occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bihać Catholics demanded that the former church, that was turned into mosque Fethija, be returned to its original use. Not wanting Muslim citizens to turn against them, new





Home for the Elderly has been in the construction for the past 20 years and is still not put into use. It is located in a very attractive place in the center of Bihać, along the banks of the river Una and it's monstrous looks are in a big contrast to beautiful surroundings, giving it a specai visual quality.



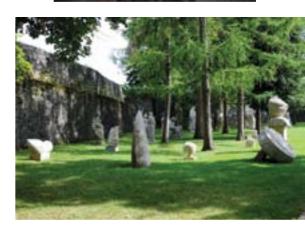


rulers agreed to build a new church in any other place. Catholics chose a location where one of the six Middle Ages churches used to stand. Unfortunately, it was also a location of a wooden tomb with the two graves of martyrs. Austro-Hungarian authorities, giving their best to keep the peace, then built a new tomb a bit further made out of Bihać bihacite stone. The church, built in 1890, has been demolished in 1944, in the bombing of the city and only a bell tower next to the tomb remains

Fortress Ostrožac

Fortress Ostrožac is located northeast of Bihać. overlooking the river Una from the top of the canyon 350m high. It was built on the private property of family Babonić, who finished the construction of the fort by 1346. At that time, it was a big strong city with a large interior space which housed a whole little village. Throughout the centuries, the city was gradually rebuilt and upgraded, while the number of inhabitants increased. With the arrival of the Austro-Hungarians, aristocratic family Beširević, sold the city to Lothar von Berks who continued with the restoration and upgrading of the city and settled in it in 1902. In 1970 the Sculptors Colonv Ostrožac has been established and sculptures are held in the courtyard of the fortress.





Una Sana Canton















POSAVINA CANTON



Geographical position

Posavina Canton lies on the river Sava (after which it is named) thatforms a natural border between Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia. Posavina as a region includes other parts of Bosnia and Herzegovina and parts of Croatia, so the canton is sometimes called Bosnian Posavina (Bosnian Posavina). It is mainly agricultural area characterized by flat lowland and lack of mountains. The center of the canton is Orašje.

Area: 325km²



Population

2013 census shows that 48,089 people are living in the Canton.



Climate

Thanks to its favourable geographical position and surrounding mountains, Bosnian Posavina has a moderate continental climate. In July, which is the warmest month, average temperature is around 21°C. Winters are temperate and cold, and the average temperature in January is 2°C. Rainfall is harmoniously distributed throughout the year with May and June being the months with most rain.





Accommodation

As Posavina Canton is pretty undeveloped, there are not a lot of accommodation facilities. Still, you can find decent accommodation in Villa Aroma and Hotel Derby in Orašje or Hotel Euro in Odžak.



How to get there

By air

If coming by air the best solution is to fly to Tuzla Airport 70km away from Orašje or Sarajevo International Airport which is 190km away and to drive from there.



By road

Orašje is located close to the one of the main border crossings between Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia which ensures that the Canton is well connected to all parts of Bosnia and Herzegovina (highway Orašje – Tuzla – Sarajevo – Ploče is one of the most important roads in the country) and with neighboring countries (Croatia, Serbia) as it is located only 12km from Zagreb-Belgrade motorway.

Film shot here: THE MELON ROUTE (2006), Branko Schmidt.



Odžak

Odžak is is located in Northern Bosnia and Herzegovina, more precisely in the triangle formed by river Bosna in the East, Sava river from the north and mountain Vučjak from southwest. Sava River is also forming the border between Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia. Odžak was mentioned for the first time in 1593 as a small settlement and fort. At that time sultan introduced term odžak (property) that was to be granted to the commanders of the Turkish army and could be inherited by their children. Miralem-beg was assigned this place as an odžak and he built a small fort on the foundations of the old Roman city. Odžak was heavily damaged during the 1992-1993 war but it managed to rebuild and recuperate to a certain degree.



Orašje

History of Orašje and the surroundings dates back to the 13th century when the first settlement Terra Tolis was established in what is now Tolisa. In 19th century Muslims and Turks fleeing Serbia after the breakup of the Ottoman Empire founded two villages - Upper and Lower Azizija, known today as Bosanski Šamac and Orašje. As the town was founded during the Austrian-Hungarian Occupation, French experts were brought to design it. They decided that all the main streets had to have access to the Sava River, and that transverse streets will make up fields in the form of a chessboard. To this day, citizens of Orašje stayed focused on agricultural and 80% of this citizens see it as a main or at least secondary source of income.



The Franciscan Monastery in Tolisa





Construction of the Franciscan monastery in Tolisa started in 1864 during the Ottoman rule and was completed in 1881. In the beginning the supervisor of the construction was Đuro Eichhorn and later fra. Martin Nedić took over. The plan of the church was taken from the City Church

in Osijek. It was built in the Romanesque style with two bell towers at the front. The plan for the bell tower on the north side was drawn by architect Dausch, and the southern by Pietro Rimoldi. The church had eight huge pillars, but when it was reconstructed in 1912 the pillars where slightly narmade rower. The church was painted by Anthony Huber from Tyrol.





TUZLA CANTON



Geographical position

Tuzla Canton is located in the northeastern part of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the seat of the Cantonal Government is in Tuzla, which is cultural, university and clinical center.

The Canton is characterized by extremely mountainous area (Konjuh, Javornik, Ozren) in the south, the vast river valleys Spreča and Tinje in the central part and ranges Skipovac, Trebava and Majevica extending from northwest to southeast. This area is rich with rivers, mountain rivers, rapids and there are even several artificial lakes. Municipality of Kladani, especially mountain Konjuh, is covered with tick forest.

Area: 2,649km²



Population

By the 2013 census, 477,278 people are living in Tuzla Canton.



Climate

The area of Tuzla Canton has a moderate continental climate with clearly distinguished seasons and an average annual temperature of 10.1° C. The warmest month with average temperature of 20.7° C is July, and the coldest month is January with temperature being around 0.2° C.



Accommodation

There are several hotels an motels in Tuzla, even one 5-star hotel, President, and 4-star hotel Mellain. In most of the smaller towns in the Canton there is one or even two motels and hotels that can be used if in need of accommodation.



Getting there

By air

Tuzla International Airport was under the control of the SFOR from 1996 till 2006. Low-cost Hungarian airline Wizz Air started using Tuzla International Airport in 2011 and in June 2015 it became its base. This resulted in the increase of destinations you can travel from Tuzla to 16 including Basel, Berlin, Bratislava, Frankfurt, London and Stockholm and the number of weekly take-offs rose to 45.



Tourism Association of Tuzla Canton: www.tourism-tk.ba

By road

The quickest route from Sarajevo to Tuzla is by M-18 road. It is being upgraded at the moment and the newest addition to it is the Karaula Tunnel, which has shortened the trip by 3km and made it much easier to travel.

Tuzla's bus station is one of the busiest in the country with 11 bus lines arriving from Sarajevo every day. Aside from the local buses, buses from Tuzla drive to Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Germany, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden and Switzerland.

By rail

There is a railway station in Tuzla, but at the moment only other station connected with it is Doboj, with trains scheduled twice a day.



Tuzla



Tuzla is one of the oldest settlements in Europe with continuity of living as proven by the remains of the stilt houses from Neolithic times. The first written mention of Tuzla dates back to 950 AD when it was mentioned as a city by its Roman name Salines – meaning salt city. Tuzla got the name we know it after when it became part of the Ottoman Empire in 1463. They renamed the town after the Turkish word tuz, which, once more, means salt.

Panonika salt lakes

Panonika salt lakes are artificial lakes in Tuzla located in the city center on the site of the former "salt wells." In the complex there is, also, a reconstruction of stilt house settlement from the Neolithic period. Panonika lakes represent unique examples of salt lakes in Europe, and have healing properties due to the content of salt and other minerals in the water.





Films shot here: THE PARTISAN'S ESCA-

DRILLE (1979), Hajrudin

Krvavac; AN EPISODE IN

THE LIFE OF AN IRON PICKER (2013), Danis

Tanović; **THOUSAND** (2015), Nenad Đurić.





Čamdžić's House in Puračić

Čamdžić House is a unique example of Bosnian village architecture. It is specific because of the way the *chardak*, typical old house in Balkans style that usually had a fortified ground floor and a wooden upper floor and was used as a protective small fort, was built. Accord-



ing to the available information Čamdžić House dates back to the second half of the

16th century, and is one of the oldest buildings of its kind in northeastern Bosnia.

Gradačac Fortress





Mehmed-captain Gradaščević started construction of Gradačac Fortress around 1765 and finished in 1821. The main building, within a wide walls of the fortification, is the brick built three-story Gradačac Tower, about 18m high, which served as a fortified captain's house. Gradačac clock tower is also located in the complex.

Srebrenik Fortress





Srebrenik Fortress was first mentioned in 1333 and it is one of the best preserved fortresses from the Middle Ages in Bosnia and Herzegovina. It was home to the Bosnian king Stjepan II



Kotromanić until his death in 1353. Srebrenik consists of three parts which are connected to one another with four towers and a small mansion, and is built on a cliff that rises from the surrounding area.





ZENICA-DOBOJ CANTON



Geographical position

Zenica-Doboj Canton is made of 12 municipalities situated in the valleys of Bosna, Usora and Krivaja rivers. Territory of the Canton is mostly highland and its center is Zenica. Doboj is a municipality that is partly in Republic of Srpska and partly in Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Area: 3,343km²



Population

By the preliminary date provided by 2013 census, 385,067 people are living in Zenica-Doboj Canton.



Climate

Continental climate dominates the Zenica-Doboj Canton, with characteristics of moderate continental and mountain climate in some areas. Average temperature through the year in the Canton is 9.6°C with January being the coldest (avg. -0.9°C) and July (18.9°C) being the warmest month of the year.





Accommodation

It is possible to find accommodation in smaller motels and 2 or 3-star hotels in most of the municipalities in Zenica-Doboj Canton. Zenica is definitely best choice when looking for accommodation as there are 4 hotels, 3 motels and 2 hostels in the town. Visoko has decent accommodation facilities, too, and there are newly built Vila Ukus in Tešanj, and Spa and Recreation Center Aquaterm in Olovo if you decide to stay in smaller towns of the Canton. If you feel like tasting Bosnian village life, Vardište cooperative can be answer for you. Village Vardište is located in the municipality of Breza and its cooperative offers accomodation and homemade food prepared according to traditional recipes.

Getting there



By air

If traveling to Zenica-Doboj Canton it is the best to fly to Sarajevo International Airport as it is only 45 minutes drive by motorway from Zenica.

By road

The highway M-17, connecting highway from Belgrade to Zagreb with Sarajevo through Slavonski Brod is passing through Zenica-Doboj Canton. Because of this the Canton is pretty well connected with the rest of the country and country boarders.

There are several buses driving from Zenica to Sarajevo and vice versa per day and buses drive from Zenica Bus Station (www.zenicatrans.ba) regularly to different parts of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Also, there is an international line driving from Zenica to Belgrade (Serbia).



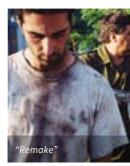
Tourism Association of Zenica Doboj Canton: www.zedoturizam.ba



Films shot here

AN ADDITIONAL SOUL (1987), Ademir Kenović; FUSE! (2003), Pjer Žalica; ALL FOR FREE (2006), Antonio Nuić; REMAKE (2009), Dino Mustafić; IN THE LAND OF BLOOD AND HONEY (2011), Angelina Jolie.











Zenica is located in the River Bosna valley at the altitude of 316m and covers the area of 558.5km². The first settlements on the location of today's Zenica city center were built in Neolithic and later at the time of the Illyrians. Royal Castle Vranduk probably existed at the time and was called Arduba by the Illyrians. In former Yugoslavia, Zenica was known as a steel metropolis, the capital of mining and metal processing industry.



Zenica Synagogue

Zenica synagogue was built between 1903 and 1905 following the project of Miloš Komadina. It has a rectangular base, with ground floor and first floor, with a total height of 10m. Building has been done in pseudo-Moorish style. Today it is functioning as a Museum and houses the office of the Jewish community in Zenica.





Sultan Ahmet Mosque

This 16th century mosque suffered great deal of destruction through the history. The mosque was completely destroyed in 1697 during the famous pillage of Eugene of Savoy in Bosnia and Herzegovina. It was rebuilt in 1703 on the foundations of the old mosque by the orders of Sultan Ahmed III, whose name it carries today.



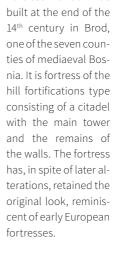






Fortress Vranduk









Kakanj







Kakanj was first mentioned in 1468 as settlement made of 90 houses. When coal mine Kakanj was founded in 1900, the town started developing organically without any urban planning, around the coal mine on the slopes of wide hills on both sides of the Zgošća River.

The Franciscan Monastery Kraljeva Sutjeska

The Franciscan Monastery Kraljeva Sutjeska, located near Kakanj in the village Kraljeva Sutjeska, was built in the first half of the 14th century, but it was demolished several times in the past. Only during the 19th





century the Monastery was rebuilt twice, the last time in 1890. It houses historical treasures and a library with rare and valuable historical records.



Bobovac

Bobovac is a medieval fortified city located near today's Vareš. It was the residency of the Bosnian kings during medieval times and it contained crown jewels of Bosnia and served as mausoleum of the royals.





Sultan Mehmed il el-Fatih Mosque

This 15th century mosque, located in Kraljeva Sutjeska, is one of the oldest mosques in Bosnia and Herzegovina. It was built in 1463 by the order





of Turkish conqueror Sultan Mehmed II el-Fatih and is also known as Military Mosque.

Steel Company Zenica







Steel Company has been built in Zenica in 1892, during Austro-Hungarian occupation. Zenica was chosen because of the railway that is going through the town. The Steel Company was supposed to work only on the basis of pig iron originating from Vareš. During the communism, Steel Company was in the property of the state and was not privatized till 2004.

Visoko



Visoko is a town of rich historical heritage. It was the centre of the early Bosnian medieval state, and Bosnian king Tvrtko I was crowned there. In the later history it became famous for being a location of "Bosnian Pyramids". In October 2005, Bosnian native and author Semir Osmanagić claimed that the hill Visočica and several surrounding hills actually concealed pyramids. These clames are still under investigation and diggings at the site continue.

Tešanj



Tešanj developed around the river Tešanjka and had turbulent past. Fortress in Tešanj is one of the largest (6,296km²) and significant most buildings of its kind in BiH. The exact time of its construction is unknown. In 15th century Tešanj was the center of the Bosnian kingdom and in 16th century it came under the rule Ottoman Empire. At this time the town starts developing rapidly.





Maglaj



Maglaj, like numerous other towns in Bosnia and Herzegovina, incorporates an old town with mosques, traditional houses dating back to the Ottoman Empire, and a fortress that stands as a symbol of Maglaj. The new part of town, on the West side of the river Bosna, is characterized by modern architecture dating back to 1950s.







Nature Park Tajan

Nature Park Tajan is located between the municipalities of Zavidovići, Kakanj and Vareš, at an altitude of 1,297m. It is rich in canyons, natural stone bridges, caves, lakes, and endemic flora.





Olovo

The town Olovo (Bosnian for lead) was known in 14th century under the name Plumbum (Latin for lead) because of its well known lead ore deposits. Today, Olovo is best known for its forests, big blue





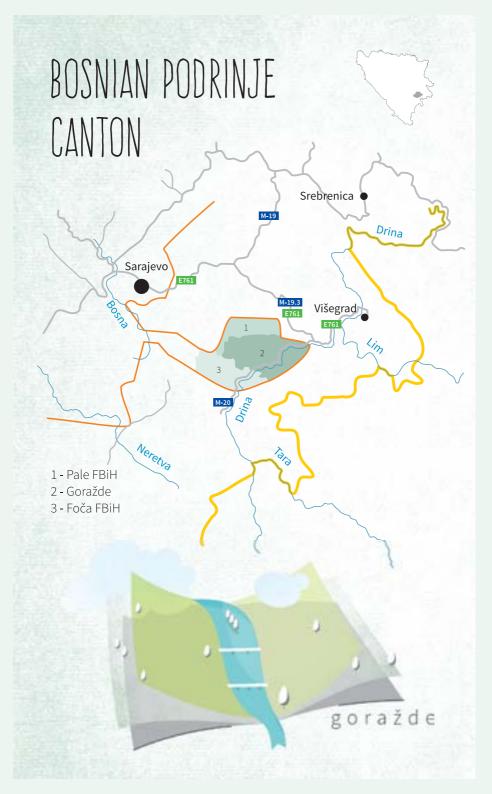
skies, clear swift waters coming from three main mountain rivers (Stupčanica, Krivaja, and Bioštica) and very effective spa, dating back to the Roman period. One of the interesting things in Olovo is underground war hospital built during the last war.





This mountainous town is known for being rich with archeological findings from different epochs, as well as for having blast furnace built in 1891. Iron factory has been one of the most important exporters of ironworks in the region for years, and now mostly abandoned, it became ideal location for shooting films.





BOSNIAN PODRINJE CANTON



Geographical position

Bosnian Podrinje Canton is located in the south-eastern central part of the country, in the region of Upper Drina. The Cantonal seat and the cultural and geographic centre of the Canton is Goražde, populated by 30,000 people, situated on the banks of the River Drina in South East Bosnia. The town lies at the foot of the eastern slope of mountain Jahorina at a height of 345m above sea level.

Area: 504.6km²



Population

By the data provided by Agency for Statistics 32,675 people are living in Bosnian Podrinje Canton, with 29,859 living in Goražde, and only 2,816 people living in the surrounding municipalities. Data per three consecutive years show small but constant decrease in number of inhabitants of this Canton.



Climate

Goražde, and Bosnian Podrinje Canton in general, is characterized by mild continental climate with short winters and long warm summers.



Accommodation

Most of the tourist facilities in the Bosnian Podrinje Canton are located in the proximity of River Drina. Hotel Behar is the only hotel in the Canton. It is rated with three stars and it is renowned as one of the most luxurious and most beautiful hotels in the Upper Valley of Drina River located in Goražde. The crew of the feature film SNOW by Aida Begić used this hotel as their base during the shoot. In Pale-Prača Municipality tourists may visit tourist village Bijele Vode with its motel and mountain-style bungalows. In Goražde and it's surroundings it is possible to find different kinds of accommodation including bungalows next to the Drina River, smaller hotels and private accommodation for very affordable prices.



Getting there

By air

As Sarajevo is pretty close to Goražde it is possible to travel to Sarajevo airport and than choose the other way of transportation from Sarajevo.

By road

Travelling by car is easiest way to come to Bosnian Podrinje Canton as Goražde is well connected to other bigger cities in Bosnia and Herzegovina and can easily be reached from Sarajevo (via Rogatica and Ustiprača) in only hour and a half. However, it must not be forgotten that there is no highway and roads can be pretty difficult to travel by.

Centroprevoz Goražde (www.centroprevoz.ba) is handling the most of the bus lines in Bosnian Podrinje Canton. Most of the bus connections go through the Sarajevo but go on everyday bases, few times a day, to different towns in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia and Serbia.



Films shot here: SNOW (2008), Aida Begić; BELVEDERE (2010), Ahmed Imamović.





Tourism Association of Bosnian Podrinje Canton: www.turizam-bpk.ba

Goražde

This town of elongated shape along the Ustiprača-Foča road was part of the old Serbian State up to 1376, when it was attached to the Bosnian State under the reign of King Tvrtko. From 1465 till 1878 Goražde was part of the Turkish Empire and in the 18th and 19th centuries it was inhabited by Muslim and Orthodox communities. During the 1992-1995 war in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Goražde was one of the six Bosniak enclaves, surrounded and besieged by the Serbian Army, and then made into a United Nations Safe Area in which the United Nations was supposed to protect the civilian population from attacks. Despite this, Goražde was heavily attacked in April of 1994. After air strikes against Serb tanks and outposts and a NATO ultimatum, Serbian forces agreed to withdraw their artillery and armored vehicles 20km from the town, but damage was already done. War scars can still be seen around the town, despite the efforts of the community to rebuild.











Drina

The Drina is a 346km long river and natural border between Bosnia and Herzegovina and Serbia. It is the longest tributary of the Sava River and the longest karst river in the Dinaric Alps which belongs to the Danube river watershed. Its name is derived from the Latin name of the river (Latin: Drinus) which in turn is derived from Greek (Ancient Greek: Dreinos).

Prača

Prača is a left tributary of River Drina. Its source is in Pale at an altitude of 1540m. It flows into the Drina in Ustiprača. In Ustiprača there is an old narrow-gauge railway bridge.





Romane Bridge on Kožetina

Bridge on Kožetina is a single-arch stone bridge in the municipality of Foča-Ustikolina built on the steep terrain and based directly on the coastal cliffs above the stream. The arch bridge is semi-circular and made of roughly treated, or rather the right pieces of limestone. It is still well-preserved in its original form.



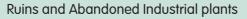


Alija Izetbegović Bridge

Bridge at the center of Goražde over the Drina has notorious past. During World War II Chetnik brigades would bring civilians for the slaughter on the bridge and during the last war it was so dangerous to cross that Army of RBiH decided to build the Bridge Under the

Belvedere Belvedere

Bridge which enabled people to cross the river unnoticed. The construction under the bridge is in a reconstruction phase at the moment.

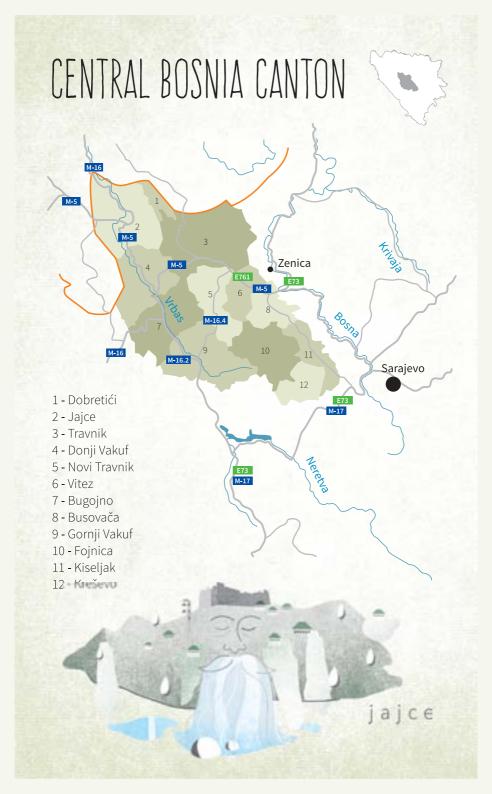






Before the 1992–1995 war Goražde had highly developed industry. Unfortunately, industry suffered great destruction during the war, too, and number of abandoned industrial plants can be found in Goražde and surrounding area.





CENTRAL BOSNIA CANTON



Geographical position

Central Bosnia Canton, with its central position in the country, is a place where Bosnian and European roads meet. The Canton is characterized by extremely mountainous and hilly area going from 300m above sea level to 1,922m. The center of Canton government is Travnik.

Area: 3,199km²



Population

By the preliminary date provided by 2013 census, 273,149 people are living in Central Bosnia Canton, with 57,543 living in the wider urban area of Travnik.



Climate

Central Bosnia Canton is characterized by mountain continental climate with micro-climates influenced by the river valleys and altitude. The average annual temperature in Travnik is 10.2°C with July being the warmest month with average temperature of 20.2°C and January the coldest with average of -0.7°C.

Tourism Association of Central Bosnia Canton: www.tzsbk.com





Accommodation



Most accommodation in Central Bosnia Canton is not luxury, but there are five 3-star hotels in Travnik. Jajce, the most important touristic town in the Canton, can offer a hotel, a hostel and private accommodation as well as the accommodation in the auto camp Plivska Lake. If you are looking for the place to rest, Aquareumal in Fojnica, where spa tourism is practiced for last 2000 years, is the obvious choice. Mountain of Vlašić, being the ski resort, offers several accommodation options as well.

Getting there



By air

The closest airport is Sarajevo International Airport, approximately 90km away from Travnik.

By road

Central Bosnia Canton is on the highway M-5 making it one of the best connected parts of the country. With its mountanous topography, driving can be demanding at times, but there are lots of places to rest on the way and the

nature by the road is beautiful.

Because of it's central position Central Bosnia Canton has a pretty good bus lines connecting it inside the Canton and to the other parts of the country and Most of the stops on the route through the Canton are neither first or last, so travelers are advised to take good care not to miss their desired location.





Films shot here: THE DEMOLITION SQUAD (1967), Hajrudin Krvavac; THE BATTLE ON RIVER NERETVA (1969), Veljko Bulajić; ALIVE AND THE DEAD (2007), Kristijan Milić.









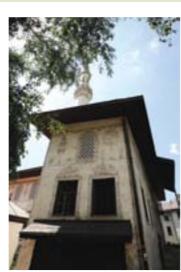
Travnik, the center of Central Bosnia Canton. was the capital city of the governors of Bosnia from 1699 to 1850, and has a cultural heritage dating from that period. It was one of fortified towns in the region and its fortress Kaštel is today's old town sector. Travnik is the birthplace of bh. writer and Nobel Prize winner Ivo Andrić. His home was reconstructed and opened as a museum in 1974











Sulejmanija is called "Colorful Mosque" because of the unusual art decoration of the interior and exterior walls. It is located in Travnik, in the Lower Čaršija. In the ground floor of the mosque the bezistan (usually covered market for haberdashery and craftsmanship) can be found. Suleimanija is a unique example of Ottoman architecture as the same building is used both for religious and secular purposes.



Travnik Fortress





Travnik Fortress was built in the first half of the 15th century during the Bosnian kings Ostoja or Tvrtko II Kotromanić. It is not known how the Turks conquered it, but it is

known at they upgraded and expanded the fort. It is considered to be one of the best preserved fortresses in Bosnia and Herzegovina.



Vlašić

Vlašić is a mountain famous for its pastures cattle-breeding and cheese, overlooking the town of Travnik. Its highest peak is Paljenik with an elevation of 1,943m and it provides excellent conditions for skiing, snowboarding and other winter sports. It is also a popular destination for summer and eco tourism due to many hiking trails and areas of undisturbed wilderness.







The catacombs are situated inside the city walls. It is believed that duke Hrvoje Vukčević built it at the end of 14th century to serve as private church and mausoleum for him and his family. In 2003 Catacombs were officially declared a national monument of Bosnia and Herzegovina.







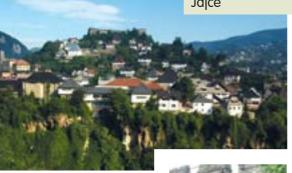








This city on confluence of rivers Pliva and Vrbas, was built in 14th century and served as the capital of the independent Bosnian Kingdom. Beside its natural beauty and unique architecture Jaice is famous for being a place where the 2nd session of the Anti-Fascist Council of the National Liberation of Yugoslavia was held on 29 November 1945. Resolutions ratified that BiH, as an equal federal unit, would enter Yugoslavia.













Pliva Lakes

Only a few kilometers from Jajce, in natural surroundings, Pliva River flows first into larger of two lakes, Veliko Plivsko Jezero (Big





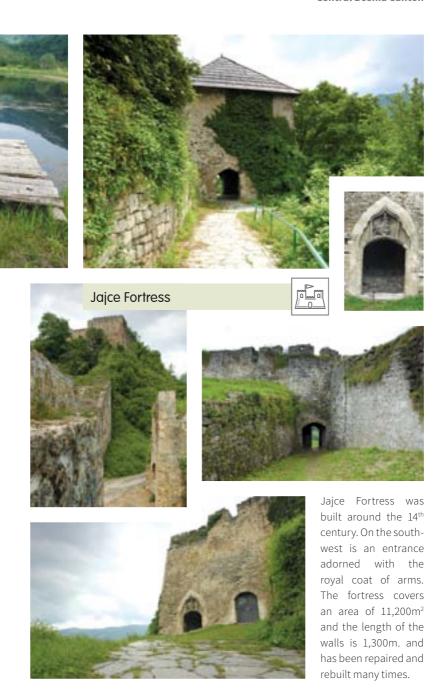








Pliva Lake), and then into smaller one Malo Plivsko Jezero (Little Pliva Lake). Besides amazing beauty these lakes offer opportunities for fishing, kayaking, canoeing, diving and swimming.



Šipovo



In addition to beautiful rivers Pliva and Janj, Šipovo is graced by the lush nature of the surrounding lakes, brooks and pastures. Šipovo is dominated by mountain Vitorog, which hides Vagan Cave at its foot of Vitorog. Approximately 20km away from the town is the rain forest Janj, one of the four rain forests in Europe.











Fojnica is a town know for spa tourism. It lies in the valley of the Fojnička River and besides spa it is famous for being the home of Holy Spirit Franciscan Monastery which houses an important part of the nation's cultural heritage, including a large library of philosophical and theological works from 16th to 19th centuries, with some dating back to 1481.



Bugojno

Bugojno is a town situated by the river Vrbas, 570m above sea level. To the west of the town is Koprivica region. This enormous forest was once one of Marshal Tito's favorite hunting spots. The uninhabited dense forest has created a sanctuary for wild animals and hunting associations are very active in this region.







Church of St. Mary with St. Luke Belfry

Church of St. Mary was built in the Romanesque style, which is characteristic of 11th to mid-13th century architecture. Until the mid 15th century church was without a belfry, or the former bell tower was demolished, and a new built when relics of St. Luke the Evangelist came to Jajce. The last Bosnian king Stjepan Tomašević was crowned in this church. It has not been operational since the late 19th century.





Prokoško Lake

Prokoško Lake is located 22km away from Fojinica, on the Vranica Mountain, at the altitude of 1,636m. This glacial lake is surrounded by mild slopes and fields ideal for comfortable hiking and is home to endemic species – blind cave salamander and endemic lizard – triton. Traditional shepherds settlement (known as *katun*) is being slowly turned into tourist place where anybody can come and enjoy traditional way of living.





HERZEGOVINA-NERETVA CANTON



Geographical position

Herzegovina-Neretva Canton is the only canton in Bosnia and Herzegovina with access to the Adriatic Sea at town of Neum. Mostar is the largest city in the Canton and the fifth largest city in the country. It is the biggest city in Herzegovina, southern region of Bosnia and Herzegovina and it is situated on Neretva river, the largest and one of the most beautiful rivers of the eastern part of the Adriatic basin. Herzegovina terrain varies from hilly karsts to heavily forested areas with fast flowing rivers and high mountains and sunny Adriatic coast.

Area: 4,401km²



Population

According to 2013 census, 236,278 people are living in Herzegovina Neretva Canton.



Climate

Because of its mild climate, Herzegovina is the largest and the only producer of grapes and wine in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Herzegovina-Neretva Canton is characterized by sub-Mediterranean and Mediterranean climate strongly influences by Adriatic Sea. The average annual temperature in Mostar is 15°C with January (5°C avg.) being the coldest month of the year and July (25.1°C avg.) the warmest.

Most parts of Herzegovina have warm summers and mild winters and average sea temperature in Neum (only Bosnian costal town) ranges from 12.5° C in February to 25° C in August.



Tourism Association of Herzegovina-Neretva Canton: www.hercegovina.ba

Accommodation



Being the Canton with multiple attractions and beautiful towns, Herzegovina Neretva Canton has a good selection accommodation facilities. Only in Mostar there are over 10 hotels and motels. In last two years two new luxury hotels, Mepas and Mostar, have been opened in city center.

There is a luxurious camp site Relax Garten on Buna river with both bungalows and trailer parking.

In Neum, beside hotel accommodation, there are numerous different possibilities and in Čapljina there is a 4-star Hotel Mogorjelo, that was used as a base by the crew of Danis Tanović's CIRKUS COLUMBIA (2010).

In addition ethno villages are offering possibilities of accommodation and different options for private accommodation are always opened, as people from Bosnia and Herzegovina are famous for their hospitality.

Getting there



By air

Mostar International Airport is located in the village of Ortješ, 7.4km south-southeast of Mostar's railway station. Currently, commercial flights operate from March till November to/from Italy and charter flights can be organized. The airport is capable and equipped to handle all aircrafts up to "C" category (maximum take-off weight 200 tons).

By road

A part of a motorway between Sarajevo and Mostar has been built and it should be fully completed in the following years. For now a highway is running through the Canton connecting it both to the seaside and central parts of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

There are two bus stations in Mostar, one next to the train station and another in its proximity, also in the north part of the city. Frequent buses run between Mostar and most cities in Bosnia and Herzegovina and regular lines are established between Mostar and Austria, Croatia, Germany, Montenegro and Serbia.

By rail

Trains operate between Mostar and Sarajevo, Zagreb and Ploče on daily basis. The scenery on the train ride between Mostar and Sarajevo is stunning and using the train for transport might show not only more picturesque but also cheaper. However, the facilities of the train stations and the trains are rather dated, and the bus provides a more comfortable journey.





Films shot here: THE **BATTLE ON RIVER** NERETVA (1969), Veljko Bulajić; THE PARTISAN'S ESCADRILLE (1979), Hajrudin Šiba Krvavac; THE HORSEMAN (2003), Branko Ivanda; THE LIVING AND THE DEAD (2007), Kristijan Milić; **CIRCUS COLUMBIA** (2010), Danis Tanović; **ON THE PATH** (2010), Jasmila Žbanić; INSIDE (2012), Namik Kabil; A STRANGER (2013), Bobo Jelčić; SABINA K. (2014),











Cristóbal Krusen.



Biščević's House



The Ottoman House or Bišćević's corner, is one of the most beautiful preserved residential structures from the Turkish period. It was built in 1635. Ottoman House rests (some parts on pillars of over 5m long) on the eastern banks of the Neretva. There is a conversation room (divanhana) preserved in authentic Ottoman style. Throughout the house there are original household objects and the courtyard is a fine example of the Ottoman style.





Tekke on River Buna

Buna is a short river, a left bank tributary of the Neretva River, and is characterized by a very beautiful karstic spring, emerging from huge cavern beneath a high vertical cliff. The source of the Buna River is the finest example of an underground karst river. Blagaj Tekke (a Sufi monastery) is situated right next to the source and is very important monument from early Ottoman period. It is the place where in special rituals Sufis celebrate God.



Čapljina

This town, situated on the west bank of Neretva River, was founded by Romans in 5th century BC. The municipality has a rich archaeological history.

Mogorjelo, a Roman villa rustica that dates from the early 4th century, is situated 5km



south of Čapljina and near Gabela, the city which Mexican scientist Robert Salinas Price claimed to be Ilios, the capital city of the State of Troy.



Konjic

This town, situated in mountainous, heavily wooded area, extends on both sides of the Neretva River and represents a kind of border between Bosnia and Herzegovina. One of the most promi-

nent monuments in the town is Old stone bridge built in 17th century and blown up by Wermacht in 1945. It was reconstructed after being declared national monument in 2003.











Hutovo blato

Hutovo blato Bird Reserve provides a unique oasis amongst the harsh arid karst of western Herzegovina. Largest reserve of its kind in this part of Europe is marshland, created by the underground aquifer system of the Krupa River. It is home to over 240 types of migratory birds and dozens that make their permanent home in these sub-Mediterranean wetlands. In the migration season, tens of thousands of birds fill this lake and its surroundings.



Jablanica





Jablanica is situated in the valley of the Neretva River, between the mountains Preni and Čvrsnica. on several terraces at an altitude of 202m. It has considerable natural resources such as water. minerals and forests and is characterized by great natural beauty, but is, actually, better known as a site of a great WWII battle - "Battle on Neretva" when Partisans, against all odds, managed to ensure the safety of its headquarters and a hospital and continue with their activities. Museum of "Battle of Neretva" was opened near the destroyed bridge, which is the symbol of the battle. In addition to the exhibition space in the museum building, there are lobby and small hall for temporary exhibitions, a large hall with 500 seats and a library with reading room.









Herzegovina Neretva Canton





Jablaničko Lake



Jablaničko Lake is a large artificially formed lake on Neretva river, right below city of Konjic where Neretva briefly expands into a wide valley. The lake has an irregular elongated shape. It is a popular destination for swimming, boating and especially fishing vacations. Weekend cottages have been built along the shores of the lake. Feature film ON THE PATH (2010) by Jasmila Žbanić was partially shot on Jablaničko lake.





Herzegovina Neretva Canton







Famous ARK D-0, Tito's bunker, one of the many military infrastructures existing in Bosnia and Herzegovina is located near Konjic. Building of this exclusive nuclear shelter that spreads over 3,000km² underground the mountain Prenj lasted for 26 years. It was intended to serve as a safe house for Tito and members of General Head-quarters in case of Third World War. In 2011 ARK D-0 became a home of Project Biennial, a project that aims to establish a hybrid museum, which would merge military museum with contemporary art museum. Also, ARK D-0 is becoming a popular location for film shootings and INSIDE (2012) by Namik Kabil was completely shot in it.



Neum is the only coastal town in Bosnia and Herzegovina. It is the country's only access to the Adriatic Sea (with 24.5km of coastline) 60km away from Dubrovnik, 70km from Mostar and Međugorje and 30km from Ploče and Metković, which makes it highly accessible from every side. The Adriatic Sea

from Split to Dubrovnik is gorgeous and very clean. The closed bay at Neum is protected from the strong open sea winds by the Pelješac Peninsula, and wonderfully calm. Neum is also home of the Neum Animated Film Festival that is held every year at the end of June.



Karađoz-beg's Mosque

Karađoz-beg's Mosque was built in 16th century by Mehmed beg Karađoz, the brother of Ottoman vizier Rustem Paša. The plans for the mosque were drawn up by famed Turkish architect, Mimar Sinan. It is characterized by high elegant minaret, big dome and yard with harem.











Herzegovina Neretva Canton



Old Town of Mostar



Mostar has architecturally noteworthy buildings in a wide range of styles. The Old city center, surrounding the Old Bridge, is built in Ottoman style and a number of early trading and craft buildings still exist, notably some low shops in wood or stone, stone storehouses, and a group of former tanneries round an open courtyard.











Herzegovina Neretva Canton







Stari Most

One of the most important features of Mostar, central city of Herzegovina-Neretva Canton, is Stari Most (Old Bridge), 16th century Ottoman bridge in the city center that crosses the river Neretva and connects two parts of the city. The Old Bridge stood for 427 years, until it was destroyed on 9 November 1993 during the last war. It was reconstructed and opened on July 23rd 2004.









Neretva is the largest river of the eastern part of the Adriatic basin. It has been harnessed and controlled to a large extent by four HE power-plants with large dams (higher than 15m) and their storage lakes, but it is still recognized for its natural beauty, diversity of its landscape and visual attractiveness.

Neretva





The Partisan Memorial Cemetery in Mostar



The Partisan Memorial Cemetery in Mostar, designed by Bogdan Bogdanović, was built in 1965 in honor of the Yugoslav Partisans of Mostar who were killed during World War II. It is unique monument in the urban scale of the city of Mostar, and is of particular ambient value.











This unique settlement built in the late 14th century and listed as a UNESCO heritage site represents one of the few urban ensembles in Bosnia and Herzegovina that were preserved in their integrity to the present times. Besides its stunning oriental architecture and Ottoman feel, Počitelj hosts the longest operating art colony in southeast Europe. Because of its exceptional beauty Počitelj is a highly valued shooting location. THE HORSEMAN (2003) by Branko Ivanda was partially shot here.















There is only one way to reach Neum from inside the country without entering Croatia — using the road known as Svitava, named after the village in its vicinity. The road is narrow and can be dangerous but is very scenic. The Hutovo Fortress (or Hadžibeg's Town), 19th century fortress that was protecting road to Dubrovnik, is located on this road.





Rama Lake

This artificial lake located 80km from Mostar covers the area of 15.2km². The water coming into the lake is clear and of pristine quality. In the middle of the lake lies Šćit Island with a Franciscan Monastery built in 15th century. As part of the monastery the House of Peace is functioning as a place for those looking for peace and quite, counseling or just fishing.









Stolac

This quaint, sunny southern town full of striking Ottoman architecture is built in the area that has been settled for at least 15,000 years, as evidenced by the markings in Badanj Cave, which experts have dated 12,000 - 16,000 BC.

Nine historical layers compose Stolac's architectural ensemble: prehistory, Illyrian-Roman period, the early Middle Ages, advanced and late Middle Ages, Ottoman period, Austro-Hungarian period, and the time of the first and second Yugoslavia. Stolac is home to "Furaj svoj film", summer workshops for children and youth organized by DeblokadaLab. The workshops, designed to further educate young population about film art and give them an opportunity to get involved in making a short film, have been held for the third consecutive year in summer of 2016.





Radimlja

Near the city of Stolac, in Vidovo polje, lies one of the most important Stećak necropolis - Radimlja. Stećak is the name for monumental medieval tombstones scattered across Bosnia and Herzegovina. They first appeared in the mid 12th century, reached their peak in the 14th and 15th century, and disappeared during the Ottoman occupation in the early 16th century. Radimlja is one of the most valu-

able monuments of medieval period of Bosnia and Herzegovina because of the diversity and presence of all basic forms among the great number of tombstones that can be found there. These tombstones are characteristic for relatively high artistic quality, plastic decorations and inscriptions mentioning the famous historical figures as well as unusual location and accessibility.





Međugorje

The name Međugorje literally means "between mountains". It is a town in northern Herzegovina that has been popular pilgrimage for Catholics from all over the world for more than 30 years. In 1981 six teenagers were playing on the barren hillside between the villages

of Međugorje and Bijakovići when Mother Mary appeared and spoke to them. There has been much controversy over the legitimacy of the visions for years and Pope recently denounced it, but this small Herzegovinian town has been greatly influenced by this event.

Vineyards

Because of its mild climate, Herzegovina is the largest and the only producer of grapes and wine in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Herzegovina is the land of sun and rocks, and its glades and vales are covered with shrubs and trees such as thorn-bush, oak, ash, common

maple, juniper and pine trees. One of the best known vineyards in Herzegovina Neretva Canton is Brkić, but important vineyards like Nuić and Vukoja can be found in other cantons (West Herzegovina Canton and Trebinje respectfully).



Fortress of Herceg Stjepan is a medieval town, built on the high point overlooking Blagaj on the grounds of late antique settlement. It is surrounded by strong walls and remains of smaller, older fortress can be found near it. The Fortress of Herceg Stjepan is also known as Old City of Blagaj. There is a legend about buried treasure (blago) of Herceg Stjepan somewhere in the town and because of it the town was named Blagaj.







WEST HERZEGOVINA CANTON



Geographical position

West Herzegovina Canton is located in south west of Bosnia and Herzegovina and surrounded by Čvrsnica mountain to the north, Croatia to the west and south, and the Herzegovina Neretva Canton to the east. The canton has three rivers: Lištica, Trebižat and Ričina; part of National Park Blidinje is part of it and its highest peak is Pločno on the Čvrsnica mountain is 2,228m high. Široki Brijeg is the center of the Canton.

Area: 1,363km²



Population

By the preliminary date provided by 2013 census, 94,898 people are living in West Herzegovina Canton.



Climate

West Herzegovina Canton has sub-mediterranean mountain climate influenced by sea from one and the mountains from the other side.

In Śiroki Brijeg the average temperature is 13.6°C with an average of 23.5°C in July (the warmest month) and 4.0°C in January (the coldest month).



Tourism Association of West Herzegovina Canton: www.visithercegovina.com



Accommodation

If staying in West Herzegovina Canton the best option is to stay in Široki Brijeg. There are two hotels in the town (including 4-star Hotel Park), motel and bed&breakfast. There is also a hotel per town in Ljubuški, Posušje and Grude.

Getting there

By air

If you are traveling by plane, the quickest way is to fly to Croatia, to towns of Dubrovnik or Split which are hour and a half and 2 hours away respectfully. It is also possible to fly to Sarajevo, but the ride from Sarajevo is over 2 hours.

There is also a possibility of organizing charter flights to Mostar airport, which is less than an hour ride from Široki Brijeg.



West Herzegovina, with it's nice weather and scenic routs, is ideal for road travel.

Modern bus station has been opened in Široki Brijeg in May, 2016. There are busses driving on everyday basis to different locations in Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina and on the weekly basis (or on several days per week) to Croatia, Austria and Germany.



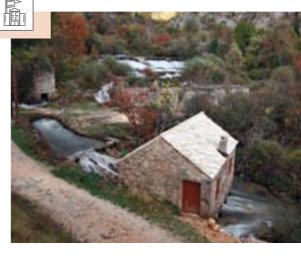
Films shot here: EAGLES
FLY EARLY (1966), Soja
Jovanović; LOVE AND
RAGE (1978), Bakir
Tanović; DONKEY (2009),
Antonio Nuić; CIRKUS
COLUMBIA (2010), Danis
Tanović; ON THE MILKY
ROAD (2016), Emir Kusturica; DEAD FISH FLOATH
ON THEIR BACKS (2016),
Kristijan Milić.





Široki Brijeg

Široki Brijeg, the administrative center of West Herzegovina Canton, has been inhabited since prehistoric times. It is located on the river Lištica, tributary of Neretva, and was also called Lištica for some time. Borak, source of river Lištica, iz one of the most popular picnic locations in Široki Brijeg. Široki Brijeg is home of Mediterranean Film Festival, focusing on documentary films.

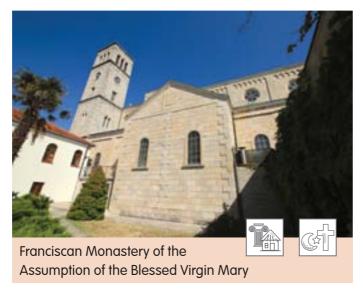












Salih-beg Bakamović gave a land for the building of the monastery as a gift to his loyal servants in late 19th century. The building of the first church was completed in 1860. In 1905 this church was demolished and in its place a new church in the

late Romanesque style was built following the design by Matteo Lorenzi. Today, the Monastery is used as a school center and in it's garden the World War II shelter built for the protection of the priests stands as a reminder of their tragic fate.



The Old Watermills

There are proofs of existence of watermills on the river spring Borak dating back from 12th century. These beautiful stone buildings that were used for producing flour for hundreds of years, became touristic attractions in latest years providing the much needed insight into the traditional way of living in Herzegovina.





Ljubuški



Ljubuški is a town populated by 29,521 people. It was mentioned for the first time in 1444. The name of the town originates from an ancient Slavic name Libuša – the name of the first wife of Herzeg Stjepan, the ruler of Herzegovina.



West Herzegovina Canton



Kravice Waterfall

Kravice Waterfall is located in village Studenci, close to Ljubuški. The waterfall is attractive both for tourists and locals as it is used for swimming as well as sightseeing. It is 120m wide and 28m high and is part of picturesque river Trebižat.



Herceg Etno Village



Herceg Ethno Village gives witness to a bygone time captured in the rugged land of Herzegovina. It is a hotel and resort complex spread over five acres of land with more







than 50 stone objects, including recreated and restored authentic Herzegovinian houses with an aim of preserving their ethnographic, historical and architectural value.



Posušje



Posušje, located 610m above sea level, has been known as a dry area throughout the history. Its name is derived from the word suša (drought) pointing to its water-supply problems. This problem was solved by building an artificial lake in Tribistovo in 1989.





Geographical position

Canton 10 is characterized by combination of mountainous region, that is part of the Dinaric Alps dating from the late Jurassic period, and some of the largest plains in the country (e.g. Livanjsko polje). Livno is the biggest city in the Canton and it is its cultural and industrial center. It is the executive center of the Canton, while Tomislavgrad is legislative center.

Area: 4,934km²



Population

By the 2013 census 90,727 people are living in Canton with 37,487 living in Livno and 33,032 living in Tomislavgrad.



Climate

Because of the effect of the Dinaric Alps, Canton 10 has more of a continental climate than the Hercegovina Neretva Canton and West Herzegovina Canton surrounding it. It has a stable continental climate with cold winters and hot summers



Tourism Association of Canton 10: www.hbzup.com





Accommodation

Options for accommodation in Canton 10 are not the best but they are still not inexistent. Both in Livno and Tomislavgrad it is possible to find hotel accommodation and it is possible to rent private accommodation all over the Canton. Also, there is a 4-star hotel Adria Ski on Kupres as well as ethno village Grabovica next to Buško Lake.



Getting there

By air

Airports in Bosnia and Herzegovina are pretty far away from Canton 10 but it is possible to use any of the airports in Federation (Sarajevo, Tuzla, Mostar) and continue the trip by a bus or a car.

By road

Using a car to get to and around Canton 10 is probably the best option as roads are pretty good, and uncommonly straight for Bosnia and Herzegovina. Also, traveling by

road is actually the only way to get there.

There are buses connecting Tomislavgrad to the rest of Bosnia and Herzegovina as well as Croatia, Germany and Austria every day. Buses from Livno also drive to different locations in the country and in Croatia.



Livno



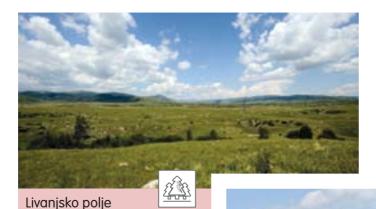
The plains of Livno have been populated since 2000 BC. The town developed on the road connecting Adriatic coast with inland. Old town of Livno was first mentioned in 892 and it's remains still exist in the town as well as the remains of antique architecture.

Tomislavgrad

Tomislavgrad is located in the place of Bronze Age town of Delminium that was inhabited by Illyrian tribe of Dalmatae. Tomislavgrad is also known by its former name Duvno and is the seat of the Assembly of Canton 10.



Nature Park Blidinje covers an area of 364km² in the municipalities Posušje, Tomislavgrad and Jablanica. The central part of the park is dominated by Dugo polje with Blidinje Lake. The lake area varies from 2.5 to 6km², and the average depth is about 1.9m. During arid years, the lake almost dries up.



Livanjsko polje (Livanjsko field), covering the area of 458.7km², is the largest karstic field in the world. It is a typical example of karst plateau, circled by tall peaks and mountain ranges, located at an average height of 720m above sea level. In Neolith, the field was underwater and several lakes still remain. Buško Blato has the largest accumulation of them all.



Bridge on Duman

Old stone Bridge on Duman, source of Bistrica River, was built during the Ottoman period, probably in the late 17th century. It is one of the symbols of Livno's architectural heritage.

Gorica Monastery

The plan for the St. Peter and Paul church was made by Franio Moise and revised by architect Josip Vancaš, who also designed Sarajevo Cathedral and many other churches and palaces in Bosnia, Croatia and Italy. Construction of the church began in 1854 and it was finished five years later. Monastery is famous for the collection of paintings by Gabrijel Jurkić, one of the greatest painters from Bosnia and Herzegovina who painted under the influence of Art Nouveau and pointillism. Jurkić, who was the first educated painter in the country, lived in Sarajevo for almost half a century before going back to his hometown of Livno and moving into the Gorica Monastery with his wife Stefanija.



Drvar



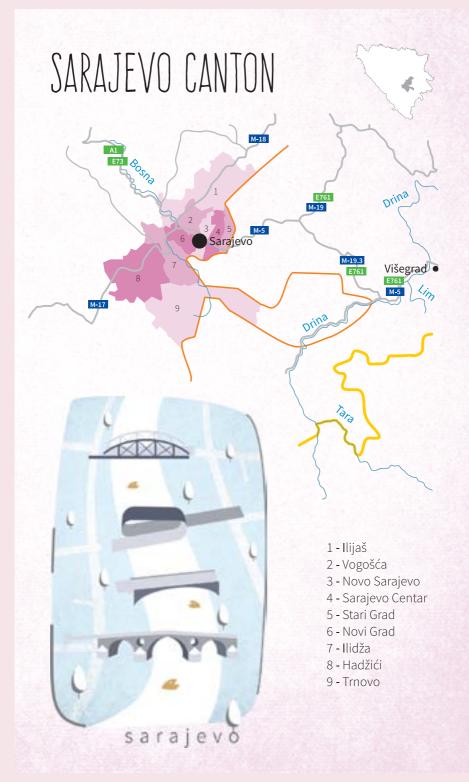
Drvar lies in the southeastern part of Bosanska Krajina in the vast valley between the mountains of the Dinaric Alps: Osječenica, Klekovača, Vijenca and Šator. This extremely hilly region, comprising the town of Drvar and the numerous outlying villages, covers approximately 1,030km². Drvar is perhaps most famous as the location of a daring airdrop Raid on Drvar, codenamed "Operation Rösselsprung", on May 25th, 1944 by Nazi invaders in an attempt to assassinate Tito. Museum "25. maj", together with Tito's cave form memorial complex that was declared national monument.

Adria Ski hotel and Ski Resort





Adria Ski hotel, situated on mount Kupres, is part of the wellness center equipped with a small swimming pool, two saunas and a gym. There is over 13km of ski tracks with 5 ski lifts (two-seater, four-seater, two lifts and baby lift) near the hotel. There is a motel Tikvica at the top of the ski tracks.



SARAJEVO CANTON



Geographical position

Sarajevo is situated close to the center of triangular shape of Bosnia and Herzegovina. It is situated in the area of Sarajevo Plain and surrounded by mountains. Average height above sea level of Sarajevo plain is 500m.

Area

City of Sarajevo: 141.5km² Sarajevo Canton: 1,280km²



Population

Since 2013 census, only preliminary results have been published, but the population of the city's four municipalities is estimated to be 291,422, whereas the Sarajevo Canton population is estimated at 438.443.



Climate

Sarajevo Canton is characterized by two larger climate areas: continental climate (below 600m above see level) and alpine climate (above 600m). The average annual temperature in Sarajevo is 9.5°C, with January (–4°C avg.) being the coldest month of the year and August (24°C avg.) the warmest. At the same time, on the mountains surrounding Sarajevo, average temperature is only 0.7°C, whereby highest temperature in summer time is only about 24°C, and the lowest winter temperature can go down to the minus 41°C.

Basically, all four seasons exist in Sarajevo Canton: from beautiful springs, warm summers, charming autumns and snowy winters.



Tourism Association of Sarajevo Canton:

www.sarajevo-tourism.com

Accommodation



Wide range of accommodation can be found In Sarajevo. In last few years some excellent hotels (including Marriott, Marriott Residency, Hotel Europe and Hotel Bristol) have been opened.

There are over dozen smaller local hotels all around the city and Canton as a whole and numerous guesthouses and hostels.

Private accommodation is becoming more and more popular in Sarajevo. You can find hundreds of options for short term rentals using popular websites like Airbnb.

If you are looking for cheap lodging for 10€ per night or all the way to exclusive accommodation you will have no problem finding what you're looking for.

Getting there

By air

Sarajevo International Airport, also known as Butmir Airport, is located 6.1km southwest of the Sarajevo bus station in the suburb of Butmir. Only in the last year 838,966 passengers travelled through the airport using regular scheduled flights, charter flights and cargo services.

By road

The main bus station is located very close to city center and it serves Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Denmark, France, Germany, Kosovo, Macedonia, Montenegro, Netherlands, Slovenia and Serbia, as well as destinations within Bosnia and Herzegovina.

It is also possible to arrive to the bus station in Eastern Sarajevo, as it is located on the outskirts of the city. Roads in Bosnia are often only a single lane in either direction, and due to the mountainous topography tend to be very windy so speed limits are lower (mostly 80kph). There are many tunnels, and you must always drive with your lights ON (day or night).

At the moment, the motorway is under construction and it is connecting Sarajevo with Zenica and part of the motorway towards Herzegovina has been put into use, also. Toll rates can be paid in cash (BAM or EUR) or by credit card.

By rail

Bosnia's rail infrastructure was badly damaged during the war and has yet to return to pre-war levels of operation. Currently it is mostly used for travel inside the country with the exception of the train to Zagreb (Croatia). Sarajevo's train station is right next the main bus station.





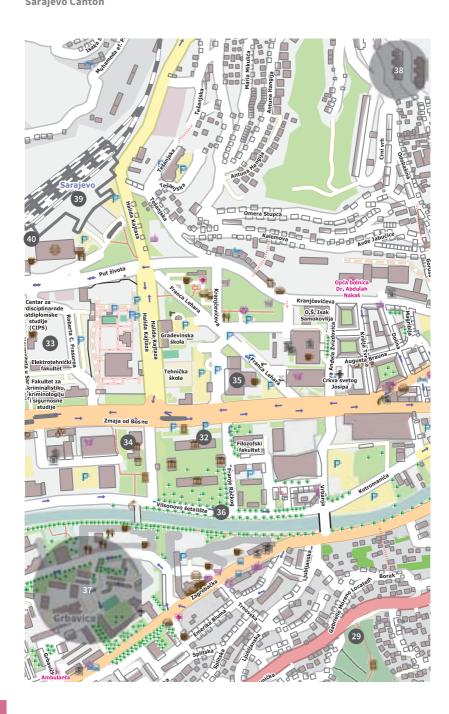




Sarajevo is the capital of Bosnia and Herzegovina and Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Canton Sarajevo includes municipalities: Center, Hadžići, Ilijaš, New Town, New Sarajevo, Old Town, Trnovo and Vogošća. The center of the Canton is City of Sarajevo that includes only four city municipalities: Center Sarajevo, Novi Grad, Novo Sarajevo and Stari Grad.



Canton has it's own government (as all the rest of the cantons) and City of Sarajevo has a Governor and City Council with 28 councilors.



Locations:

- 1. Latin Bridge
- 2. Šeher-ćehaja's Bridge
- 3. Drvenija
- 4. Čobanija
- 5. Festina Lente Bridge
- 6. Eiffel's Bridge
- 7. Svrzo's House
- 8. Despić's House
- 9. Old Jewish Temple
- 10. Brusa Bezistan
- 11. Sarajevo Museum 1878-1918
- 12. Old Orthodox Church
- 13. Baščaršija
- 14. Vijećnica
- 15. Emperor's Mosque
- **16.** Franciscan Church of St. Anthony of Padua
- 17. Sarajevo Brewery
- 18. Inat kuća
- 19. Konak
- **20.** Museum of Literature and Performing Arts of BiH
- 21. At Mejdan

- 22. Ashkenazi Synagogue
- 23. Bistrik Railway Station
- **24.** Congregational Church of the Holy Mother
- 25. Gazi Husrev Bey's Mosque
- 26. National Theatre
- 27. Metalac
- 28. Cathedral of Jesus' Sacred Heart
- 29. Old Jewish Cemetery
- **30.** Veliki park
- 31. Olympic Museum
- **32.** National Museum of Bosnia and Herzegovina
- 33. University Campus
- 34. Historic Museum of BiH
- **35.** Hotel Holiday
- 36. Wilson's Lane
- **37.** Grbavica
- 38. Gorica
- 39. Railway Station
- 40. Bus Station

Canton Sarajevo Municipalities: 1. Center 2. Hadžići 3. Ilidža 4. Ilijaš 5. New Town / Novi Grad 6. New Sarajevo / Novo Sarajevo 7. Old Town / Stari Grad 8. Trnovo 9. Vogošća



OLD TOWN SARAJEVO

According to the archeological findings, first settlements in Sarajevo appeared in Bronze Age. One of

those settlements was Gradac, situated in the area of Old Town municipality in Sarajevo. In the area of the Old Town, the town of Sarajevo was founded by Isa-beg Ishaković in $15^{\rm th}$ century.

Besides being the oldest of four city municipalities, Old Town is highly interesting because of very evident mixture of cultures visible in both architecture and dynamics of daily routines.

Area: 57.07km²
Population: 42,509



Bridges

Starting at the eastern entrance into the city, eight bridges are built over the river Miljacka in the city center: Šeher-ćehaja's Bridge, Tzar's Bridge, Latin Bridge, Ćumurija, Drvenija, Čobanija, Festina Lente and Eiffel's Bridge. Most of them are built in different styles ranging from Ottoman stone and wooden bridges, to industrial style constructions and its latest bridge Festina Lente built in 2012.





The Sarajevo Museum

The Sarajevo Museum consists of the main building, with depots, and five dependencies: Svrzo's House, the Despić House, the Jewish Museum, the Brusa Bezistan, and the Museum of Sarajevo 1878-1918.

The **Svrzo's House** represents the lifestyle of an urban Muslim family in the late 18th and throughout the 19th century. It is a typical example of the architecture of that period, with its division into the *selamluk* or public quarters and the *haremluk* or private, family quarters. It was purchased from the Svrzo family, refurbished and opened to the public in the 1960s. It was used as a shooting location for WALTER DEFENDS SARAJEVO (1975) by Hajrudin Šiba Krvavac.

The **Despić's House** belonged to the wealthy Orthodox Christian Despić family, which donated the house to the City. The oldest part of the house dates to the 17th century, but it was built in several stages at three different periods.

The **Old Jewish Temple** (Il kal grandi) was built in 1581 when Sephardic Jews moved to Sarajevo. The oldest synagogue in Sarajevo is three-storied square building surrounded by cobbled yard and hight walls. After 1966 restauration, the Old Temple became the Jewish Museum.



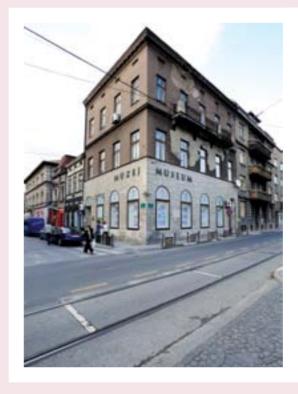






Bezistan was Brusa erected in 1551 by Rustem Pasha and was used for selling the silk that Rustem Pasha himself produced in Bursa. It is rectangular in plan, stone built, and roofed with six domes plus two smaller domes. The massive piers within the bezistan are structural: above them are the small domes used to house archive documents and sicils (court records).

Sarajevo Museum 1878-1918 houses the permanent exhibition of Sarajevo from 1878 to 1918, displaying Sarajevo during the Austro-Hungarian period.







Old



Orthodox Church

The Church of the Holy Archangels Michael and Gabriel, also known as the Old Orthodox Church, was first mentioned in Ottoman sources dating from 1539, but was built on older foundations. It has interesting layout solution, as the width is greater than the length and central part of the church is surrounded by arches and a gallery.



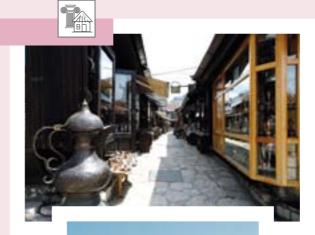




The bell tower was erected in 1883 and reconstructed in 1960, when it acquired its present appearance. The church, together with churchyard and Museum building with valuable collection of icons dating from 13th to 19th century and different types of manuscripts, was named National Monument of Bosnia and Herzegovina in 2006.

Baščaršija

Baščaršija, the most charming part of the city, has been trading and mercantile center since its foundation in 1462. Today it is one of the most popular parts of the city amongst the tourists and in 1972 it was one of the main locations for the shooting of WALTER DEFENDS SARAJEVO (1975) by Hajrudin Šiba Krvavac.









Vijećnica

Vijećnica is the most lavish building constructed in Sarajevo during the period of Austro-Hungarian rule. It was designed in 1891 by the Czech architect Karel Parik in a stylistic blend of historical eclecticism, predominantly in the pseudo-Moorish expression. It was burned down in 1992 by Serbian forces surrounding the city. Restoration and rebuilding of Vijećnica was finished in 2014. THE DAY THAT SHOOK THE WORLD (1975) by Veljko Bulajić was partly shot in Vijećnica.





The Goat's Bridge

The Goat's Bridge is a large 16th century stone bridge that crosses the Miljacka River to the east of Sarajevo. It can be reached by the walkway that stretches for 8km along what was once the rugged Miljacka Canyon.







Emperor's Mosque







The founder of Sarajevo, Isa-beg Ishaković, ordered the building of the mosque in 1460 to honor the Sultan Mehmed II. It served as one of the first places of worship for Sarajevo's Muslims.











Franciscan Church of St. Anthony of Padua



The church was built in 1914 in the Neo-Gothic style, based on designs by Josip Vancaš. The Church complex includes a monastery an 43-meter-high bell tower.









Sarajevo Brewery

The Sarajevo Brewery was founded in 1864 and it is believed to be the first industrial production in Bosnia and Herzegovina. The present location of the Brewery dates back to 1881. It was built at the source of the best Sarajevo water pumped from the depth of 300m. During the war the spring in the Brewery was one of the most important water sources in the town. In 2004, the Sarajevo Brewery opened Pivnica HS Restaurant within its building.



Inat kuća / The House of Spite

This house became famous during Austro-Hungarian Occupation, when new rulers decided to build the City Hall. To do it, they had to demolish the house, but the owner wouldn't allow it and demanded the house to be moved to the other side of the river in its original form. Today it works as a restaurant of the national cuisine.



Alifakovac Cemetery









Cemeteries in Sarajevo are often incorporated in city landscape. One of the most beautiful is Alifakovac Cemetery known for its Ottoman turbes (domelike tombs with four pillars) and splendid view of the City.





Konak

Konak (tur. Konaka - home, castle, lodging...) is three-story residential building built in 1869 for Turkish governor Topal Osman Pasha. Besides Ottoman. it was used in Austro-Hungarian and later regimes as a residency for politicians and visiting diplomats - guests of the city, for meetings and seminars. After the Second World War, the building became the personal Sarajevo residence of Yugoslav president Josip Broz Tito and since 1992 has been used by the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina for holding state receptions and accommodating senior foreign delegations while visiting the country. There is a beautiful garden in front of the building and interior is functional, furnished with superbly crafted furniture and high value artifacts





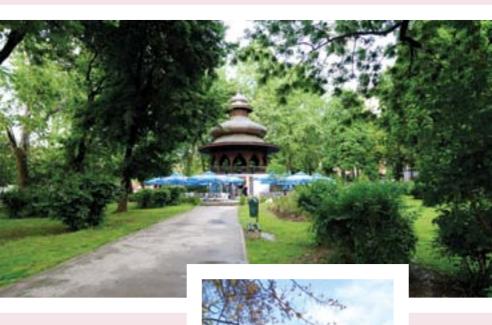
Museum of Literature and Performing Arts of Bosnia and Herzegovina

The Museum was established in 1961 as the Museum of Literature, and sixteen years later the Performing Arts part was added. The museum is housed in Despić's House.



At Mejdan / Music Pavilion





Located on the left bank of the Miljacka River in the heart of old Sarajevo, At Mejdan is a 2,500km² park. A music pavilion built in 1913, in the accordance with Josip Pospilš's design, dominates the center of the complex. The pavilion was destroyed during the Second World War and then totally rebuilt in 2004. After the reconstruction it has been turned into a café and it still serves as one.





Ashkenazi Synagogue

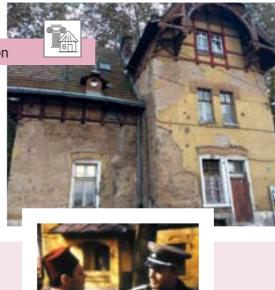
Ashkenazi Synagogue is the third largest synagogue in Europe and Sarajevo's only operational synagogue. It was designed by Karl Paržik in 1902 and built in Pseudo-Moorish style.

Bistrik Railway Station

Bistrik Railway Station is located in Bistrik, it was part of the so-called Eastern Railway to Ustiprača, Uvac, Višegrad and later to Belgrade. The station was built in 1906 and it was in use until the abolition of the railway in 1973. It is a two-story buildings built out of brick following the same project as a several other stations in Bosnia and Herzegovina inspired by "alpine" style typical for Austro-Hungarian Empire, and designed by unknown architect. Station is in a pretty bad shape, partly because of the war and partly due to the negligence. Busy transit street is standing in the place of the old

railroad. Bistrik Railway Station appeared in several partisan films, including the famous scene from WALTER DEFENDS SARAJEVO when German officers try stopping the train Walter took control of.

Film: "Smell of Quinces







Kovači

Kovači is a neighborhood in Sarajevo, located on the right bank of the Miljacka River between Baščaršija and Vratnik. Cemetary Kovači dates back to 15th century. It had about 400 graves when it was turned into park in 1878, during the Austro-Hungarian occupation. It was put into use once again during the 1992-1995 war as a burial site for Bosnian Army fighters. First president of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Alija Izetbegović, is buried in Kovači cemetery.



Jajce kasarna





Jajce kasarna was a military barrack and a hospital for the Austrian-Hungarian soldiers stationed in Bosnia and Herzegovina built between 1912 and 1914 on top of the hill in the old town of Sarajevo. During the 1992-1995 war, Jajce kasarna was used by Army of RBiH and was badly damaged, the state it remains in till today.

















Congregational Church of the Holy Mother



Built in 1868 by the Macedonian architect Andrija Damjanov, Congregational Church is the largest Orthodox Church in Sarajevo. The interior features elaborate ornamentation and paintings.



Gazi Husrev Bey's Mosque



Built in 16th century, Gazi Husrev Bey's Mosque has been bequeathed to the city by it's founder, along with substantial buildings. It is the largest

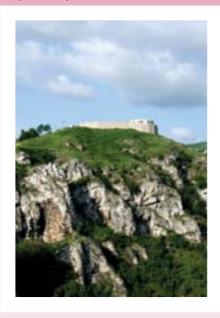




historical mosque in Bosnia and Herzegovina and one of the most representative Ottoman structures in the Balkans.



Bijela tabija



Bijela tabija (White Fort) is a 16th century fort overlooking historic core of Sarajevo. It is a protruding part of the wall of what was historically known as the old Vratnik City. It is made of stone and it used to house a guncrew and an ammunition storage. Its thick walls have openings for cannons.

Žuta tabija



Žuta tabija (Yellow Fort) is a smaller fort which was part of the protective wall of what was known as the old Vratnik city. It is the cannon fortress at Jekovac. It is still used as a cannon fortress during the Ramadan when time for *iftar* (end of daily fast) is announced by a shot from the cannon.





Films shot here (selected list): FRAME FOR MY LOVE (1968), Mirza Idrizović: **WALTER DEFENDS** SARAJEVO (1972), Hajrudin Šiba Krvavac; THE SMELL OF QUINCES (1982), Mirza Idrizović; WHEN FATHER **WAS AWAY ON BUSINESS** (1985), Emir Kusturica; TIME OF GYPSIES (1988), Emir Kusturica; WELCOME **TO SARAJEVO** (1997), Michael Winterbottom; THE PERFECT CIRCLE (1997), Ademir Kenović; REMAKE (2003), Dino Mustafić; SUMMER IN THE GOLDEN VALLEY (2003), Srđan Vuletić; DAYS AND HOURS (2004), Pjer Žalica; TOTALLY PERSONAL (2005), Nedžad Begović; WELL TEMPERED CORPSES (2005), Benjamin Filipović; GO WEST (2005), Ahmed Imamović; GHOSTS **OF SARAJEVO** (2006), Dejan Radonić; GRBAVICA (2006), Jasmila Žbanić; MUM'N'DAD (2006), Faruk Lončarević; NAFAKA (2006), Jasmin Duraković: SKIES **ABOVE THE LANDSCAPE** (2006), Nenad Đurić; THE **HUNTING PARTY** (2007), Richard Shepard; IT'S HARD TO BE NICE (2007), Srđan Vuletić; NIGHTGUARDS (2008), Namik Kabil;





















SEVDAH FOR KARIM (2010). Jasmin Duraković: THE ABANDONED (2010). Adis Bakrač; 1395 DAYS WITHOUT RED (2011). Šejla Kamerić; IN THE **LAND OF BLOOD AND** HONEY (2011), Angelina Jolie; TWICE BORN (2012), Sergio Castelitto; BODY **COMPLETE** (2012), Lucas Sturm; CHILDREN OF SARAJEVO (2012), Aida Begić; KRIVINA (2012), Igor Drljača; WITH MOM (2013), Faruk Lončarević; **BRIDGES OF SARAJEVO** (2014), Aida Begić, Leonardo Di Costanza, Jean-Luc Godard, Kamen Kalev, Isild Le Besco, Sergei Loznitsa, Vincenzo Marra, Ursula Meier, Vladimir Perišić, Cristi Puiu, Marc Recha, Angela Schanelec, Teresa Villaverde: **NINE POSITIONS OF** LONELINESS (2014), Enver Puška: POLITICS AND OTHER CRIMES (2014), Kenan Musić; RACKET (2014), Admir Buljugić; SABINA K. (2014), Cristobal Krusen; OUR EVERYDAY LIFE (2015), Ines Tanović; **DEATH IN SARAJEVO**

(2016), Danis Tanović; **MY AUNT IN SARAJEVO** (2016), Goran Kapetanović.

National Theatre

The building of the Theater was built in 1897, and, although it was planned as a theater building from the beginning, during the Austro-Hungarian rule it was used as "Gentlemen's Club" in which theatrical performances



could be held. Stylistically, it is historicist neo-Renaissance building, inspired by Prague National Theatre and Vienna Stock Exchange building. It was designed by Czech architect Karlo Paržik, who redecorated it once again in 1921 when "Gentlemen's Club" was turned into National Theatre. Today, besides being the central theatre in Bosnia and Herzegovina, it is known as one of the main venues of Sarajevo Film Festival.



Metalac



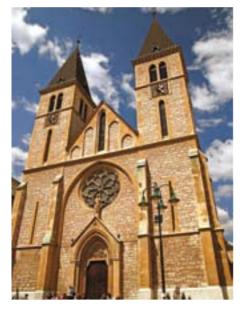
Metalac is a school yard of First Gymnasium. During the school year it is used by the Gymnasium and has football, basketball and volleyball fields drawn on it. During the rest of the year it is used for concerts and similar events. In the last 20 years it became famous as Sarajevo Film Festival Open Air Cinema where more than 2,500 people watch films under the stars during the 10 days in August.







Cathedral of Jesus' Sacred Heart





The Cathedral was designed by Josip Vancaš and built in the Neo-Gothic style. It has been the seat of the Archbishop of Vrhbosna since its foundation in 1889.





Old Jewish Cemetery

The Old Jewish Cemetery, that lies on the slopes of Trebević mountain, is the second largest Jewish cemetery in Europe. It was in use from the beginning of the 16th or 17th century until 1966. It contains more than 3,850 tombstones and covers an area of 31,160m².







Veliki Park (The Big Park) is the largest green area in the center of Sarajevo. It is crisscrossed by little paths and centuries-old *nišans* (tombstones), which provide evidence of the fact that a Muslim graveyard used to be here. Monument dedicated to the Children of Sarajevo who were killed during the 1992-1995 war in BiH was built at the lower side of the Park.



Founded with the aim of preserving the memory of the organization and realization of the XIV Winter Olympic Games, The Olympic Museum of BiH was housed in prominent villa designed by the famous

Czech Architect, Karl Paržik, for Nikola Mandić, a Sarajevo lawyer and politician. On April 27th 1992 the Olympic Museum was hit by grenades and it still hasn't been reconstructed.





National Museum in Sarajevo was established in 1888, during the Austro-Hungarian rule, but the construction of the building hasn't begin until 1909, when the first sketch of the museum was made. The architect Karlo Paržik designed a structure of four symmetric pavilions with



a facade in the Italian Renaissance Revival style, linked by terraces, with a beautiful botanical garden in the middle. This is the only purpose-built museum building from this period in the Region.





University Campus / Marshall Tito Army Barracks



University Campus is located on the grounds of ex-army barracks named after Marshall Tito. Karl Paržik and Ludwig Huber designed it in neoclassicist style

with secession elements during the Austro-Hungarian rule. It was heavily damaged during the 1992-1995 war and some parts of it still haven't been reconstructed. Besides

being repurposed as a University Campus, part of the Marshall Tito Army Barracks has been sold and turned into US Embassy in BiH.





Historical Museum of Bosnia and Herzegovina

The Museum was founded in 1945 as "National Liberation Museum in Sarajevo." In 1994 it was renamed Historical Museum of Bosnia and Herzegovina. The building of the Museum was designed in 1959 by Boris Magaš, Edo Šmidihen and Radovan Horvat and it represents unique example of the international style in architecture. With its dominant cube-like building and minimal clean forms it is distinguished in the panorama of the city of Sarajevo.









Hotel Holiday





For years Hotel Holiday Inn used to be a symbol of Sarajevo - first during the 1984 Olympic Games and then during the 1992-1995 war when it was used as a base for foreign journalist. After the war it was used as a base for many film productions including IN THE LAND OF BLOOD AND HONEY (2011) by Angelina Jolie and DEATH IN SARAJEVO (2016) by Danis Tanović, which was also shot there. Hotel was struggling for years and even went into bankruptcy at one point, but in 2016 it was bought by Hotel Europe Group, renamed Holiday and is continuing with work

Wilson's Lane





most popular walking avenue in the center of Sarajevo, the Wilson's Lane, stretches along the Miljacka River and was laid out during the Austroperiod. Hungarian Both sides of the Lane are lined with thick rows of trees, planted at the beginning of the 20th century, making it a green oasis in the center of Sarajevo.

Grbavica





Grbavica is modern residential neighborhood in Sarajevo built in fifties and sixties by the authorities of Socialist Yugoslavia, on the west back of the Miljacka river. Grbavica stadium, the stadium of Željezničar, the older of the two Sarajevo Premier League football clubs, with the capacity of 12,000 seats is located in Grbavica. During the 1992-1995 war, Grbavica was occupied almost from the start by the Army of the Republic of Srpska and remained under Serb control throughout the siege. GRBAVICA (2006) by Jasmila Žbanić was inspired on events that happened in the city, especially in Grbavica, during the last war.



Gorica and Zetra Olympic Hall

Gorica is a residential neighborhood on the Koševo hill partially populated by Roma population. It was the shooting location of many films including the cult film DO YOU REMEMBER DOLLY BELL (1981) by Emir Kusturica. It consists of narrow streets going down to the Ali Paša's Mosque on one and Marijin Dvor on the other side and overlooks Sarajevo and Zetra Olympic Hall, which was constructed for 1984 Olympics. Zetra, once known





as "ultramodern, angular edifice" with a copper roof, was completely destroyed at the beginning of 1992-1995 war and the remaining areas of the building, predominantly basements were put into service as a morgue. Zetra has been reconstructed in 1999, but a graveyard, established in what was once part of the Olympic Sports Complex, is standing as a reminder of the tragedy the building was part of.

Skakavac Waterfall

Skakavac Waterfall is situated 12km away from Sarajevo, above the Nahorevo village. It is 98m high and it descends in many small waterfalls, drops and smaller water particles, making it one of the most beautiful and highest waterfalls in Bosnia and Herzegovina.



Dobrinja

Dobrinja is a neighborhood in Sarajevo, on the eastern outskirts of the town. First part of the neighborhood was built for 1984 Olympic Games and it is walking distance from Sarajevo International Airport, Because of it's position, it was almost completely surrounded and separated from rest of the city during the last war. Between March and June of 1993 Bosnian Army constructed Sarajevo Tunnel (known as Tunnel of Hope) in order to connect Sarajevo, which was entirely cut off by Serbian forces, with the Bosnian-held territory on the other side of the Sarajevo Airport, an area controlled by the United Nations. The tunnel linked Dobrinja and Butmir, allowing food, war supplies, and humanitarian aid to come into the city, and allowing people to get out. After the war, house that served as the entrence to the Sarajevo Tunnel was transformed into Sarajevo Tunnel Museum where visitors can still walk down a small length of the tunnel (approximately 20m).









Alipašino polje















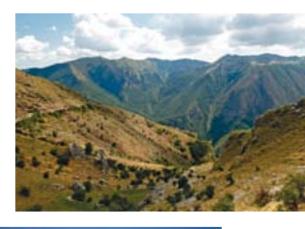
Vrelo Bosne is a public park surrounding the spring of the Bosna River. It is situated at the foothills of the Mount Igman on the outskirts of Sarajevo and is usually entered by foot or by horsecarriage via the 3km straight main avenue (Velika Aleja) leading into it. The avenue itself contains traditional buildings from the Austro-Hungarian era offering a peek into the luxuries of the past.





Rakitnica River Canyon

Rakitnica River Canyon is one of the deepest and most profound gorges in Europe lined with endemic types of flora and fauna the entire length of the canyon. The crystal clear water, fed by the high mountains above, is potable for the whole length of the canyon region.



Igman



Situated directly to the south-west of Sarajevo, bordering Bielašnica mountain and Ilidža, Igman is the shortest of the Sarajevo mountains (its highest point, Vlahinja Ridge, is 1,502m). It is a popular destination for hiking and skiing. There are numerous structures on Igman dating from the Olympic time, both functional and in ruins as a consequence of the 1992-1995 war. Igman was the location of the lowest recorded temperature in the region, -43°C.



Hotel Igman



Built for the 1984 Winter Olympics this hotel with 162 rooms used to be a symbol of mountain tourism and luxury. It was destroyed during the last war and today it stands in ruins as a symbol of the devastation caused during the war and siege of Sarajevo.





Bjelašnica is found directly to the south west of Sarajevo, bordering Mt. Igman. Bjelašnica's tallest peak rises to an elevation of 2,067m. Only 20 minutes outside of Sarajevo, it is a popular tourist attraction for hiking and skiing. Bielašnica's base is largely forested, however there are no trees above the 1.500m tree line. There are numerous trails set up and maintained by local mountain clubs that lead to the bald peaks higher up. The mountain's name stems from the root bijel, which means

Bjelašnica





Lukomir

"white"







The only remaining traditional seminomadic Bosniak mountain village in Bosnia and Herzegovina, the village of Lukomir, with its unique stone homes with cherry-wood roof tiles, is the highest and most isolated mountain village in the country, situated at almost 1,500m. It is impossible to access the village after the first snows in December until late April and sometimes even later, except by skis or on foot. A newly constructed lodge can receive guests.











EAST SARAJEVO REGION



Geographical position

East Sarajevo Region lies in the Sarajevo valley, in the middle of the Dinaric Alps. East Sarajevo consists of a few pre-war suburban parts of Sarajevo, which are now in Republic of Srpska, and newly built areas. Heavily forested hills and five major mountains surround the city.

Area: 5,260km²



Population

Preliminary reports of 2013 census show that 193,911 people are living in East Sarajevo Region.



Climate

East Sarajevo Region has a mild continental climate characterized by four seasons with long and warm summers and cold winters. The average yearly temperature is 9.5°C, with January (-1.3°C avg.) being the coldest month of the year and July (19.1°C avg.) the warmest. The highest recorded temperature was 40°C in 1946, while the lowest recorded temperature was -26°C in 1942.



Tourism Association of East Sarajevo: www.turizam-isa.ba



Accommodation

Most of the accommodation in East Sarajevo, especially luxury hotels, is located on Mount Jahorina. Everything from newly built Hotel Termag, to Hotel Bistrica, which was built for the Olympic Games and served as a main location for 2017 Alen Drljević's MEN DON'T CRY, can be found there. Numerous smaller hotels and mountain cottages are also available.

Two hotels are available in Višegrad: hotel Andrićev konak and hotel Vilina Vlas. The latter has a dark past – Serb Army used it as concentration and rape camp during the 1992-1995 war. FOR THOSE WHO CAN TELL NO TALES (2013) by Jasmila Žbanić was shot in this hotel.

Smaller hotels and motels are also available in other municipalities of East Sarajevo Region.



Getting there

By air

Sarajevo International Airport is located less than 3km from East Sarajevo and 120km from Višegrad making it East Sarajevo airport and a logical starting point for the trip to Višegrad and other smaller municipalities in the Region.

By road

The bus station in East Sarajevo is located very close to the entity boarder and Sarajevo and serves Montenegro and Serbia, as well

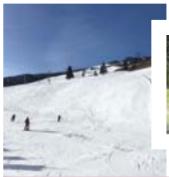
Films shot here:
SUTJESKA (1973), Stipe
Delić; FOR THOSE WHO
CAN TELL NO TALES
(2013), Jasmila Žbanić;
MEN DON'T CRY (2017),
Alen Drljević.

as destinations within Republic of Srpska.

It is also possible to arrive to the main bus station in Sarajevo, as it is located 9km from the East Sarajevo.

It is possible to arrive by car to East Sarajevo from Sarajevo and all the same routes apply. Highway M5 connects Sarajevo, East Sarajevo and Višegrad and continues to Belgrade. It travels through the mountains partly and is not in the best shape ever but is very scenic and beautiful.









Jahorina

Like Sarajevo's other three mountains, Igman, Bjelašnica and Trebević, Jahorina is a popular destination for a variety of outdoor sports and activities. During the 1984 Winter Olympics, Jahorina

was the site of the women's alpine skiing events. Today, Jahorina remains a popular destination for skiing, hiking, and sledding, with over 40km of ski trails and modern facilities.

Orlovača Cave

Orlovača Cave is a unique speleological attraction which has been inhabited by ancient cave bear 16,000 years ago. The cave is decorated by delicate stone draperies of various shapes and colors and it has perfectly designed petrified "waterfalls". Today, it is the habitat of the most endangered group of mammals in Europe - cave bat.







Romanija

Romanija is a mountain and geographical region in eastern Bosnia and Herzegovina, including the towns of Pale, Sokolac, and Han Pijesak. It has a pretty large plain characterized by lots of snow and fog during the winter.

East Sarajevo Region







Borike

Borike stables were established in 1895 for the cultivation of the Bosnian mountain and the Arab horses. It is the only stable of this kind in the Balkans. Riding school is organized regularly as well as carriage rides in summer and sleigh rides in winter.

Vukov konak



Vukov konak (Wolf's Inn) is a 100 years old log house traditional to the region. Abandoned family house was moved to its current plot in 2009 from the original site, on a nearby mountain. Ethno villages and traditional houses are getting more and more popular all around Bosnia and Herzegovina.



The Kaljina River's Rapids

Before it joins the Bioštica river, water of Kaljina has made an ideal bathing spot. In the crack of steep cliffs, the power of the waterfall created 10m deep natural pool. The waterfall is protected from the wind by forest and other natural barriers.



Memorijalni park Vraca









Memorijalni park Vraca (The Vraca Memorial Park) is a 78,000m² park dedicated to the World War II victims in Sarajevo. It combines the work of designer Vladimir Dobrović with Austro-Hungarian fortress and works of sculptor Alija Kučukalić and landscaper Aleksandar Maltarić. It has been damaged during the last war.







Trebević

During the Middle Ages, Trebević was known as Zlatni Do. During the 1984 Winter Olympics it was used for a number of Olympic events, such as bobsledding. There are numerous hotels. mountaineering homes, and other such structures on Trebević and the immediate area. Although the most of the land mines are

now cleared, Trebević is still not as important tourist destination as Igman or Bjelašnica, but it is showing signs of progress. At Zlatište. on the road to Trebević, Sunnyland, an amusement park with alpine roller coaster, has been opened in 2016 and there are plans for further development of the mountain tourism.









Sarajevo Olympic Bobsleigh and Luge Track

The Bobsleigh and Luge Track on Trebević is one more remnant from the 1984 Winter Olympics. After the Winter Olympics, it was used for World Cup competitions until the start of the 1991-1995 war. The track

was damaged during the Siege of Sarajevo as it was used as an artillery position by Bosnian Serb forces. Today, the tracks still remain in ruins and are mostly used for extreme sports and by graffiti artists.





Turovi and Kazani

Village Turovi has always been the starting point for the hikers wishing to relax on the beautiful mountain Treskavica. Next to village Turovi river Željeznica enters a narrow canvon 2m wide and 12m deep. The canyon is known as Kazani be-

cause it consists of

cauldrons (kazani) in

which it seems that water literally boils. These days Kazani are getting more attention again as crimes against citizens of Sarajevo (predominantly Serbs) committed here by Caco, one of the commanders of Bosnian Army, are getting back into spotlight.



Foča



Foča is a town on the Drina river that was known as Hotča during medieval times. It was then known as a trading centre on route between Dubrovnik and Istanbul. It was a city with distinctive architecture of typical Bosnian small town in oriental spirit, but it was heavily damaged during the 1992-

1995 war. During this period almost all existing cultural heritage of Muslims was destroyed, including Aladža Mosque, built in 1549, one of the most beautiful Bosnian mosques and the first mosque built in classical Ottoman style. The municipality is also the site of the legendary Battle of Sutjeska.

Sutjeska National Park

The Sutjeska National Park is the oldest national park in Bosnia and Herzegovina. It includes the highest peak of Maglić at over 2,386m on the border with Montenegro.





The Strict Nature Reserve "Perućica", one of the last two remaining primeval forests in Europe, is part of the park. The park is also famous as being the location of the Battle of the Sutjeska in 1943 during World War II and later as a shooting location for SUTJESKA by Stipe Delić. Several large Partisan Memorial stone monuments at the northern edge of the Park, at Tjentište, commemorate this famous battle.

Čajniče

Čajniče is one of the most picturesque villages, first mentioned back in 1477. Medieval town of Samobor has been built in 1379 (close to Međuriječje) only 15km from what is know as Čajniče to-





Višegrad

Višegrad is a town located at the far east of Republic of Srpska, 16km from the border with Serbia. The oldest traces of life in this area were discovered during the period of Illyrians (1500 BC), but it was first mentioned in 1433 when it belonged to ruling house of Pavlović.

The town includes the Ottoman-era Mehmed Paša Sokolović Bridge, a UNESCO world heritage site, and 14th century Dobrun Monastery is located 12km away from the town.





Mehmed-paša Sokolović Bridge

Mehmed-paša Sokolović Bridge was built between 1571 and 1577 by the famous Turkish architect Mimar Sinan. The bridge consists of 11 arches with mild ascend towards the middle section and the exit dock on the left coast.





Andrićgrad



Andrićgrad (Andrić-town) is the stone town inspired by the literary works and characters of Nobel Prize winner Ivo Andrić.





The complex was envisioned by film director and Golden Palm Winner Emir Kusturica and built on a peninsula between the rivers Drina and Rzav

BANJA LUKA REGION M-16 Una M-15 Sava M-16.1 Banja Luka Bosna 1 - Bosanska Gradiška 2 - Srbac 3 - Laktaši 4 - Prnjavor 5 - Banja Luka 6 - Čelinac 7 - Skender Vakuf 8 - Kotor Varoš 9 - Petrovac 10 - Istočni Drvar 11 - Ribnik 12 - Mrkonjić Grad 13 - Jezero Jajce 14 - Šipovo banja luka 15 - Kupres

BANJA LUKA REGION

Geographical position



Banja Luka, the second largest city of Bosnia and Herzegovina and capital of the Republic of Srpska is situated in the northwest of the country and swamped between lush green hills and a darting Vrbas river.

Area: 6,601.98km²



Population

Preliminary results of 2013 census show that 441,115 citizens are living in Banja Luka with 50,000 more living in the wider area.



Climate

A continental climate, characterized by harsh winters, warm summers and strong winds from the north and northeast, is typical for Banja Luka. The average annual temperature is 9.5°C, with January (0.8°C avg.) being the coldest month of the year and July (21.3°C avg.) the warmest. Being the city in which it snows almost every winter and where southern winds bring hot weather in the summer, Banja Luka is praised for its beauty in all four seasons.



Tourism
Association of
Banja Luka:
www.
banjalukatourism.com



Accommodation

Five star hotel Talija and several 4-star hotels, including Hotel Bosna originally built in 1885, can be found in Banja Luka. In the city and the closest surrounding it is possible to find everything from hostels and small boutique hotels, villas to exclusive hotel resorts making it possible to find the accommodation for almost every taste. Private accommodation is a suitable option in this part of Bosnia and Herzegovina and can be found through several sites including Airbnb.



Getting there

By air

The Banja Luka International Airport, also know as Mahovljani Airport is located 23km from the city of Banja Luka. The airport has direct flights connecting Banja Luka with Belgrade and possibility of organizing charter flights.

By road

Banja Luka is located on the highway M16, one of the most important highways in this region, and can be reached easily from Sarajevo (250km away), Zagreb (167km away) and Belgrade (350km away).

Roads from Banja Luka to the other parts of the country are mostly narrow and winding. However, travelling these roads you pass a variety of beautiful landscapes and villages.

At the moment, the motorway is connecting Banja Luka and Gradiška and part of Banja Luka – Doboj motorway has been opened. Toll rates can be paid in cash (BAM or EUR) or by credit card.

The main bus station is situated 2km southeast from city centar and is the main bus hub of western Republic of Srpska with dozens of buses leaving Banja Luka daily to most destinations in the RS, main destinations in the Federation and Austria, Croatia, Germany, Montenegro, Serbia, Sweden and Switzerland.

By rail

Train connects Banja Luka with Doboj and Sarajevo (and few smaller cities on the road) and to Zagreb (Croatia).









Films shot here: KOZARA (1962), Veljko Bulajić;
THE TOUR (2008), Goran Marković; 32 DECEMBER (2009), Saša Hajduković;
MOTEL NANA (2010), Predrag Velinović; ZDUHAČ MEANS ADVENTURE (2011), Milorad Milinković; ENEMY (2011), Dejan Zečević; FALSIFIER (2013), Goran Marković; SO HOT WAS THE CANNON (2014), Slobodan Skerlić.











Fortress Kastel



Fortress Kastel is located in the center of Banja Luka, dominating the left bank of the river Vrbas. It was envisioned as a strong army fortification by Ferhad paša Sokolović during his reign and its construction began at the end of the 15th century. It is surrounded by thick stone walls on all sides. Today, summer stage, playground for children and national restaurant can be found in its inner part.







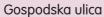
Museum o Modern Art of Republic of Srpska is located in the building of the old train station which was built in 1891-1892. It is a monumental edifice, with a prominent central entrance and side wings, with arched openings, richly decorated archivolts on the ground, accentu-

ated by molded cornices and rectangular windows on the first floor. It was built in neo-renaissance manner. It is one of the most important Museums in Bosnia and Herzegovina and in 2016 it hosted "New Religion" exhibition by famous Damien Hirst.

Vrbas

Vrbas is a major river in western Bosnia and Herzegovina. It appears at the southern slope of the Vranica mountain, at around 1,530m above the sea level and it drains central part of the northern slopes of the Dinaric mountain massif. The Vrbas Canyon is an ideal place for water adventures like kayaking and rafting and for softer adventures upriver - hiking, walking, camping and fishing.

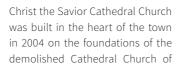






Gospodska ulica (Gentleman's Street) is the main pedestrian street in Banja Luka. Its actual name is Veselin Masleša Street, but most of the people know it as Gospodska because of an urban legend about Tomo Radulović, the owner of the first shop ever opened in the street. He put the board reading "Gentleman's Street" on the wall wanting to keep the peasants away from the street and his shop.

Orthodox Church of Christ the Savior with Residence







the Holy Trinity, bombed and destroyed in 1941.

It was built in three layers, brick-concrete-stone, and covered with natural two-tone red and yellow travertine from Mesopotamia. It is decorated with granite pillars, portals, rosettes and other ornaments made of granite and marble.



Brother Eberhard Wegnandt, who built twenty smaller churches in surroundings of Banja Luka, made the first plan for construction of Maria Stern, also. Bruno Diamant, an architect from Munich, elaborated the plan. The Monastery was built in just a year, and the huge three-vessel basilica with the central vessel 60m

long and 10m high is decorated with Old Christian and Roman elements. Monks from the Monastery have been producing the Trappist cheese since 1882 and, although they can't produce it any more as there are only two monks left, the cheese is still produced following the original recipe on *Livač farm* held by *Caritas*.

Krajina Square and Monument Clock

Going down the Gospodska ulica one can come to Krajina Square, central square in Banja Luka. It is surrounded by shops and cafes and on one side there is a Petar Kočić Park. Right on the square there is a modern clock, a reminder of devastating earthquake that hit Banja Luka on October 27th 1969. Devastation of the city was on a such a great scale that 15 citizens were killed, over thousand people seriously injured and material damage to the



homes, industry and infrastructure was so great that buses from Banja Luka drove students of primary and secondary schools to various parts of former Yugoslavia to finish school years while city recuperated.



Banski Dvor is a building and cultural center in Banja Luka, built in 1931-1932 as the seat of Duke ("Ban") of Vrbas Banovina, an administrative region of the Kingdom of Yugoslavia.

Conceptual sketch of Banski Dvor was made by Jovanka Bončić Katerinič, Anđelija Pavlović and Jovan G. Ranković and building is dominated by a Renaissance influence in the lower zones and academic classicism and medieval architecture elements are present in higher zones. Folk elements of the Balkan Peninsula are important part of the decoration.





Ferhadija Mosque

Ferhadija Mosque, commissioned by the Bosnian Sandžak-beg Ferhat-paša Sokolović and built in 16th century in classical Ottoman style, is a central building in the city of Banja Luka and one of the greatest achievements of Bosnia and Herzegovina's and European Ottoman







architecture. The mosque has been destroyed in the explosion set by the Serb nationalists in 1993 and the authorities of Republic of Srpska ordered the demolition of the entire mosque complex afterwards. Ferhadija has been rebuilt and opened for public on May 7th 2016. It is UNESCO protected monument.



Kozara National Park

Kozara was proclaimed a protected national forest in 1967. Situated between the rivers Una, Sava, Sana and Vrbas, these 3,375 hectares of dense forest and hilly meadows have earned the nickname "Green Beauty of Krajina".

Kozara was famous battleground during World War II as Partisans intimate knowledge of Bosnia's rough terrain gave them an advantage over the newly occupying Nazi Germans.





Film: "Kozara"





BIJELJINA & DOBOJ REGION



Geographical position

Bijeljina Region is located mainly in the vast flat plains that stretch from Hungary to the far northeast corner of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Bosnian and Herzegovinian part of the plains is know as Semberija, and it runs along rivers Sava and Drina. The part of the Region surrounding Srebrenica is dominated by Sušica Mountain. Eastern suburbs of Doboj are, also, spread on the gentle hills, which extend to larger Central Bosnian mountain areas.

Bijeljina is the pivotal city of the Bijeljina Region and Doboj of the Doboj Region

Area: 8,852.52km²



Population

Preliminary results of 2013 census show 306,684 people are living in Bijeljina Region and 218,279 in Doboj Region.



Climate

This area is characterized by moderate continental climate. The warmest month is July with the average temperature of around 19°C and the highest temperature ever recorded was 38°C. Average temperature in January, the coldest month of the year, is around -1°C and the lowest temperature ever recorded was -22°C.



Accommodation

It is possible to find different options for private accommodation and accommodation in ethno villages in this area, but there are several bigger hotels in the region, also. In Bijeljina you can stay in Hotel Drina, in Zvornik in Hotel Majevica, in Srebrenica in Hotel Misirlije and in Hotel Park in Doboj.

Spa Dvorovi, located in village Dvorovi 6km away from Bijeljina, offers accommodation as well as thermal water treatments.



Getting there

By air

The closest airport to Bijeljina is Sarajevo International Airport 125km away and Banja Luka Airport is 100km away from Doboj.

By road

All main roads, both from Sarajevo and rest of the country and from Serbia are leading to Bijeljina. The smaller roads are connecting Bijeljina with the rest of the Region. All the roads are in good enough condition but there is a danger of snow closing some of the roads for shorter periods of time during the winter.

Buses from/to Sarajevo, East Sarajevo, Belgrade, Banja Luka and Tuzla are operating daily and most of the municipalities have their own smaller bus stations



By rail

Doboj is the largest national railway junction and Railways Corporation of Republic of Srpska is located in Doboj.







Bijeljina

Bijeljina, situated on the plains of Semberija, is the second largest city in Republic of Srpska and the fifth largest city in Bosnia and Herzegovina. It is located 6km from the border with Serbia and 40km from the border with Croatia. The earliest confirmed traces of human life



in the area of today's Bijeljina date from the New Stone Age (5000-3000 BC). Characteristics of pottery, tools and weapons emphatically confirm cultural connections of indigenous inhabitants of Semberija with the eolithic and Bronze Age cultures of Vučedol, Kostolac and Baden culture.





Zvornik is located south of Bijeljina on the border with Serbia. Directly across the Drina River, lies Serbian town Mali Zvornik ("little Zvornik"). Zvornik was first mentioned in 1410 as Zvonik ("bell tower"), but there are proofs of older inhabitants. The medieval fort known as Kula grad was built in the early 7th century and still stands on the Mlađevac mountainous range overlooking the Drina Valley. The town's geographic location has made it an important trade link between Bosnia and the east. The main road connecting Sarajevo and Belgrade runs through the city.

Žepa



Žepa is a small town in the municipality of Rogatica that has been inhabited since middle ages and mentioned for the first time during the Ottoman Empire. It is famous for several smaller necropolis of *stećci* (12th century tombstones) and Bridge over Žepa River. There is no information on who actually built the Bridge, but there are several legends stating that *stećci* were used as a building material. Bridge over Žepa River became known thanks to the story of the same name by Nobel Prize Winner Ivo Andrić.

Doboi



Doboj is one of the oldest and biggest towns in Republic of Srpska. It was first mentioned in 1415 in the letter from Dubrovnik sent to Holy Roman Emperor Sigismund. However, there are numerous artifacts that confirm that the area has been inhabited since early Stone Age and that the Roman Empire had an army camp and a settlement in the vicinity of the town dating from the 1st century BC. The Doboj Fortress, a royal Kotromanić Fortress, was first built in the early 13th century. As an important border fortress standing between Bosnian Kingdom and Hungary it was often



attacked and needed rebuilding and restauration. It was first expanded in 1415 and again in 1490, during the Ottoman rule.

Doboj has a very turbulant past. It was site of one of the largest Austro-Hungarian concentration camps during the World War I, important site for the partisan resistance movement during World War II and systematic ethnic cleansing took place there during 1992-1995 war.





Potočari

During the 1992-1995 war, in July 1995, Srebrenica enclave (which included village of Potočari) was the site of a massacre in which 8,372 Bosniak men, women and children were murdered. The main Srebrenica Genocide Memorial and cemetery are located in Potočari.





Mineral Springs



There are written proofs of Srebrenica mineral springs being known since year 220. Remains of the great Roman baths can be found at Gradina (Sase) near Srebrenica. There are 48 springs of Guber water in and around Srebrenica.

Hunting grounds

Extremely favorable configuration of the terrain and environmental conditions, diversity of flora and fauna, have contributed to the preservation and development of hunting grounds in the municipality of Srebrenica. Hunting Ground "Sušica" is full of brown bears, mountain goats, deers, wild pigs and other small game.







TREBINJE REGION



Geographical position

Trebinje lies in the Trebišnjica river valley, at the foot of Leotar, in southeastern Herzegovina, some 30km from Dubrovnik (Croatia). The city's old town quarter dates to the 18^{th} -century Ottoman period, and Trebišnjica flows through it.

Area: 3,926.5km²



Population

By the 2013 census 25,589 people are living in the town and 68,434 in the whole Region.



Climate

Trebinje is characterized by Mediterranean climate with hot summers (260 sunny days) and short warm winters. The average annual temperature in the city is 16.6°C, average January temperature is 8.3°C, while average July and August temperature is 26.5°C. Humidity and cloudiness are relatively low. It is interesting that Trebinje has warmer autumn than spring.



Tourism Association of Trebinje: www.trebinjeturizam.com



Accommodation

There are different options for finding accommodation in Trebinje. Beside 13 hotels and motels and 2 hostels, it is pretty easy to find private accommodation. Eco Camp Ušće, located on the main road from Trebinje to Nikšić (Montenegro), 12km from the city, provides space for tent camping and ten wooden cottages where guests can stay.



Getting there

By air

Although there is no airport close to Trebinje in Bosnia and Herzegovina, there is one in Croatia, Čilipi (Dubrovnik), only 40km away and one in Tivat (Montenegro) only 55km from Trebinje.

By road

The best way to explore this region is by car. Narrow roads with lots of twists and turns are pretty scenic, but can be deceiving so drivers should be careful.

There are buses connecting Trebinje to other parts of Bosnia and Herzegovina and to Serbia and Montenegro on the daily basis, but connections to other parts of Herzegovina are almost non existent and there is no bus line to Dubrovnik.



"Ci.

Films shot here: ZDUHAČ MEANS ADVENTURE (2011), Milorad Milinković; CIRCLES (2013), Srdan

MILKY ROAD (2016), Emir

Golubović: ON THE

Kusturica.









Orthodox Church of St. Transfiguration

The Orthodox Church of St. Transfiguration has been built between 1888 and 1908. The Church, located in the center of Trebinje, is surrounded by neatly kept lawns and gardens. Interior of the Church is ornamented with paintings of the orthodox church saints and many personalities from the past including Nikola Tesla.







Hercegovačka Gračanica

Hercegovačka Gračanica (Gračanica of Herzegovina) was built in 2000 on hill of Crkvina as an endowment of Branko and Radmila Tupanjac. It got its name because it is a replica of Monastary Gračanica in Kosovo. Today it houses the remains of the famous poet from Trebinje Jovan Dučić.







Tvrdoš Monastery

Tvrdoš Monastery, located 4.5km away from Trebinje on the road to Mostar, has been built on the foundations of an old church. It was probably built in 4th cen-





tury by the order of Tsar Konstantin, but it was destroyed and reconstructed several times. At the beginning of the 16th century the monastery was painted by icon

painter Vicko Lovrov and monk Marko Stefanov. The Monastery is famous for *Tvrdoš wine* that has been produced here since 15th century.

The Osman-paša's Mosque

Osman paša's Mosque, located in the Old Town near the main (west) gate and town's walls was built in 1726 by orders of Osman-paša Resulbegović. As builders came from Dubrovnik elements of Mediterranean architecture in it are visible. It is believed to



be the most spacious mosque in Herzegovina. It was demolished during the last war and restorated in 2005.





Church of St. Vasilije Tvrdoški and Ostroški

St. Vasilije Tvrdoški and Ostroški, a Serbian Orthodox bishop and saint venerated in the Eastern Orthodox Church, was born in the village Mrkonjići, on the east side of Popovo Polje, in 1610. The Monastery of Ostrog, where he is buried is now one of the major pilgrimage

sites in the Balkans. The Church of St. Vasilije Tvrdoški and Ostroški has been built on the foundations of his native house on the right side of the road from Trebinje. At the left side of the road, there is St. Nikolaj's temple in which St. Vaslije has been baptized.

Old Town Trebinje

What is currently known as the Old Town Trebinje was centre of trade and craft in the town that emerged on the coast of the Trebišnjica River at the beginning of 18th century. In the Old Town, on the foundations

of Roman, medieval and Turkish town, an Austrian military camp was built at the end of the 19th century. Today it houses the museum of Herzegovina.









Emperor's Mosque

This small squareshaped mosque located in the Old Town, near the banks of Trebišnjica, is the oldest mosque in Trebinje. It was built in 1719 as an endowment of the Ottoman Sultan Ahmed III. The Mosque





was built of cut stone, as well as it's 12m high octagonal minaret. It was demolished during the 1992-1995 war and restored and reopened in 2014.







The Arslanagića Bridge built was bγ Mehmed-paša Sokolović in 1574. It has been moved from its original location, near the medieval town Mičevac. in 1966 because it was endangered by building of the damn on Trebišnjica River. Since 1993, the bridge has also been called the Perovića Bridge.

The Arslanagića Bridge









The Church of St. Barbara with the Cemetery and Stećci (tombstones)

The Church of St. Barbara was rebuilt in 1883 on the site of an older temple, first mentioned in documents from 1664. From the writings, position of the church, and the fact that it was built in the middle of a medieval cemetery, it can be concluded that the building can easily be older than the 17th century. A necropolis of tombstones (*stećci*) probably dates from the early 15th century.



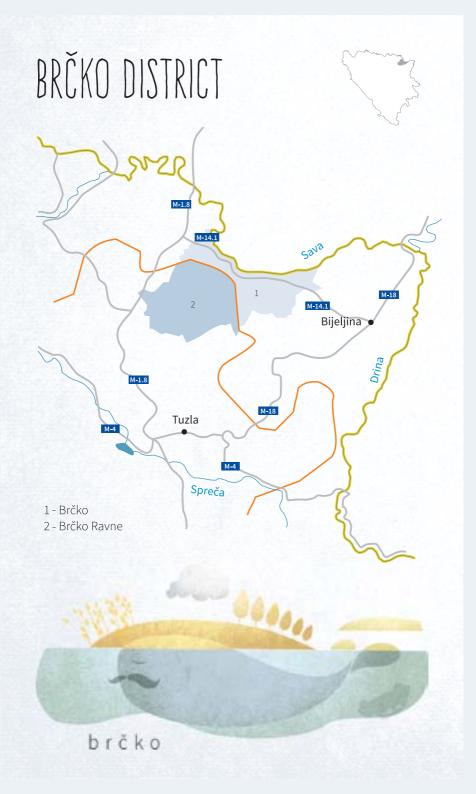


Trebišnjica

Trebišnjica is one of the longest sinking rivers in the world with a total length of 187km above and under the ground. It's source is at 398m above see level and it flows into river Ombla before it flows into the sea near Dubrovnik.









Geographical position

Brčko District is located on the right bank of the Sava River in northeastern Bosnia and Herzegovina. It is a self-governing administrative unit as well as condominium under the dual sovereignty of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the Republic of Srpska. Brčko was the only part of the Dayton Peace Agreement left to be dealt with afterwards as 48% of territory of the former Brčko municipality, including the town of Brčko, was in the Republic of Srpska, while 52% was in the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Arbitration agreement was not finalized before March 1999 when Brčko got the status of the District.

Brčko District is located on the border with the Croatia and it is 20km away from the place where Croatia, Serbia and Bosnia and Herzegovina border each other. It is almost equidistant from three big regional centers Belgrade (200km), Zagreb (270km) and Sarajevo (210km).

Area: 493.3km²



Population

By the 2013 census, 93,028 people live in Brčko District.



Climate

The climate in Brčko District is moderate continental with high summer temperatures. The average annual temperature is around 11°C. July is the warmest month with around 21.4°C and January is the coldest one with average temperature of 0.4°C.



Tourism Association of Brčko District:

www.bdturizam.net

Accommodation



Hotel Posavina, built in 1891 and reconstructed in 2001, represents a combination of older architecture and modern design, and Aparthotel Park, built in 2012, is completely modern. Besides these two, there are 4 hotels and motel Vila Cicivela in Brčko and they all provide decent accommodation options.

Getting there

By air

As Brčko is equidistant from Sarajevo, Zagreb and Belgrade it is possible to use any of the airports to arrive to Brčko, but the last part of the journey will have to be by road.

By road

Important roads in both east-west and north-south directions are crossing in Brčko District making it significant transportation hub. The roads are in good condition and it is easily reachable from Croatia and Serbia, too, as it connects to the neighboring countries' motorways.

Buses are operating everyday through Brčko bus station connecting it to other parts of Bosnia and Herzegovina, but also with Croatia, Serbia and Slovenia.

By rail

Although Brčko has a railway station and is located on the famous Brčko-Banovići railway that was completely made as a part of labour action in 1946, the trains are not operating at the moment. Besides the general problem with railways in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brčko-Banovići railway was heavily damaged in the latest floods.

City Hall

City Hall in Brčko was built in 1892 following the idea by Aleksandar Vitek and final project by architect Ćiril Iveković. It was built in pseudo-Moorish style, with lots of decorations on the walls, over windows and doors and with the domes on the roof. Restoration of the building of the City Hall was completed in 2009







Krsmanović House





Merchants from Brčko, Ljubomir and Olga Krsmanović, built a large and beautiful house in Brčko in 1865. The house, which is the oldest standing house in Brčko, had shops in the lower part and living quarters upstairs. The house had a large courtyard, too. Today, it is in bad condition, although it still has tenants. Government of Brčko District has made a project for its reconstruction and restoration, which should be realized in the coming years.

Kučukalić House



House of Alijaga Kučukalić is located in the old town district Kolobari, near the White Mosque. It was built in pseudo-Moorish style following the project of Alexander Vitek, who designed the City Hall, too. This residential building was completed in 1907, as evidenced by the inscription above the entrance door, and is a typical Austro-Hungarian villa.

The first Post Office in Brčko

The exact date of the construction of the Post Office has not been determined, although it is known that in October 1878, the telegraph station was opened in Brčko. It was not possible to determine if the telegraph station was located in this building or another. In 2012, this historic building has been declared a national monument, but it has not been restored yet.



Films shot here: WARCHILD (2008), Christian Wagner.









INDUSTRY GUIDE



WHAT IS OUR RECORD

Starting with WELCOME TO SARAJEVO by Michael Winterbottom, which was filmed in Sarajevo right after the 1992-1995 war, Bosnia and Herzegovina again became interesting location for shooting films. Besides local projects, every year many regional co-productions are being shot here and foreign companies with no production bonds recognized possibilities and advantages of country's geographic, social and cultural diversity.

Some of the foreign films shot in Bosnia and Herzegovina are:

- **WELCOME TO SARAJEVO** (1997) by Michael Winterbottom
- TERRITORIO COMANCHE (1997) by Gerardo Herrero
- SHOT THROUGH THE HEART (1998) by David Attwood
- WHERE ESKIMOS LIVE (2002) by Tomasz Wiszniewski
- OUR MUSIC (2004) by Jean-Luc Godard
- **WARCHILD** (2006) by Christian Wagner
- IMMIGRANT (2006) by Bojan Bodružić
- THE HUNTING PARTY (2007) by Richard Shepard
- MÖRDERISCHER FRIEDEN (2007) by Rudolf Schweiger
- BEYOND MERCY (2007) by Nevzat Kaya and Rade Radović
- STORM (2009) by Hans-Christian Schmid
- THE WHISTLEBLOWER (2010) by Larysa Kondracki
- AS IF I'M NOT THERE (2010) by Juanita Wilson
- IN THE LAND OF BLOOD AND HONEY (2011) by Angelina Jolie
- THE LOVE OF BOOKS: A SARAJEVO STORY (2011) by Sam Hobkinson
- TWICE BORN (2012) by Sergio Castellitto
- CROSSROADS (2013) by Faysal Sosal
- THE MAN WHO DEFENDED GAVRILO PRINCIP (2014) by Srđan Koljević
- THE PROSECUTOR THE DEFENDER THE FATHER AND HIS SON (2015) by Iglika Triffonova
- SWEET DREAMS (2016) by Marco Bellocchio

THE ASSOCIATION OF FILMMAKERS OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

The Association of Filmmakers of Bosnia and Herzegovina is a professional association which gathers filmmakers, who are professionally engaged in filmmaking. It was founded in 1950. At the time it had a membership of 20, while the most prominent members were its founders: Žika Ristić, Mišo Finci, Pier Majhrovski, Eduard Bogdanić, Kaća Rundo, Slobodan Jovičić, Tomo Janić and Đokica Jolić. The first President of the Association was Sida Marjanović, and the first General Secretary was Pjer Majhrovski. The Association has been led by: Toma Janić, Vlado Branković, Slobodan Jovičić, Milan Kosovac, Edo Bogdanić, Suad Mrkonjić, Midhat Mutapčić, Žika Ristić, Dragan Resner, Nenad Dizdarević, Miljenko Uherka, Nedžad Begović, Benjamin Filipović, Milenko Prstojević, Faruk Lončarević, Amra Bakšić Čamo and currently by Ines Tanović. Today the Association is actively involved in developing and guiding the BiH film industry. In the past 15 years, our members have won the world's most prestigious film awards, while Association has significantly broadened its activities. It organizes the festival of bh. film as a part of Sarajevo Film Festival every year since 2003, issues annual catalogs of BiH cinema as the main promotion material at the festivals and markets such as Cannes and Berlin. A part of the festival is the Student Competition Program which gathers film students from the whole country in Sarajevo. The Association also issues Location Guide, and edits the only website dedicated to Bosnian cinema bhfilm. ba, promotes bh. cinema internationally, and since 2004 annually awards local filmmakers with the Ivica Matić Award. In 2015 the Association has become a member of European Film Promotion and Film New Europe for Bosnia and Herzegovina, and since March 2016 accepts film actors in its membership.

Contact:

Association of Filmmakers of BiH Branilaca Sarajeva 20 / II, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax.: +387 33 66 74 52 udruzenje@bhfilm.ba www.bhfilm.ba

BH. FILM 2001 - 2016

NIČIJA ZEMLJA / NO MAN'S LAND (2001),

Danis Tanović

2001 | Cannes Film Festival: Best Screenplay | AFI FEST: Audience Award, Grand Jury Prize - Special Mention | Brothers Manaki International Film Festival: Bronze Camera 300



Cottbus Film Festival of Young East European Cinema: Audience Award, First Work Award of the Student Jury | European Film Awards: Best Screenwriter | Ft. Lauderte International Film Festival: People's Choice Award | High Falls Film Festival: Audience Award | Los Angeles Film Critics Association Awards: Best Foreign Film | Motovun Film Festival: FIPRESCI Prize | Raindance Film Festival: Jury Prize | San Sebastian International Film Festival: Audience Award | Sarajevo Film Festival: Best First Feature, Audience Award | Sao Paolo International Film Festival: Audience Award for Best Feature Foreign Language

2002 | USA Academy Awards: Oscar for Best Foreign Language Film | Cesar Awards: Best First Film | European Union Media Prize: Media Prize | French Syndicate of Cinema Critics: Critics Award for Best Foreign Film | Golden Globes USA: Golden Globe Best Foreign Language Film | Italian National Syndicate of Film Journalists: Silver Ribbon – Best Editing | Las Vegas Film Critics Society Awards: Sierra Award for Best Foreign Film | Rotterdam International Film Festival: Audience Award | Satellite Awards: Golden Satellite Award for the Best Foreign Language Motion Picture | Uruguayan Film Critics Association: Best First Work

2003 | Joseph Plateau Awards: Joseph Plateau Award for Best Belgian Screenplay

GORI VATRA (2003), Pjer Žalica

2003 | Amiens International Film Festival: Best Actor – Bogdan Diklić | Locarno International Film Festival: C.I.C.A.E. Award - Special Mention, Silver Leopard, Third Place Youth Jury Award | Marrakech International Film



Festival: Best Actor, Best Actor | Sarajevo Film Festival: Best First Feature | Ivica Matić Award of Association of Filmmakers of Bosnia and Herzegovina

LJETO U ZLATNOJ DOLINI / SUMMER IN THE GOLDEN VALLEY (2003), Srđan Vuletić

2004 | Bermuda International Film Festival: Jury Prize (Best Narrative Feature) | Brussels European Film Festival: Golden Iris, SN Brussels Airlines Award for Best Acting, TV RTBF



Award for Best Film | Rotterdam International Film Festival: MovieZone Award, Tiger Award | Sofia International Film Festival: FIPRESCI Prize, Special Jury Award | Ivica Matić Award of Association of Filmmakers of Bosnia and Herzegovina | Anonimul Film Festival: Best Screenplay Award | Napoli Film Festival: Premio Fondazione Laboratorio Mediterraneo

REMAKE (2003), Dino Mustafić

2003 | Munich Film Festival: One Future Prize - Honorable Mention
2004 | Wine Country Film Festival: Film Prize for Peace and Cultural Understanding

KOD AMIDŽE IDRIZA / DAYS AND HOURS (2004), Pjer Žalica

2005 | Balkan Black Box: Best Feature Film

DOBRO UŠTIMANI MRTVACI / WELL TEM-PERED CORPSES (2005), Benjamin Filipović

GO WEST (2005), Ahmed Imamović

2005 | Bratislava International Film Festival: Grand Prix | Kimera Film Festival: Art. 3 Cost. Prize



DUHOVI SARAJEVA (2006), Dejan Radonić

GRBAVICA / ESMA'S SECRET - GRBAVICA (2006), Jasmila Žbanić

2006 | Berlin International Film Festival: Golden Bear, Ecumenical Jury Award / Peace prize | International Film Festival Thessa-



loniki: Woman and Equality Award | International Feature Competition AFI Fest: Grand Jury Prize | European Film Festival Brussels: TV Canvas Award for Best Movie, Best Actress – Mirjana Karanović | International Film Festival Reykjavik: Discovery of The Year | Council of Europe for the Human Rights: Grand Prix Odyssee | International Film Festival Jerusalem: The

Industry Guide

Wim Van Leer in the Spirit of Freedom Award | Kosmorama International Film Festival: The Kosmorama Award

2007 | 10th Evropean John Templeton Movie Award 2007, Berlin, Germany | Ivica Matić Award of Association of Filmmakers of Bosnia and Herzegovina

MAMA I TATA / MUN 'N' DAD (2006), Faruk Lončarević

2006 | Sarajevo Film Festival: Special Jury Prize

2007 Art Film Festival: Best East European Film



NAFAKA (2006), Jasmin Duraković

NEBO IZNAD KRAJOLIKA / SKIES ABOVE THE LANDSCAPE (2006),

Nenad Đurić

2006 | Sofia International Film Festival: Special Mention | TV Fest Bara: Best Actress

2007 | Skip City International D-Cinema Festival: Award for the First Time Director

TEŠKO JE BITI FIN / IT'S HARD TO BE

NICE (2007), Srđan Vuletić

2007 | Sarajevo Film Festival: Best Actor – Saša Petrović

2008 | Miami Film Festival: Special Mention (Dramatic Features - World Cinema Competi-



tion) | Hamburg Film Festival: Montblanc Scriptwriting Award | Shadowline Salerno Festival Culture Giovani: Best Feature Film | Artfilm International Film Festival Trencin: Award of the Mayor of Trencin | Pyongyang Fest: Best Actor Prize – Saša Petrović

ČUVARI NOĆI / NIGHTGUARDS (2008), Namik Kabil

SNIJEG / SNOW (2008), Aida Begić

2008 Cannes Film Festival: Grand Prix Semaine de la critique | Chungmuro Film Festival: Special Jury Award | Hamptons Film Festival: Family Brizzola Award "Conflicts and Resolution" | Festival Molodist, Kiev: Jury Diploma | Rejkyavik International Film Festival: The Church of Iceland

Award | Festival on Wheels: Special Mention | International Thessaloniki Film Festival: Women and Equity Award | Council of Europe Award for Human Rights: The Odyssee Cinema | Festival of New Cinema Montreal: Special Jury Award | Auteur Film Festival in Belgrade: Freedom Award



2009 | Trieste International Film Festival: Audience Award, Special Mention | Fajr Film Festival: Best Director, Best Film, Recognition of Ministry of Culture | San Francisco IFF: New Director Award | Sguardi Altrove: Special Mention | Prague International Film Festival FEBIOFEST: Grand Prix | Tetouan Mediterranean Film Festival in Morocco: Special Jury Prize for Best First Feature Film | Washington DC IFF: Capital Focus Award | Pristina International Film Festival: Best Film | Saleh International Women's Film Festival in Morocco: Best Script Award | Kazan International Muslim film festival Golden Minbar: Critics' Award, Best Script Award | Pecs International Film: Prize of Town of Pécs | Ivica Matić Award of Association of Filmmakers of Bosnia and Herzegovina for Aida Begić and Elma Tataragić

2012 | Balkan Florence Express: Best Feature Film

32 DECEMBAR / DECEMBER 32nd (2009), Saša Hajduković

2010 | Cinema City: Best Director National Selection, Best Actress National Selection – Nikolina Jelisavac

BELVEDERE (2010), Ahmed Imamović

2011 | Kazan International Festival of Muslim Cinema: Best Script, Best Actor – Armin Rizvanović | BH Film Festival New York: Golden Apple Audience Award

2012 | Opuzen Film Festival: Stjepan Filipović Best Film Award | SEE a Paris: Best Music, Best Camera

CIRKUS COLUMBIA / CIRCUS COLUMBIA

(2010), Danis Tanović

2010 | Venice Days: CinemAvvenire – Il cerchio non è rotondo | Antalya Golden Orange Film Festival: Best Film Award | Festival of Slovenian Film: "Vesna" Award for Best Set



Design | Sarajevo Film Festival: Audience Award | Prishtina International Film Festival: Best Film Award, Best Screenplay Award, Best Actress Award – Mira Furlan

JASMINA (2010), Nedžad Begović

NA PUTU / ON THE PATH (2010), Jasmila Žbanić

2010 | Munich Film Festival: Bernhard Wicki Film Award for the Best Film | Pula Film Festival: Golden Arena for Best Director (in category of co-production films), Golden Arena for Best Actress | Filmkunstfestival Schwerin Award: Best Director Award | Yerevan Interna-



tional Film Festival: FIPRESCI Award | Valladolid Film Festival: Special Jury Prize | Alexandria Film Festival: Best Actress – Zrinka Cvitešić | Virton European Film Festival: Best Film | Bernhard Wicki Film Prize - The Bridge - The German Cinema Award for Peace | Montenegro Film Festival Herceg Novi: Golden Mimosa for Best Actress | Pristina Film Festival: Best Film Award, Best Actress Award

2011 | Vilnius international film festival: CICAE Jury Award

OSTAVLJENI / THE ABANDONED (2010), Adis Bakrač

2010 | Pula Film Festival: FEDEORA Director Diploma; Golden Arena for Best Actor (in category of co-production films)



2011 | The SEE a Paris Film Festival: Award for Best Achievement in Directing | Festróia - Tróia International Film Festival: Jury Special Prize – First Works Sections | Cinema City Film Festival: Special Prize FIPRESCI | Balkan New Film Festival: Best Picture

SEVDAH ZA KARIMA / SEVDAH FOR KARIM (2010), Jasmin Duraković **2010 |** Cine Pecs Film Festival: Cine Pecs Award

1395 DANA BEZ CRVENE / 1395 DAYS WITHOUT RED (2011), Šejla Kamerić

DJECA / CHILDREN OF SARAJEVO (2012), Aida Begić

2012 | Cannes Film Festival: Un Certain Regard – Special Distinction of the Jury | Gijon International Film Festival: Gil Parrondo Award for Best Production Design | Lisbon & Estoril Film Festival: Joao Benard da Costa Special Jury Award | Sarajevo Film Festival: Best Actress Marija Pikić, Cineuropa Award | Mostra Internazionale del Nuovo Cinema Pesaro: Lino Micciche Award, Pesaro Young Cinema Award, Amnesty Italia Cinema and Human Rights Award | Ljubljana International Film Festival: Živojin Žika Pavlović Best Director

Award | Montenegro Film Festival Herceg Novi: Best Director, Best Actress – Marija Pikić | Mojkovac Film Festival: Best Actress Award | Brussels Mediterranean Film Festival: Special Jury Prize, Best Actress – Marija Pikić



KRIVINA (2012), Igor Drljača

DIM / SMOKE (2013), Ismar Mujezinović

EPIZODA U ŽIVOTU BERAČA ŽELJEZA / AN EPISODE IN THE LIFE OF

AN IRON PICKER (2013), Danis Tanović

2013 Berlin International Film Festival: Prize of the Ecumenical Jury, Silver Bear – Jury Grand Prix, Silver Bear – Best Actor | Istanbul International Film Festival: Special Jury Prize | Jerusalem Film Festival: Best Film



2014 | BH Film Festival New York: Best Film

OBRANA I ZAŠTITA / A STRANGER (2013), Bobo Jelčić

2013 | Pula Film Festival: Best Film, Best Actor – Bogdan Diklić, Best Actres – Nada Đurevska, Best Director, Best Screenplay, Best Art Direction, Best Cinematography, Critics Award, FEDEORA Best Film Award | Sarajevo Film Festival: Heart of Sarajevo for the Best Actor – Bogdan Diklić, Special Jury Mention | Tuzla Film Festival: Best Film | Motovun Film Festival: Bauer Best Film Award

SA MAMOM / WITH MOM (2013), Faruk Lončarević

ZA ONE KOJI NE MOGU DA GOVORE / FOR THOSE WHO CAN TELL NO TALES (2013), Jasmila Žbanić

2013 | European Les Arces Film Festival: Femme de Cinema Award

COUNTOWN (2014), Rijad Gvozden

DEVET POLOŽAJA SAMOĆE / NINE POSITIONS OF LONELINESS (2014), Enver Puška

MOSTOVI SARAJEVA / BRIDGES OF SARA-JEVO (2014)

2014 | 50th Pesaro Film Festival: Audience Award | BH Film Festival New York: Best Film



OTOK LJUBAVI / LOVE ISLAND (2014),

Jasmila Žbanić

Montenegro Film Festival Herceg Novi: Golden Mimosa for Best Actress

POLITIKA I DRUGI ZLOČINI / POLITICS AND OTHER CRIMES (2014), Kenan Musić

REKET / RACKET (2014), Admir Bujugić

HILJADARKA / THOUSAND (2015), Nena Đurić

NAŠA SVAKODNEVNA PRIČA / OUR EV-ERYDAY LIFE (2015), Ines Tanović

2015 | Tuzla Film Festival: Best Film | Festival of European and Mediterranean Film in Piran: Best First Film



2016 Vilnius International Film Festival: Best Actor – Uliks Fehmiu | European Film Festival in Lecce: FIPRESCI Award, Best Screenplay | Prishtina International Film Festival: Audience Award | New Balkan Film Festival in Stockholm: Special Mention | BH Film Festival New York: Audience Award, Special Jury Prize | Montenegro Film Festival Herceg Novi: Golden Mimosa for the Best Script | International Festival of Film Directing in Leskovac: Second Prize | SEE Film Festival in Berlin: Best Actor – Emir Hadžihafizbegović, Best Actor by the decision of International Young Jury – Uliks Fehmiu

SMRT U SARAJEVU / DEATH IN SARAJEVO (2016), Danis Tanović

2016 | Berlin International Film Festival: Silver Bear – Grand Jury Prize, FIPRESCI Award | Montenegro Film Festival Herceg Novi: Golden Mimosa for the Best Actress, Golden Mimosa for the Best Actor



TOTAL: 189 awards in 16 years

IMPORTANT INSTITUTIONS

Fondacija za kinematografiju Sarajevo

Fondacija za kinematografiju (Film Fund) was established by the Government of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in 2002 and since then it has been operating within the Ministry of Culture and Sport of Federation of BiH with an aim to provide financial support for development of cinema in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Besides the partial financing of the production of feature films, shorts and documentaries, it also gives significant support for film promotion and distribution, additional education of filmmakers and supports film festivals in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Fondacija za kinematografiju is the only public body in BiH specialized in cinema and filmmaking, and it operates as an umbrella institution for this industrial and artistic branch.

Contact:

Obala Maka Dizdara br. 2, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 20 67 04 Fax.: +387 33 22 66 75 fondacija@bhfilm.ba

Film Center of Republic of Srpska

Film Center of Republic of Srpska was founded in 2009 by the Government of Republic of Srpska with the aim to support the production and promotion of films in Republic of Srpska, Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Contact:

Trg Republike Srpske 1, 78000 Banja Luka

Tel.: +387 51 33 84 61 Fax.: +387 51 33 88 53 mp@mp.vladars.net

Film Center Sarajevo

Film Center Sarajevo is a public company for film production and distribution in Bosnia and Herzegovina, founded by Government of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. One of its strategical goals is to become the basis for future successful development of BiH cinema. Film Center Sarajevo has a collection of 80 feature films and over 500 documentaries and short films. Film Center's Archive is home to the films which have been produced by Bosna Film, Studio Film, and Sutjeska Film in former Yugoslavia. Some are of major significance for the cinema of Bosnia and Herzegovina and they have achieved notable success on international film festivals (DO YOU REMEMBER DOLLY BELL by Emir Kusturica, WALTER DEFENDS SARAJEVO by Hajrudin Šiba Krvavac, THE BATTLE OF NERETVA by Veljko Bulajić, BLACK PEARLS by Tomo Janjić, PICTURES FROM THE LIFE OF SHOCK FORCE WORKERS by Bahrudin Čengić, THE TWO HALVES OF THE HEART by Vefik Hadžismajlović, etc).

Contact:

F. J. Španca 1, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax: +387 33 21 86 59 filmskicentarsa@gmail.com

The National Film Archive of Bosnia and Herzegovina

The film collection of the Film Archive of BiH consists of the national collection of feature, short, documentary films and film materials, and the collection of international features. The depot of the Film Archive of Bosnia and Herzegovina contains 902 sound copies including the first BiH sound short film from 1936 LOVE IN SARAJEVO by Nikola Drakulić and Edo Ljubić. The national collection contains journals, documentary, short feature, animated and feature films. There is a large quantity of film materials concerning national film: synopsises, screenplays, filming books, dialogue and subtitles list, and, in particular, valuable photographs from films, behind the scenes stills of preparations and filming, albums, catalogues. Digitalized posters of BiH films form the special parts of the collection. The Film Archive is successfully collaborating with FIAF (International Film Archive Association).

Contact:

Alipašina 19, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax: +387 33 66 86 78 kinjubih@bih.net.ba www.kinotekabih.ba

Association of Cinematographers in Bosnia and Herzegovina

Association of Cinematographers in Bosnia and Herzegovina is an association of professional film and television workers who belong to the camera sector. The aims of the association are: development of collaboration within the sector, improvement of conditions and quality of work, perseverance of certain film professions and promotion of film as an art form. Association was founded on the initiative of cinematographers and collaborators from entire Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Contact:

Mačkareva 8, 71000 Sarajevo info@asbh.ba www.asbh.ba

Association of Directors in Bosnia and Herzegovina

Association of Directors in Bosnia and Herzegovina is a professional organization representing the interests of film, theatre, television and radio directors in BiH and actively taking part in the enhancement of cultural production in the country. The Association's activities are primarily directed towards realizing goals such as the strengthening of directors' professional status, protecting and improving their freedom of artistic creation, affirming their work within community and improving BH cultural policies.

Contact:

Obala Kulina Bana 11, 71000 Sarajevo Tel.: + 387 61 90 48 42 urirubih@gmail.com

Association of Filmmakers in Republic of Srpska

Association of Filmmakers in Republic of Srpska is non-profit, volontary organization of film professionals and theoreticians working on improvement and development of film industry in Republic of Srpska.

Contact

Đure Daničića 2, 78000 Banja Luka Tel.: +387 65 96 12 14 asocijacijafilmskihradnika@yahoo.com

CO-PRODUCTIONS

2001

NO MAN'S LAND* by Danis Tanović

2003

FUSE! by Pjer Žalica

HERE by Zrinko Ogresta

REMAKE by Dino Mustafić

SUMMER IN THE GOLDEN VALLEY by Srđan Vuletić

2005

LOST AND FOUND**

WELL TEMPERED CORPSES by Benjamin Filipović

2006

ALL FOR FREE by Antonio Nuić

GRBAVICA by Jasmila Žbanić

THE BORDER POST by Rajko Grlić

2007

ARMIN by Ognjen Sviličić

ESTRELITA by Metod Pevec

IT'S HARD TO BE NICE by Srđan Vuletić

TEAH by Hanna Antonina Wojcik-Slak

THE LIVING AND THE DEAD by Kristijan Milić

2008

LIKA CINEMA by Dalibor Matanić

SNOW by Aida Begić

THE TOUR by Goran Marković

TRACTOR, LOVE AND ROCK'N'ROLL by Branko Đurić

2009

BUICK RIVIERA by Goran Rušinović

DONKEY by Antonio Nuić

MASTER by Bahadir Karatas

METASTASSES by Branko Schmidt

SAINT GEORGE KILLS THE DRAGON by Srđan Dragojević

THE SLOVENIAN GIRL by Damjan Kozole

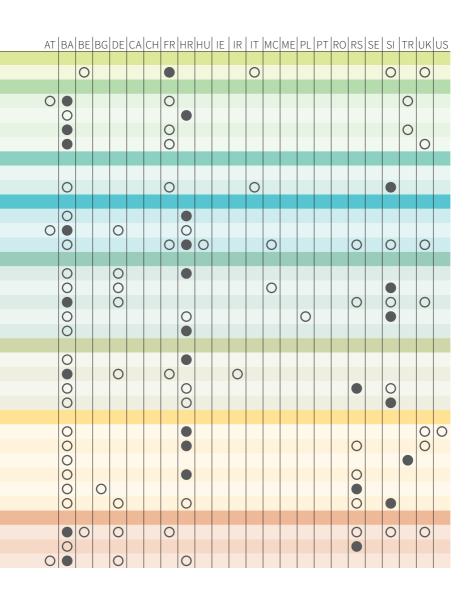
2010

CIRCUS COLUMBIA by Danis Tanović

MOTEL NANA by Predrag Velinović

ON THE PATH by Jasmila Žbanić

- film is not considered Bosnian and Herzegovinian production-wise, but it definitely is in terms of artistic contribution and it's influence on development of country's cinematography
- ** Omnibus directed by: Stefan Arsenijević, Nadejda Koseva, Mait Laas, Kornel Mundruczo, Cristian Mungiu, Jasmila Žbanić



Majority partner

O Minority partner

SOME OTHER STORIES***

SEVDAH FOR KARIM by Jasmin Duraković

THE ABANDONED by Adis Bakrač

2011

1395 DAYS WITHOUT RED by Šejla Kamerić

ENEMY by Dejan Zečević

ONCE UPON A TIME IN ANATOLIA by Nuri Bilge Ceylan

2012

BODY COMPLETE by Lucas Sturm

CHILDREN OF SARAJEVO by Aida Begić

HALIMA'S PATH by Anton Arsen Ostojić

KRIVINA by Igor Drljača

2013

ADRIA BLUES by Miroslav Mandić

AN EPISODE IN THE LIFE OF AN IRON PICKER by Danis Tanović

FALSIFIER by Goran Marković

FOR THOSE WHO CAN TELL NO TALES by Jasmila Žbanić

A STRANGER by Bobo Jelčić

SOUTHERN SCUM GO HOME! by Goran Vojinović

WITH MOM by Faruk Lončarević

2014

THE BRIDGE AT THE END OF THE WORLD by Branko Ištvančić

BRIDGES OF SARAJEVO****

GIRLS – LIFE OF ANOTHER by Andrea Štaka

LITTLE BUDDHO by Danilo Bećković

LOVE ISLAND by Jasmila Žbanić

SABINA K. by Cristóbal Krusen

SO HOT WAS THE CANNON by Slobodan Skerlić

2015

OUR EVERYDAY LIFE by Ines Tanović

2016

DEATH IN SARAJEVO by Danis Tanović

SIERANEVADA by Cristi Puiu

A GOOD WIFE by Mirjana Karanović

MOTHER by Vlado Škafar

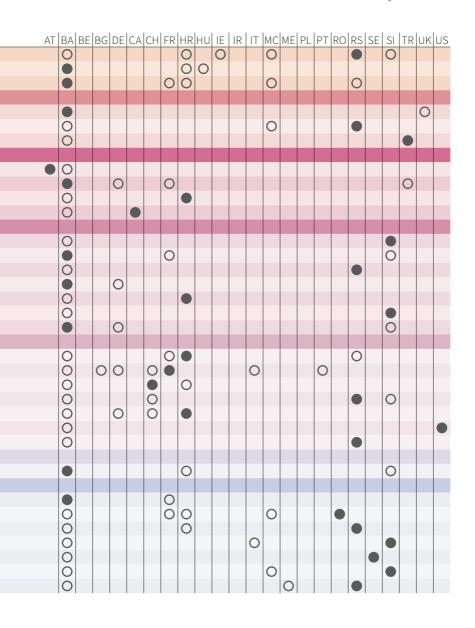
MY AUNT IN SARAJEVO by Goran Kapetanović

NIGHTLIFE by Damjan Kozole

ALL THE CITIES OF THE NORTH by Dane Komljen

^{***} Omnibus directed by: Ines Tanović, Marija Džidževa, Ivona Juka, Ana Marija Rossi, Hanna A.W. Slak

^{****} Omnibus directed by: Aida Begić, Leonardo Di Costanza, Jean-Luc Godard, Kamen Kalev, Isild Le Besco, Sergei Loznitsa, Vincenzo Marra, Ursula Meier, Vladimir Perišić, Cristi Puiu, Marc Recha, Angela Schanelec, Teresa Villaverde



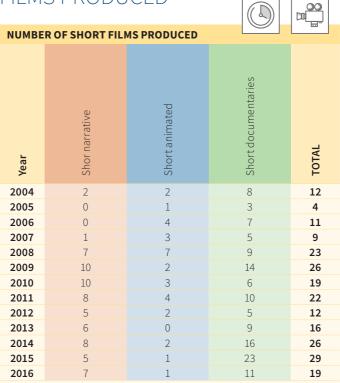
Majority partner

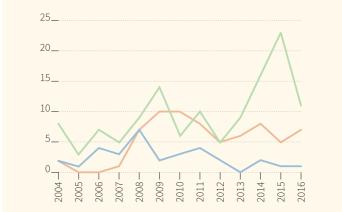
O Minority partner

NUMBER OF FILMS PRODUCED

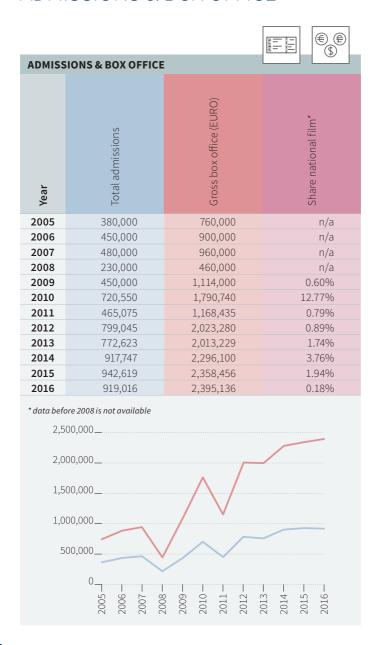
NUMBER OF FEATURE FILMS PRODUCED						
Year	Number of feature narrative films produced	Minority co-productions	Majority co-productions	100% national films	Number of fea- ture documenta- ries produced	TOTAL
2001	1	0	0	1	0	1
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	3	0	3	0	0	3
2004	1	0	0	1	2	3
2005	4	1	2	1	0	3
2006	7	2	1	4	1	8
2007	7	4	1	2	0	7
2008	5	3	1	1	2	7
2009	7	6	0	1	1	8
2010	7	2	4	1	6	13
2011	3	2	1	0	3	6
2012	4	3	1	0	3	7
2013	9	4	3	2	1	10
2014	11	7	0	4	2	13
2015	2	0	1	1	10	12
2016	8	6	1	1	5	13
10						
6_						
4_						
2						
2002 2002 2003 2004 2006 2006 2009 2011 2011 2011 2012 2013 2015 2016						

NUMBER OF SHORT FILMS PRODUCED





ADMISSIONS & BOX OFFICE



INDUSTRY ADDRESS BOOK

2006



Zelenih beretki 12, 71000 Sarajevo sabina.brankovic@sff.ba Specialization: Film production

AEON





Jovana Dučića 38, 78000 Banja Luka mladen.djukic@aeonproduction.com www.aeonproduction.com Specialization: Film production, animation, event organization

ALHEMIJA FILM



Koševo 34, 71000 Sarajevo alhemija@live.com

Specialization: Film and video production

ALJAZEERA BALKANS





Trg djece Sarajeva 1, 71000 Sarajevo Tel.: +387 33 89 72 00, +387 33 89 73 14

Fax.: +387 33 26 66 01

sead. kresevljakovic@aljazeera.net

balkans.aljazeera.net

Specialization: Documentary film and TV

Production

ARTSERVIS



Hamdije Kreševljakovića 13, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax.: +387 33 66 81 86

amerb@sff.ba

Specialization: Distribution

ARTZ PRODUKCIJA



Amelije Lebeničnik 8, 75000 Tuzla Tel.: +387 62 54 01 93, +387 64 42 23 375 damir@artzproduction.com www.artzproduction.com Specialization: Film, TV, theatre and music production, event organization

BALKAN FILM



Svetosavska b.b., 79240 Kozarska Dubica

Tel. / fax.: +387 66 30 06 78 balkanfilm1@gmail.com

Specialization: Film production

BLOW UP



Isaka Samokovlije b.b., 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 26 10 55 Fax.: +387 33 26 10 56 info@blowup.ba www.blowup.ba Specialization: Rental

BURNING PEACOCK





Zagrebačka 39, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel: +387 66 29 07 77 info@burningpeacock.com www.burningpeacock.com

Specialization: Film and Theatre production, marketing and talent representation

DEBLOKADA



Kranjčevića 43, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax.: +387 33 66 85 59

deblok@bih.net.ba, info@deblokada.ba

www.deblokada.ba

Specialization: Film production

DEPO



Kemala Kapetanovića 17, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 66 33 31 36

amira.kudumovic@gmail.com

www.depo.ba

Specialization: Film, TV and internet production

DOKUMENT



Logavina 12,71000 Sarajevo

Tel. / fax.: +387 33 57 02 10, +387 33 57 02 11 alembabic@me.com, inestanovic@icloud.com

www.dokument.ba

Specialization: Film and TV production, marketing

EAST WEST CENTAR



Hamdije Kreševljakovića 27, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel. / fax.: +387 33 44 51 67 eastwest@eastwest.ba www.eastwest.ba

Specialization: Theater and film production

FABRIKA





Zmaja od Bosne 47A, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 25 39 00 Fax: +387 33 25 39 03 nevena@fabrika.com www.fabrika.com

Specialization: Marketing, production and post-

production

FENIX ART



Vida Nježića 68, 78000 Banja Luka Tel. / fax.: +387 65 49 72 38

fenixart@teol.net www.fenixart.com

Specialization: Film and video production

FILM HOUSE



Antuna Hangija 65, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel. / Fax.: +387 33 20 05 42 info@filmhouse.ba

www.filmhouse.ba

Specialization: Film and video production

FIST SARAJEVO



Alipašina 19, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 20 99 55 Fax.: +387 33 22 54 31

fist@fist.co.ba

www.fist.ba

Specialization: TV and film production

FLASH



Kolodvorska 12, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.:+387 33 72 02 30 Fax.:+387 33 72 02 44 flash@flash.com.ba www.flashproduction.ba

Specialization: Marketing and production

FORUM





Mis Irbina 2, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 44 36 16 Fax.: +387 33 66 84 63 forum@bih.net.ba www.forum.co.ba

Specialization: Film production and distribution

FULL MEDIA



Brčanska 16a, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel: +387 33 65 06 15 Fax: +387 33 71 25 40 comprex@bih.net.ba www.fullmediasarajevo.com

Specialization: Film production and marketing

HAVA



Grbavička 14a, 71000 Sarajevo

hava.film@gmail.com www.hava.ba

Specialization: Film, TV and theatre production

HAYAT PRODUCTION



Jošanička 55, 71320 Vogošća

Tel.: +387 33 58 08 88 Fax.: +387 33 58 08 87 prprodukcija@hayat.ba www.hayatproduction.ba

Specialization: TV, music and video production

HEFT



Čekaluša 21, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 61 81 28 88 almir@heft.ba www.heft.ba

Specialization: Film, TV and theater production

KADAR



Trg širokobriježanskih žrtava 1, 88220 Široki Brijeg

Tel. / fax.: +387 39 70 69 92

info@kadar.ba www.kadar.ba

Specialization: Film and video production

KLUB ANIMATORA NERETVA



Maršala Tita 179, 88000 Mostar

Tel.: +387 63 35 01 49 Specialization: Animation

MAGACIN KABARE



Čekaluša 14, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 66 93 50 42

emir@magacinkabare.com www.magacinkabare.com

Specialization: Theatre, video and film production

MANIA



Braće Potkonjaka 2, 78000 Banja Luka

Tel.: +387 65 93 56 09

kontakt@pokrenimaniju.com Web: www.pokrenimaniju.com

Specialization: Marketing and production

MARLETTI



Budakovići 30, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 22 33 23 armin@marletti.ba www.marletti.ba

Specialization: TV and film production, advertising

MEBIUS FILM



Bajrama Zenunija 4/15, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel. / fax.: +387 33 46 33 36 mebius@bih.net.ba

medius@bin.net.ba

Specialization: TV and film production

NOVI FILM





Rudolfa Rude Tomića 34, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 61 18 12 539

production@novi-film.com

www.novi-film.com

Specialization: Film and video production,

distribution

OBALA ART CENTAR



Zelenih beretki 12, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax.: +387 33 20 94 11 Specialization: Film distribution

OKTAVIJAN



Muje Pašića 8, 88000 Mostar

Tel.: +387 36 34 79 92, +387 63 57 64 48

sknezo11@gmail.com

Specialization: Film and theatre production

PRIME TIME PRODUCTION





Ljubljanska b.b., 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 71 80 35 Fax.: +387 33 71 80 36 adnan@primetime.co.ba

www.primetime.co.ba

Specialization: Film and TV production, animation,

marketing

PANGLAS





Avde Hume 8, 71000 Sarajevo Tel.: +387 61 13 92 66, +387 61 17 40 36,

must a famust a fic@hotmail.com,

almir.djikoli@gmail.com

Specialization: Production of feature films, documentaries and video, color grading, rental

PROFIL 2



Branilaca Sarajeva 30, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 62 87 76 91

dizdarevicnenad@hotmail.com Specialization: Film production

BHRT - RADIO TELEVISION OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA





Bulevar Meše Selimovića 12, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 46 11 01 Fax: +387 33 40 80 29 pitajte@bhrt.ba www.bhrt.ba

Specialization: Film and TV production

RADIO TELEVISION OF FEDERATION OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA





Bulevar Meše Selimovića 12, 71000 Sarajevo Tel.: +387 33 46 40 70, +387 33 46 11 01 press@rtvfbih.ba, selmadc@rtvfbih.ba

Specialization: Film and TV production

RADIO TELEVISION OF REPUBLIKA SRPSKA





Trg Republike Srpske 9, 78000 Banja Luka Tel. / fax. +387 51 33 98 00 rtrs@rtrs.tv

www.rtrs.tv

Specialization: Film and TV production

REFRESH PRODUCTION



Splitska 11, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax. +387 33 21 10 93 fresh@bih.net.ba www.refresh.ba

Specialization: Film and TV production

RELATIVE PICTURES



Alipašina 7/4, 71000 Sarajevo Tel.: +387 62 64 86 66 relative.pics@gmail.com Specialization: Film production

SAGA



Hakije Kulenovića 7,71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax.: +387 33 66 68 11 saga@sagafilm.com www.sagafilm.com

Specialization: Film and TV production

SCCA/pro.ba



Nedžada Mušića 4, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 44 45 35 office@pro.ba www.pro.ba

Specialization: Film, TV and video production

SCENA



Zvornička 27, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 62 33 31 36

Specialization: Film production

SCOUT FILM



Kemala Kapetanovića 17, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel.: +387 33 64 26 00 scout@scout.ba www.scout.ba

Specialization: Film production

STUDIO NEUM



Agava 8, 88390 Neum

sanja.rajic-banjac@tel.net.ba

www.naff.ba

Specialization: Animation

VIZART



Jovana Dučića 23a, 78000 Banja Luka

Tel.: +387 51 34 06 37 Fax.: +387 51 34 06 41 vizart@vizartfilms.com www.vizartfilms.com

Specialization: Film, TV and video production

ZONA TALENT AGENCY



Skenderija 44/IV, 71000 Sarajevo

Tel. / fax.: +387 33 23 81 23, +387 63 39 77 25

anila@zonatalents.ba www.zonatalents.ba

Specialization: Casting agency

FILM SCHOOLS

ACADEMY OF ARTS BANJA LUKA

Bulevar vojvode Petra Bojovića 1a, 78000 Banja Luka Tel.: +387 51 34 88 00, +387 51 34 88 05 info@aubl.org

ACADEMY OF DRAMA TUZLA

Ulica ZAVNOBIH-a 2, 75000 Tuzla Tel. / fax.: +387 35 27 76 90 akadu@untz.ba www.adu.untz.ba

ACADEMY OF PERFORMING ARTS IN SARAJEVO

Obala Kulina bana 11, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax.: +387 33 21 52 77 asu@asu.unsa.ba www.asu.unsa.ba

FACULTY OF DRAMA AND FILM ARTS

Raje Baničića b.b., 76300 Bijeljina Tel.: +387 55 21 71 00; +387 55 21 71 01 Fax.: +387 55 21 90 71 studentska@sinergija.edu.ba www.sinergija.edu.ba

SARAJEVO FILM ACADEMY

Bistrik 7, 71000 Sarajevo Tel.: +387 33 56 30 30 Fax.: +387 33 56 30 33 admissions@sfa.ba, info@sfa.ba www.sfa.ba

FILM FACTORY PROGRAMME

Hrasnička cesta b.b., 71000 Sarajevo info@filmfactory.ba www.filmfactory.ba



FILM FESTIVALS

BH. FILM FESTIVAL

Festival dedicated to showcasing the current bh. film production, including the Student Competition Program. It is held under the umbrella of Sarajevo Film Festival and in 2017 it will be held from 12th to 18th of August.

Contact

Branilaca Sarajeva 20 / II, 71000 Sarajevo Tel. / fax.: +387 33 66 74 52 udruzenje@bhfilm.ba www.bhfilm.ba

INTERNATIONAL ANIMATED FILM FESTIVAL BANJA LUKA

International Animated Film Festival with competition program held annually in Banja Luka in October.

Contact

banjaluka@banjalukanima.org www.banjalukanima.org

MEDITERRANEAN FILM FESTIVAL

Film Festival held annually in August in Široki Brijeg. It focuses on documentary film and features short and feature documentary film competition programs.

Contact

Trg Gojka Šuška 5, 88220 Široki Brijeg Tel. / fax.: +387 39 70 46 31 topic@mff.ba www.mff.ba

MOSTAR FILM DAYS

MOFF is annual film festival held in Mostar in November. The Festival is dedicated to actors and gives *Tree of Life Award* to best actors and actresses

Contact

Muje Pašića 8, 88000 Mostar moff@moff.ba www.moff.ba

NEUM ANIMATED FILM FESTIVAL

Animated Film Festival, with competition program, held annually in June in Neum.

Contact

Stepenište agava 8, 88390 Neum Tel. / fax.: + 387 36 88 03 20 rajicjurinko@yahoo.com www.naff.ba

DAYS OF CROATIAN FILM IN ORAŠJE

The Days of Croatian Film present the annual film production from Croatia and Bosnia and Herzegovina. The Festival is held annually in September in Orašje.

HUMAN RIGHTS FILM FESTIVAL "PRAVO LJUDSKI"

Film festival focusing on documentary films about human rights featuring competition program and program for high school students. The Festival is held annually in November in Sarajevo.

Contact

Obala Kulina bana 18, 71000 Sarajevo Tel.: +387 33 26 59 15 Fax.: +387 33 26 59 16 www.pravoljudski.org

FILM FESTIVAL "PRVI KADAR"

Competitive event that screens documentary and short films from all over the world and gives the awards in three categories. The Festival is held annually in October in East Sarajevo.

Contact

Banović Strahinje 5, East Sarajevo Tel. / fax.: +381 60 49 28 264 prvikadar@yahoo.com www.lutfest.com/nova

SARAJEVO FILM FESTIVAL

Sarajevo Film Festival is the biggest regional festival featuring four competition programs (feature film, short film, documentary film and student film competition), out of competition programs, educational program Sarajevo Talents and industry events CineLink Industry Days. It focuses on 20 countries of the Region, but showcases film from all around the world. Sarajevo Film Festival is held annually during the month of August and in 2017 it will be held from 11th to 18th of August.

Contact

Zelenih beretki 12, 71000 Sarajevo Tel.: +387 33 22 15 16 www sff ba

FILM FESTIVAL "SREBRNA TRAKA"

The Festival screens documentary, animated, fiction and experimental short films as well as student films. In 2017 it will be held in autumn.

Contact

Trg Mihajla Bjelakovića, 75430 Srebrenica office@prijateljisrebrenice.org www.srebrenatraka.com

TUZLA FILM FESTIVAL

The Festival focuses on South Slavic cinema, especially on the films from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia and Slovenia. Films are presented in four categories: documentary, feature, short and animated films. The Festival is held annually in October in Tuzla.

Contact

Ulica Trg slobode 16, 75000 Tuzla Tel.: +387 35 25 82 67 Fax.: +387 35 30 46 56 info@tff.ba www.tff.ba

VIVA FILM FESTIVAL

VIVA Film Festival is international festival of ecological, religious, tourism and youth documentary film organized in June in Sarajevo, Mostar and several smaller cities in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Contact

Tel: +387 61 80 30 80 vivafilmfestival@gmail.com www.vivaba.com

OFF FILM FESTIVAL

OFF is a Youth Film Festival dedicated to showcasing films produced by young filmmakers from BiH, Region and Europe. Selected films compete in two categories, short film and documentaries, and compete for 4 prizes: Best Short Film, Best Documentary Film, Best Actor and Best Actress. Festival, also, includes educational part and two side programs. In 2017 it will be held from 26th to 30th of July.

Contact

Skenderpašina 1 - Networks, 71000 Sarajevo info@off.buzz www.off.buzz

WARM FESTIVAL

The WARM Festival is dedicated to war reporting, war art and war memory. It is bringing together journalists, artists, historians, researchers and activists with a common passion for "telling the story with excellence and integrity". WARM includes exhibitions, conferences and films screenings in its program. It is held annually at the end of June in Sarajevo.

Contact

Zagrebačka 69, 71000 Sarajevo contact@warmfoundation.org www.warmfoundation.org

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bosniaandherzegovina@mfa.gov.me



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IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS



GENERAL EMERGENCY

112



CIVIL PROTECTION

121



POLICE

122



FIRE DEPARTMENT

123



AMBULANCE

124



SEARCH AND RESCUE SERVICES OF BIH

1262



TRAFFIC REPORT

1282



ROADSIDE ASSISTANCE

BIHAMK (Bosnia and Herzegovina Automobile and Motorcycle Club): 1282

AMSRS (Automobile and Motorcycle Association of Republic of Srpska): 1285 AAMKBIH (Association of Automobile and

of Automobile and Motorcycle Clubs of Bosnia and Herzegovina): 1288



EXACT TIME

125



TELEGRAM

1202



WAKE-UP SERVICE

1401



TELEPHONE INFORMATION

BH Telecom (Local): 1182

BH Telecom

(International): 1183

Telekom Srpske (Local):

1185

Telekom Srpske

(International): 1186

HT Mostar (Local): 1188

HT Mostar

(International): 1266



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Banja Luka

Ideal Taxi: 1545 Maxi Taxi: 1551 Euro Taxi: 1555

Tuzla

Taxi Tuzla: 1500, 1517, 1518



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Express Mail Services (BH Post): 1417 Express Mail Services (Post Office of Republic of Srpska): 1371 BH Post Office: +387 33 25 27 11 Croatian Post Ltd.

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+387 33 460 204 DHL Express: +387 33 77 40 00 FedEx: +387 51 244 331

TNT: +387 33 77 92 20 UPS: +387 33 78 81 60

WHERE TO STAY

UNA-SANA CANTON

B&B Villa Una

Bihaćkih branilaca 20, 77000 Bihać; Tel: +387 37 31 13 93; Email: info@villa-una.com; Web: www.villa-una.com; Rooms: 11; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

B&B Villa Una is located 250m from Una River. Guests can enjoy view of the city from the terrace.

Hotel Emporium

Dr. Irfana Ljubijankića 90, 77000 Bihać; Tel: +387 37 31 66 00; Email: info@emporium.ba; Web: www. emporium.ba; Rooms: 28; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Emporium is located in Bihać, 5 minutes walking distance from the city center and has a spacious parking lot.

Hotel Kostelski Buk

Kostela b.b., 77000 Bihać; Tel: +387 37 30 23 40; Email: info@kostelski-buk.com; Web: www.kostelski-buk.com; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Drowned in natural environment cascade of River Una, Hotel Kostelski Buk is a unique oasis for a break from the fast pace and a perfect place for business meetings.

Hotel Opal Exclusive

Kupreška b.b., 77000 Bihać; Tel: +387 37 22 41 83; Web: www.hotelopal.ba; Rooms: 25; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Opal Exclusive is situated in a quiet location along the River Una, only 5 minutes walking distance from Bihać historical center.

Hotel Paviljon

Aleja Alije Izetbegovića, 77000 Bihać; **Tel**: +387 22 41 94; **Web**: www.hotelpaviljon.ba; **Rooms**: 13; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Located inside the fortified city walls of the Old Town in the building built at the beginning of Austro-Hungarian rule in Bihać.

Irish Hotel Bihać

Muhsina Rizvića 4, 77000 Bihać; Tel: +387 37 22 40 60; Web: www.hotelirish.com; Rooms: 18; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Irish Hotel Bihać is newly built luxury hotel 300m away from the city center.

Park Hotel

Put 5. korpusa, 77000 Bihać; Tel: +387 37 22 14 31; Web: www.aduna.ba; Rooms: 64; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES Park Hotel is located just 100m from the Main Square and 500m from Main Bus Station. It offers a garden with a spacious terrace and free parking.

Rekić Hotel

Ribarska 1, 77000 Bihać; Tel: +387 37 35 02 00; Email: info@hotelrekic.com; Web: www.hotelrekic.com; Rooms: 61; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Rekić Hotel is located in 1km from Bihać city center and offers free private parking for guests.

POSAVINA CANTON

Odzak

Hotel Euro

Titova b.b., 76290 Odžak; Tel: +387 31 76 29 00; Web: www.hotel-euro.info; Rooms: 46; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Opened in 2001, Hotel Euro is located in the centar of Odžak, near the border with Croatia. Pets are allowed.

Orašje

Hotel Derby

XIV Ulica b.b., 76270 Orašje; Tel: +387 31 71 30 57; Web: www.derby-orasje.ba

Located just a few meters from the shopping center and a short walk from the city center, Hotel Derby has been completely renovated recently.

Villa Aroma

XIX Ulica b.b., 76270 Orašje; Tel: +387 31 71 47 90; Email: motel@villaaroma.ba; Web: www.villaaroma.ba; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Motel Villa Aroma is located in Orašje, only 300 meters from the border of Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia.

ZENICA-DOBOJ CANTON

Hotel Dubrovnik

Školska 10, 72000 Zenica; Tel: +387 32 20 27 00; Email: info@hoteldubrovnik.ba; Web: www. hoteldubrovnik.ba; Rooms: 34; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Dubrovnik is located in the heart of Zenica, 100 meters from the ZEPS fair, and offers free private parking. Pets are allowed.

Hotel Fontana

Začarina 17, 72000 Zenica; Tel: +387 61 17 66 86; Rooms: 25; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Fontana is located in Zenica, next to the river Kočeva, surrounded by nature and only 500 meters from the city center. Pets are allowed.

Hotel Zenica

Kamberovića čikma b.b., 72000 Zenica; Tel: +387 32 20 96 00; Web: www.hotelzenica.ba; Rooms: 85; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Zenica is situated next to the center for trade Džananović. 50 meters from the ZEPS Fair in Zenica.

Penzionerski dom

Prve zeničke brigade 1D, 72000 Zenica; **Te**l: +387 32 42 55 05; **Email**: penzionerskidom@gmail.com; **Rooms**: 20; **Parking**: YES

Penzionerski dom is located in the village Babina rijeka. Near the hotel there are facilities for sport and recreation and trails for jogging and cycling along the river.

BOSNIAN PODRINJE CANTON

Hotel Behar

Trg branilaca, 73000 Goražde; Tel: +387 38 22 79 97; Email: hotel-behar@yahoo.com; Web: www.behar. co.ba; Rooms: 24

Hotel Behar is located on the banks of the Drina River in Goražde. It is characterized by numerous additional activities: hunting, fishing, sports and recreation.

CENTRAL BOSNIA CANTON

Fojnica

Aquareumal

Banjska 3, 71270 Fojnica; Tel: +387 30 54 75 00; Email: recepcija@aquareumal.ba; Web: www.aquareumal.ba; Rooms: 74; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Aquareumal is located only 40km from Sarajevo, under the wooded slopes, in a quiet area near the center of the ancient Foinica. Foinica Thermal Water has been used for centuries for medicinal purposes.

laice

Hotel Plivsko jezero

Mile b.b., 70101 Jajce; Tel: +387 30 65 40 90; Email: plivsko.jezero@tel.net.ba; Web: www.plivsko-jezero.com; Rooms: 28; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel "Plivsko jezero" is located in a beautiful natural setting at the foot of the Bosnian mountains, on the shore of the Great Pliva Lake. It is 3km away from Jaice.

Hotel Turist 98

Kraljice Katarine b.b., 70101 Jajce; Tel: +387 30 65 81 51; Email: utd.turist98@tel.net.ba; Web: www.hotel-turist98.com; Rooms: 29; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Turist 98 is located outside the city noise, yet close to the Jajce city center.

Travnik

Motel Aba

Šumeće 166, 72270 Travnik; Tel: +387 30 51 14 62; Email: info@aba-ba; Web: www.aba.ba; Rooms: 18; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Motel ABA is located in the old part of Travnik, a hundred meters from the Travnik medieval fortress in one and the city center in the other direction.

Vlašio

Blanca Resort & Spa

Babanovac b.b., 72286 Vlašić; Tel: +387 30 51 99 00; Email: recepcija@blanca-resort.com; Web: www. blanca-resort.com; Rooms: 56; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Blanca Resort & Spa is located 26 km from Travnik. The hotel itself is situated in an attractive location, in sports center Babanovac, at the foot of the former Olympic ski jumping venue. Pets are allowed.

Hotel Pahuljica

Babanovac b.b., 72286 Vlašić; Tel: +387 30 54 00 22; Email: info@pahuljica.com; Web: www.plivsko-jezero.com; Rooms: 32; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

This mountain hotel has a wellness center, indoor swimming pool and a ski school. It is located at 1,235m above sea level.

Hotel Sunce

Babanovac b.b., 72286 Vlašić; Tel: +387 30 54 11 00; Email: info@sunce-vlasic.com; Web: www.sunce-vlasic.com; Rooms: 38; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Sunce is modern mountain-type hotel situated on 1240 m above sea level, on the sunniest area of SRC Babanovac on the mountain Vlašić. It is 28km from Travnik.

Hotel Villa Ugar

Babanovac b.b., 72286 Vlašić; Tel: +387 30 54 01 40; Email: info@villa-ugar.ba; Web: www.villa-ugar.ba; Rooms: 33; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Villa Ugar is located in the center of SRC Babanovac. Due to the location and altitude Villa Ugar represents the ideal place for nature lovers and sports both in winter or summer.

Hotel Vlašić

Babanovac b.b., 72286 Vlašić; **Tel**: +387 30 54 06 90; **Email**: hotelvlasic@hotmail.com; **Web**: www.hotelvlasic.com; **Rooms**: 26; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Vlašić is located on the central plateau of sports recreation center Babanovac, at the beautiful Mount Vlašić. The most important facilities and parking space can be found close to it.

HERZEGOVINA-NERETVA CANTON

Capljina

Hotel Mogorjelo

Kraljice Katarine, 88300 Čapljina; **Tel**: +387 36 81 08 15; **Email**: mogorjelo@makarthoteli.com; **Web**: www. hotelmogorjelo.com; **Rooms**: 41; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Mogorjelo is located on the banks of the Neretva River and near the bridge Capljina.

Međugorie

Hotel Grace

 $\label{prop:to:mail:mail:mail:office@grace-medjugorje.com; \begin{tabular}{ll} \begi$

Villa Grace is located 5km from the waterfalls Kravica in Međugorje. It is located 100m from the church of St. Jacob and 1.8km from the Apparition Hill.

Hotel Herceg

Sivrići b.b., 88269 Međugorje; Tel: +387 36 65 34 01; Email: info@hotel-herceg.com; Web: www.hotel-herceg.com; Rooms: 75; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Herceg, built in 2011, is a modern and comfortable 4-star hotel, located in the heart of Međugorje.

Hotel International

Glavna ulica, 88266 Međugorje; Tel: +387 36 65 14 40; Email: hotelinternational.medjugorje@gmail.com; Web: www.medjugorje-international.com; Rooms: 30; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel International is located opposite the Church of St. James in Međugorje.

Hotel Leone

Bijakovici b.b., 88266 Međugorje; Tel: +387 36 65 50 67; Email: info@hotel-leone.com; Web: www.leone-medjugorje.com; Rooms: 56; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Leone is 4-star hotel located in the center of Međugorie, just 150m from the Church of St. James.

Hotel Luna

Bijakovići b.b., 88266 Međugorje; Tel: +387 36 65 49 40; Email: lunamedjugorje@gmail.com; Web: www. hotel-luna.net; Rooms: 96; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Luna is one of the largest hotels in Međugorje located near the St. James church, Apparition Hill and Križevri

Hotel Lux

Starci 1, 88266 Međugorje; Tel: +387 36 65 18 70; Email: info@lux-medjugorje.ba; Web: www.lux-medjugorje.ba; Rooms: 47; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Lux is a brand new modern furnished 3-star hotel, located only 50m from the Church of St. James, in the heart of Međugorje.

Hotel Matal

Vukovarska 11, 88269 Međugorje; **Tel**: +387 63 36 08 40; **Web**: www.matal-medjugorje.com; **Rooms**: 85; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Matal is located 150m from the church of St. James and 1km from the Hill of Apparition of the Virgin Mary.

Hotel Međugorje

Fra Slavka Barbarića 29, 88266 Međugorje; Tel: +387 36 64 04 50; Email: info@medjugorjehotelspa.com; Web: www.medjugorjehotelspa.com; Rooms: 99; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Međugorje is a 4-star hotel located in the heart of Međugorje, a few steps from the church of St. James in the street leading to the Hill of Apparition.

Hotel Mir

Bijakovići b.b., 88266 Međugorje; Tel: +387 36 65 13 78; Email: hotelmir-medjugorje@tel.net.ba; Web: www. hotelmirmedjugorje.com; Rooms: 78; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Mir is family-owned hotel located in Bijakovići, near the Apparitions Hill and the church of St. James.

Hotel Quercus

Dr. Franje Tudmana 9, 88266 Međugorje; **Te**l: +387 36 65 38 06; **Web**: www.quercus.ba; **Rooms**: 42; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Quercus is located in the center of Međugorje, 300m from the church of St. James and 1km from the Križevci

Villa Regina

Ul. Pape Ivana Pavla II, 88266 Međugorje; Tel: +387 36 65 18 08; Email: info@hotel-villaregina.com; Web: www.hotel-villaregina.com; Rooms: 48; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Villa Regina is located in the center of Međugorje and the Church of St. James is only 50m down the street.

Mostar

Amicus Apart Hotel

Zalik b.b., 88000 Mostar; Tel: +387 36 50 19 00; Email: info@amicus-aparthotel.com; Web: www.amicus-aparthotel.com; Rooms: 22; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Amicus Apart Hotel is located on the main road M17, at the northern entrance to the city of Mostar, at the crossroads of Dubrovnik—Mostar—Sarajevo. It is just few minutes away from Mostar City Center.

City Hote

Vukovarska b.b., 88000 Mostar; Tel: +387 36 34 90 90; Email: info@city-hotel.ba; Web: www.city-hotel.ba; Rooms: 80; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

City Hotel is located in a residential part of Mostar. Historical sights and the historic center of the city are within walking distance.

Hotel Bevanda

Stara Ilička b.b, 88000 Mostar; Tel: +387 36 33 23 32; Email: info@bevanda.ba; Web: www.bevanda.ba; Rooms: 33; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Bevanda is a modern 5-star hotel, located in a quiet part of town, next to the river Radobolja. The hotel is located along the Mostar-Čitluk-Međugorie road, just 3 minutes walk away from the main square.

Hotel Bristol

Mostarskog bataljona b.b., 88000 Mostar; Tel: +387 36 50 01 00; Email: info@bristol.ba; Web: www.bristol.ba; Rooms: 47; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Bristol is completely renovated 4-star hotel located in the center of Mostar, on the right bank of the Neretva River.

Hotel Ero

Dr. Ante Starčevića b.b., 88000 Mostar; **Tel**: +387 36 38 67 77; **Email**: hotel.ero@tel.net.ba; **Web**: www.ero. ba; **Rooms**: 140; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Ero is located 200m from the central - Spanish Square, and 300m from the river Neretva.

Hotel Hercegovina

Bišće Polje M17, 88000 Mostar; Tel: +387 57 60 70; Email: contact@hotel-hercegovina.ba; Web: www.hotel-hercegovina.ba; Rooms: 26; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

The facility is located 5km from the Mostar city center and 30km from Međugorje, famous pilgrimage spot.

Hotel Mepas

Kneza Višeslava b.b., 88000 Mostar; **Te**l: +387 36 38 20 00; **Email**: info@mepas-hotel.ba; **Web**: www.mepas-hotel.ba; **Rooms**: 87; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Mepas is located in the heart of Mostar business center, a ten minute walk away from the old city center, in the immediate vicinity of the main square.

Hotel Medium

Maršala Tita 23, 88000 Mostar; Tel: +387 36 57 13 68; Email: info@hotel-medium.com; Web: www.hotel-medium.com; Rooms: 23; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

This 3-star hotel is situated in the heart of the city of Mostar, only a few steps away from the University "Džemal Bijedić" and in vicinity of all the key cultural centers and shopping malls.

Hotel Mostar

Kneza Domagoja b.b., 88000 Mostar; **Tel**: +387 36 44 65 00; **Email**: recepcija@hotelmostar.ba; **Web**: www. hotelmostar.ba; **Rooms**: 103; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Mostar is new-build 4-star hotel in the city centre just 15 minutes walking distance from Old Town and 10 minutes from bus and train station.

Kriva Ćuprija

Onešćukova 23, 88000 Mostar; Tel: +387 36 36 03 60; Email: info@hotel-mostar.ba; Web: www.hotel-mostar.ba; Rooms: 28; WiFi: YES; Parking: NO

Limestone house, just a few steps from the Old Bridge in which Kriva Ćuprija is located, is part of the cultural heritage. It is just 8 minutes walk from the beach and pets are allowed.

Neum

Grand Hotel Neum

Zagrebačka 2, 88390 Neum; Tel: +387 36 88 02 22; Email: prodaja@hotel-neum.com; Web: www.hotel-neum.com; Rooms: 380; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Grand Hotel Neum, renovated in 2013, is the largest hotel at Neum Riviera only 3 minutes walk from the beach. It includes indoor and outdoor pools, 3 restaurants, a spa and wellness center.

Hotel Adria

Zagrebačka 2A, 88390 Neum; Tel: +387 36 88 04 01; Email: hotel.adria@tel.net.ba; Web: www.hoteladria-neum.com; Rooms: 60; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Adria is located right next to the seashore.

Hotel Agava

Zagrebačka 2d, 88390 Neum; Tel: +387 63 56 50 72; Email: info@agava-neum.com; Web: www.agava-neum.com; Rooms: 25; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Agava is situated in the central part of Neum, near the hotel Neum and 80m away from the beach.

Hotel Luna

Zagrebačka 49A, 88390 Neum; Tel: +387 36 88 50 30; Email: info@hotel-luna.ba; Web: www.hotel-luna.ba; Rooms: 24; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Luna is located next to the Adriatic Highway, at an attractive and peaceful place, around 100m from the sea.

Hotel Orka

Jazine b.b., 88390 Neum; Tel: +387 36 88 46 45; Email: info@hotel-orka.ba; Web: www.hotel-orka.ba; Rooms: 45; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Newly built hotel Orka is located next to highway connecting Neum and Dubrovnik, only 100m from the seaside.

Hotel Porat

Primorska 140a, 88390 Neum; Tel: +387 88 00 84; Email: info@hotel-porat.ba; Web: www.hotel-porat.ba; Rooms: 24; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Porat is situated on the waterfront of Neum bay. Beach with shallow and crystal clear waters extends in front of it.

Hotel Sunce

Kralja Tomislava b.b., 88390 Neum; Tel: +387 36 88 00 33; Email: info@hotel-sunce.com; Web: www.hotel-sunce.com; Rooms: 200; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Sunce is located in center of Neum, right on the coast.

Hotel Villa Nova

Primorska 7, 88390 Neum; Tel: +387 36 88 52 20; Email: nova@villa-nova.info; Web: www.villa-nova.info; Rooms: 27; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Villa Nova is located in a quiet location in Neum, 500m from the city center.

WEST HERZEGOVINA CANTON

Grude

Hotel Otok

Fra. Gabre Grubišića 21, 88340 Grude; Tel: +387 39 66 03 42; Email: info@hotelotok.net; Web: www. hotelotok.net; Rooms: 23; Parking: YES

Hotel Otok is located in Grude, near the church and the city center, on a hill with a breathtaking view over Grude landscape.

LJUDUSKI

Hotel Hum

Nikole Kordića b.b., 88320 Ljubuški; Tel: +387 39 83 94 00; Email: info@hotelhum.com; Web: www. hotelhum.com; Rooms: 8; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

A newly built Hotel Hum is located in center of Ljubuški.

Posušie

Motel Penava

Vukovarska b.b., 88240 Posušje; Tel: +387 63 58 05 80; Rooms: 15; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Motel Penava is a new modern motel in Posušje.

Siroki Brije

Hotel Đulić

Mokro b.b., 88220 Široki Brijeg; Tel: +387 39 70 06 00; Rooms: 12; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Đulić is deluxe category hotel immersed in idyllic green surroundings of Herzegovina.

Hotel Park

Trg Ante Starčevića 4, 88220 Široki Brijeg; Tel: +387 39 70 05 00; Email: info@hotelpark.ba; Web: www. hotelpark.ba; Rooms: 33; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Park is located in the center of Siroki Brijeg, in the heart of Herzegovina, next to beautiful river Listica.

CANTON 10

Livno

Hotel Dinara

Trg branitelja b.b., 80101 Livno; Tel: +387 34 20 10 54; Email: info@atlas-turist.com; Rooms: 50; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Dinara is located just 5 minutes walk from the Old Town of Livno.

Hotel Park

Kneza Mutimira 56, 80101 Livno; Tel: +387 34 20 21 49; Email: hotel.park.livno@gmail.com; Web: www. hotelpark-livno.ba; Rooms: 20; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Park is located in the center of Livno, close to all historical sites.

Tomislavgrad

Hotel Papić

Kralja Zvonimira b.b., 80240 Tomislavgrad; Tel: +387 34 35 36 30; Web: www.papic.ba; Rooms: 15; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Papić is located in center of Tomislavgrad. Pets are welcome.

SARAJEVO CANTON

Bjelašnica

Hotel Bjelašnica

Babin Do b.b., 71220 Bjelašnica; **Tel**: +387 33 97 69 21; **Email**: info@hotelbjelasnica.ba; **Web**: www. hotelbjelasnica.ba; **Rooms**: 63; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Bjelašnica is located 900m from the ski lift Bjelašnica in Babin Dol, 20km from Sarajevo and 23km from Jahorina. It is possible to rent ski equipment and bicycles in the hotel, and the surrounding area is popular skiing location.

Hotel Maršal

Babin Do b.b., 71220 Bjelašnica; Tel: +387 33 58 41 00; Email: information@hotel-marsal.ba; Web: www. hotel-marsal.ba; Rooms: 73; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Maršal is a 3-star hotel located on Babin Dol on Bjelašnica, 23km from Sarajevo, at an altitude of 1273m.

Sarajevo

City Boutique Hotel

Mula Mustafe Bašeskije 2, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 56 68 50; Email: info@cityhotel.ba; Web: www. cityhotel.ba; Rooms: 19; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Located in the heart of downtown Sarajevo, City Boutique Hotel is in close proximity to the National Theater, Bašcaršija and a shopping area, right in the middle of Sarajevo's hottest city buzz.

Courtyard by Marriott

Skenderija 1, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 95 45 00; Email: welcome@courtyardsarajevo.com; Web: www. marriott.com/sjjcy; Rooms: 131; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Courtyard by Marriott is located in the center of Sarajevo along the Miljacka River, Old Town Baščaršija is 1.5km away. Pets are allowed.

ETN Hotel

Safet Bega Bašagića 12, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 57 35 30; Email: etnhotel@etnhotel.ba; Web: www. etnhotel.biz; Rooms: 20; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

ETN Hotel is located in a renovated historical building in Sarajevo's Baščaršija, 200m from Vijećnica.

Hotel Art

Vladislava Skarića 3, 71000 Sarajevo; **Tel**: +387 33 23 28 55; **Email**: info@hotelart.ba; **Web**: www.hotelart.ba; **Rooms**: 28; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Art is located in the heart of Sarajevo, within 100m of Begova Mosque, Roman Catholic cathedral, Orthodox Church and a Jewish Synagogue.

Hotel Astra

Zelenih Beretki 9, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 25 21 00; Email: reception@hotelastra.ba; Web: www.hotelastra.com.ba; Rooms: 18; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Astra is located in the center of Sarajevo near the old part of the town, Baščaršija. Bus and train station are within 3km

Hotel Astra Garni

Kundurdžiluk 2, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 47 51 00; Email: reception@hotelastragarni.ba; Web: www. astra-garni.com.ba; Rooms: 49; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Astra Garni is located just 200m away from the Presidency building in central part of Sarajevo.

Hayat Hills

Sarajevskih Gazija 115, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 92 22 29; Email: hills.hayat@gmail.com; Web: www. hayat-hills.ba; Rooms: 38; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Hayat Hills is 2km away from center of Old Town and 13km from Sarajevo Airport.

Hotel Belvedere

Višnjik 2, 71000 Sarajevo; **Tel**: +387 33 26 21 40; **Email**: branka@belvedere-sa.com; **Web**: www.belvedere-sa.com; **Rooms**: 40; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Belvedere is located in the city center, near the University Hospital, 10 minutes walk away from the Old Town. Pets are allowed.

Hotel Bosna

Kulovića 9, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 56 70 10; Email: info@bosniahotels.com; Web: www.bosniahotels.com; Rooms: 72; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

The hotel is located in the very Centre of Sarajevo, 2 minutes walk from National Theatre and in the vicinity of Baščaršija.

Hotel Bristol

Fra Filipa Lastrića 2, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 70 50 00; Email: info@bristolsarajevo.com; Web: www. bristolsarajevo.com; Rooms: 24; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Bristol is located by the Miljacka River, 4km from the picturesque old part of Sarajevo and 8km from Sarajevo International Airport.

Hotel Central

Ćumurija 8, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 56 18 00; Email: info@hotelcentral.ba; Web: www.hotelcentral.ba; Rooms: 15; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Fully renovated Hotel Central is located in Sarajevo city centre. On site, guests are offered top quality facilities for fitness and relaxation as well as swimming pool 25m long.

Hotel Colors Inn

Koševo 8, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 27 66 00; Email: info@colorsinnsarajevo.com; Web: www. hotelcolorsinnsarajevo.com; Rooms: 37; WiFI: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Colors Inn is located at the centre of the city, in Koševo Street, in the charming building dating back to the Austro-Hungarian period.

Hotel Cosmopolit

Radićeva 15, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 25 11 00; Email: hotel.cosmopolit.sa@gmail.com; Web: www.cosmopolithotel.com; Rooms: 16; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Cosmopolit is situated in Sarajevo, 1km from the Baščaršija and 200m from Miljacka River.

Hotel Crystal

Banjska b.b., 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 77 20 00; Email: info@hoteliilidza.ba; Web: www.hoteliilidza.ba; Rooms: 28; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Crystal is 100m from the spa and rehabilitation center Terme Ilidža and member of spa rehabilitation hotel company Ilidža Hotels. Hotel Crystal and Hotel Hercegovina have been involved in elite tourism since 1892.

Hotel Europe

Vladislava Skarića 5, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 58 05 70; Email: reservation@hoteleurope.ba; Web: www. hoteleurope.ba; Rooms: 174; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Built in 1882, and renovated and re-opened in 2008, Austro-Hungarian building which houses Hotel Europe is located in the heart of Sarajevo, just a few steps away from the Old Town.

Hotel Exclusive

Zabrde 5b, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 58 00 00; Email: info@hotel-exclusive.ba; Web: www.hotel-exclusive.ba; Rooms: 42; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Exclusive is recently opened 4-star hotel, located at the entrance to the city, 5km from Sarajevo International Airport.

Hotel Festival

Skenderija 58, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 27 00 00; Email: info@hotelfestival.ba; Web: www.hotelfestival.ba; Rooms: 20; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Festival is located near the old city center, on the left bank of the river Miljacka, between two historic bridges — Čobanija Bridge and Latin Bridge.

Hotel Grad

Safeta Hadžića 19, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 84 80 88; Email: info@gradhotel.ba; Web: www.hotelgrad.ba; Rooms: 20; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Grad is positioned along the street, making it possible to use public transport and easily reach desired destination. It is 6.5km away from Baščaršija, 7.2km from Ilidža and 5.5km from the International Airport Sarajevo.

Hotel Grand

Muhameda ef. Pandže 7, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 56 34 44; Email: booking@hotelgrand.com; Web: www.hotelgrand.com; Rooms: 123; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Grand is 3-star hotel located just 250m from the main railway station in Sarajevo and 3km from the historic district Baščaršija.

Hotel Hayat

Abdesthana 27, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 57 03 70; Email: info@hotel-hayat.ba; Web: www.hotel-hayat.ba; Rooms: 46; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Hayat is 3-star hotel located in Sarajevo city centre, near Baščaršija.

Hotel Hecco

Medresa 1, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 27 37 30; Email: hotel.hecco@gmail.com; Web: www.hotel-hecco. net; Rooms: 29; WiFi: YES; Parking; YES

Hotel Hecco, renovated in 2014, is located in a modern building, just 5 minutes walk from the cultural center of Sarajevo.

Hotel Hercegovina

Banjska b.b., 71000 Sarajevo; **Tel**: +387 33 77 20 00; **Email**: info@hoteliilidza.ba; **Web**: www.hoteliilidza.ba; **Rooms**: 24; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Hercegovina is a 4-star hotel 50m from the spa and rehabilitation center Terme Ilidža and member of spa-rehabilitation hotel company Ilidža Hotels.

Hotel Holiday

Zmaja od Bosne 4, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 28 82 00; Email: reception@hotelholiday.ba; Web: www. hotelholiday.ba; Rooms: 150; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Holiday is located in the heart of Sarajevo and epicenter of business activity. It was built for 1984 Winter Olympics, and since became an important landmark witnessing Bosnia and Herzegovina's recent history.

Hotel Hollywood

Dr. Mustafe Pintola 23, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 77 31 00; Email: info@hotel-hollywood.ba; Web: www. hotel-hollywood.ba; Rooms: 418; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Hollywood is located in the center of Ilidža, green oasis of Sarajevo, near Sarajevo International Airport, along the city's main traffic terminal.

Hotel Italia

Pofalićka 7, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 72 40 90; Email: recepcija@hotelitalia.ba; Web: www.hotelitalia.ba; Rooms: 55; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Family owned hotel Italia is located about 1km from the railway and bus station and 3.5km from Baščaršija. Pets are allowed in the hotel.

Hotel Michele

Ivana Cankara 27, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 56 03 10; Email: contact@hotelmichele.ba; Web: www. hotelmichele.ba; Rooms: 19; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Michele is a family boutique hotel located in a residential area of Sarajevo. It is located several hundred meters away from the main pedestrian zone and just a few minutes from Baščaršija and other attractions.

Hotel Old Town

Ćurčiluk Mali 11A, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 57 42 00; Email: info@hoteloldtown.ba; Web: www. hoteloldtown.ba; Rooms: 15; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Set in the heart of Sarajevo Old Town, in the pedestrian zone of Baščaršija, Hotel Old Town is within 50m from all local attractions.

Hotel Palas

Krivajska 1, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 72 54 00; Email: info@palas.com.ba; Web: www.palas.com.ba; Rooms: 53; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Palas is a 3-star hotel located in a quiet part of the city, called Pofalici, just 3km from the city center.

Hotel President

Bazerdžani 1, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 57 50 00; Email: info@hotelpresident.ba; Web: www. hotelpresident.ba; Rooms: 72; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel President is located in the center of Saraievo's Old Town.

Hotel Saraj

Nevjestina 5, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 23 95 10; Email: recepcija@hotelsaraj.com; Web: www. hotelsaraj.com; Rooms: 140; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Saraj is only 250m from Bašcaršija and 11km from Sarajevo Airport.

Hotel Sarajevo

Džemala Bijedića 169A, 71000 Sarajevo; **Te**l: +387 33 77 79 00; **Emai**l: info@sarajevohotel.ba; **Web**: www. sarajevohotel.ba; **Rooms**: 69; **WiF**l: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Sarajevo is located in a newer part of Sarajevo, 5 minutes drive from the International Airport and 10 minutes drive from the city center.

Hotel Telal

Abdesthana 4, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 53 21 25; Email: hotel.telal@gmail.com; Web: www.hotel-telal. ba; Rooms: 27; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Small and charming Hotel Telal is located just minutes from Baščaršija and close to Kovači Square in the Old Town.

Hotel Unica

Hamdije Kreševljakovića 42, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 55 52 25; Email: info@hotel-unica.ba; Web: www. hotel-unica.ba; Rooms: 12; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Unica is situated in downtown Sarajevo, in the vicinity of the city's historical center and within the walking distance of the cultural, artistic, business, tourist and gastronomical attractions and sites.

Isa Beg's Hamam

Bistrik 1, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 57 00 50; Email: info@isabegovhotel.com; Web: www.isabegovhotel.com; Rooms: 15; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Isa Beg's Hamam, built in 1890 and damaged during the 1992-1995 war, was reconstructed and opened as Isa Beg's Hamam Boutique Hotel in 2015.

Radon Plaza

Džemala Bijedića 185, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 75 29 00; Email: booking@radonplazahotel.ba; Web: www.radonplazahotel.ba; Rooms: 120; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Radon Plaza is located along the main highway leading to the city center from the southwest. It is ten minutes away from Sarajevo Airport and fifteen minutes from the Sarajevo city center.

Residence Inn by Marriott

Skenderija 43, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 56 36 00; Email: welcome@sjjri.com; Web: www.marriott.com/sjjri; Rooms: 75; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Residence Inn by Marriott is located in the heart of Sarajevo, 200m from National Theatre, 900m from Baščaršija and 750m from the Latin Bridge.

Spa Hotel Terme

Hrasnička cesta broj 14, 71000 Sarajevo; Tel: +387 33 77 20 00; Email: info@hoteliilidza.ba; Web: www.hoteliilidza.ba; Rooms: 220; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Spa Hotel Terme is directly linked to the Health Resort Spa Terme Ilidža. It is located in Ilidža in a beautiful large spa park with a fountain on an area of 40 hectares, 7km from the center of Sarajevo and 2km from Sarajevo International Airport.

EAST SARAJEVO

East Sarajevo

Hotel Bob

V. Momčila Đujića 46A, 71123 Istočno Sarajevo; Tel: +387 57 37 30 00; Email: ruding@paleol.net; Web: www. hotelbob.net; Rooms: 33; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Bob is located only a 5 minute drive from the center of Sarajevo, but still secluded in nature outside of the city hassle. Hotel has a tennis court with clay courts as well as a basketball court.

Jahorina

Aparthotel Vučko

Olimpijska 1, 71243 Jahorina; **Tel**: +387 57 20 63 00; **Email**: recepcija@aparthotelvucko.com; **Web**: www. aparthotelvucko.net; **Rooms**: 124; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Overlooking the mountainous landscape, this modern hotel is situated in Jahorina, only few steps from the Ogorjelica ski lift and 28km from Sarajevo. Aparthotel Vučko offers free child care services. Hotel includes sports facilities and spa centre.

Hotel Bistrica

Jahorina b.b., 71243 Jahorina; **Tel**: +387 57 27 00 20; **Email**: rezervacije@oc-jahorina.com; **Rooms**: 150; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Set in Jahorina, Hotel Bistrica provides easy access to ski slopes, located just 150m away. The hotel is equiped with a sauna and an indoor swimming pool.

Hotel Dva Javora

Olimpijska 34, 71243 Jahorina; Tel: +387 57 27 04 81; Email: dvajavora@gmail.com; Web: www. hoteldvajavora.com; Rooms: 24; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Offering a barbecue and ski-to-door access, Hotel Dva Javora is set in Jahorina. This hotel has a ski school and ski equipment hire and car hire are available.

Hotel Lavina

Olimpijska 44, 71243 Jahorina; Tel: +387 57 27 23 10; Email: reservations@lavina.ba; Web: www.hotel-lavina.com; Rooms: 45; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Located just 30m from the ski lift on Jahorina Mountain, Hotel Lavina has an indoor pool and spa facilities. Live music is played at the hotel every evening during winter.

Hotel San

Olimpijska b.b., 71243 Jahorina; Tel: +387 65 38 31 52; Email: san.jahorina@yahoo.com; Web: www. jahorina-hotelsan.com; Rooms: 18; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Located in Jahorina, 100m from Ogorjelica I, Hotel San features ski-to-door access and a ski school. The hotel has a sauna and ski storage space. Ski equipment hire is also available.

Termag Hotel Jahorina

Poljice b.b., 71243 Jahorina; Tel: +387 57 27 04 22; Email: info@termaghotel.com; Web: www.termaghotel.com; Rooms: 90; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Situated along the skiing tracks of Mount Jahorina, Termag Hotel Jahorina offers a free use of a wellness centre with an indoor pool, sauna and Turkish bath.

Pale

Hotel Damis

Karadordeva 18, 71420 Pale; Tel: +387 57 22 33 90; Email: recepcija@hotel-damis.com; Web: www.hotel-damis.com; Rooms: 22; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Offering mountain views from all rooms, Hotel Damis is located in Pale, 12km from the Jahorina ski area. The centre of Pale is 1.5km away, Sarajevo is 15km and Sarajevo Airport is 25km away.

BANJA LUKA

Hotel Atina

Slobodana Kokanovića 5, 78000 Banja Luka; **Te**l: +387 51 96 11 00; **Email**: recepcija@atinahotel.com; **Web**: www.atinahotel.com; **Rooms**: 20; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Atina is located by the River Vrbas in the centre of Banja Luka. A view of the Kastel Fortress and Vrbas River is available in each unit.

Hotel Banja Luka

Ivana Gorana Kovačića 56, 78000 Banja Luka; **Tel**: +387 51 92 22 21; **Email**: hotelbanjaluka@gmail.com; **Web**: www.hotelbanjaluka.ba; **Rooms**: 18; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Banja Luka is located a 10-minute drive from the city centre and from Banja Luka Bus Station.

Hotel Bosna

Kralja Petra I Karađorđevića 97, 78000 Banja Luka; Tel: +387 51 21 57 75; Email: info@hotelbosna.com; Web: www.hotelbosna.com; Rooms: 189; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

This hotel is one of the symbols of Banja Luka. It is situated in the centre of Banja Luka, just 100m from the main square. First building of the hotel was built in 1885.

Hotel Cezar Banja Luka

Mladena Stojanovića 123, 78000 Banja Luka; Tel: +387 51 32 64 00; Email: info@hotel-cezar.com; Web: www.hotel-cezar.com; Rooms: 42; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Set in the center of Banja Luka, Hotel Cezar is located only 50m from the main bus and train station. The City Park is 100m away.

Hotel Inn

Ivana Gorana Kovačića b.b., 78000 Banja Luka; Tel: +387 51 34 57 00; Rooms: 24; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

The hotel is located only a 7-minute drive from the city's castle. Pets are allowed.

Hotel Jelena

Ranka Šipke 26, 78000 Banja Luka; Tel: +387 51 32 92 00; Email: recepcija@hotel-jelenabl.com; Web: www. hotel-jelenabl.com; Rooms: 58; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Jelena offers accommodation in Banja Luka, 300m from the city centre. Hotel also offers Spa and Wellness Center.

Hotel Palace

Kralja Petra I Karađorđevića 60, 78000 Banja Luka; **Tel**: +387 51 22 30 40; **Email**: info@hotelpalasbl.com; **Web**: www.hotelpalasbl.com; **Rooms**: 69; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Situated on the main square and housed in a building that is protected as national heritage, Hotel Palace offers wellness and has a fitness room. also.

Hotel Taliia

Srpska 9, 78000 Banja Luka; Tel: +387 51 34 92 00; Email: info@hoteltalija.com; Web: www.hoteltalija.com; Rooms: 53; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Talija is situated in the heart of Banja Luka. It features an indoor swimming pool, sauna and fitness centre

SREBRENICA

Misirlije

Petriča b.b., 75430 Srebrenica; Tel: +387 56 44 52 95; Email: info@misirlije.ba; Web: www.misirlije.ba; Rooms: 19; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Misirlije is located 1km from the centre of Srebrenica. Srebrenica Memorial Centre is at a distance of 5km and Tara National Park is 40km from the property.

VIŠEGRAD

Hotel Andrićev konak

Trg palih boraca 6, 73240 Višegrad; Tel: +387 58 62 07 10; Email: hotelandricevkonak@gmail.com; Web: www.hotelandricevkonak.com; Rooms: 23; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Andrićev Konak is located just steps away from the river Drina in Višegrad. At Hotel Andrićev Konak you will also find a garden with barbecue facilities.

Vilina Vlas

Višegrad banja b.b., 73240 Višegrad; Tel: +387 58 62 03 11; Email: vvlasrecepcija@teol.net; Web: www. vilina-vlas.com; Rooms: 66; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Rehabilitation center Vilina Vlas is located 5km from Višegrad on an altitude of 460m on the wooded slopes of Tara.

Rudo

Hotel Comsar Rudo

Vožda Karađorđa Petrovića 11, 73260 Rudo; Tel: +387 58 71 11 00; Web: www.comsar.com/comsar-rudo-hotel; Rooms: 29; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Offering a spa, wellness, fitness centre and a restaurant, Hotel Comsar Rudo is located in Staro Rudo (19.5 km from Višegrad).

TREBINJE

Hotel Etage

Dobrovoljnih davalaca krvi b.b., 89101 Trebinje; Tel: +387 59 26 14 43; Web: www.etagehotel.com; Rooms: 19; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Etage is located next to River Trebišnjica and 100m from the centre of Trebinje. Etage Hotel has 4 cars available for rental service.

Jazina Club

Jazina1, 89101 Trebinje; Tel: +387 59 25 21 11; Web: www.jazina.club; Rooms: 12; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES Jazina Club offers pet-friendly accommodation in Trebinje. The hotel has a seasonal outdoor pool and views of the mountain. This hotel has a private beach area and bike and car hire.

Hotel Nar

Republike Srpske 35, 89101 Trebinje; Tel: +387 59 22 66 00; Email: info@hotel-nar.com; Web: www.hotel-nar.com; Rooms: 32; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Located 1km from the centre of Trebinje, Hotel Nar is located 600m from Trebišnjica. The hotel also offers bike hire

Hotel Platani

Cvjetni Trg 1, 89101 Trebinje; Tel: +387 59 27 40 50; Email: hotel.platani@gmail.com; Web: www.hotel-platani-trebinje.com; Rooms: 35; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel Platani is located in the centre of Trebinje. Guests can make use of the packed lunch service at the hotel.

Hotel Sesto Senso

Obala Mića Ljubibratića 3, 89101 Trebinje; Tel: +387 59 26 11 60; Email: sestosensotb1@gmail.com; Rooms: 11; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Hotel is set in Trebinje, 21km from Dubrovnik. The hotel also offers bike hire. The nearest airport is Mostar International Airport, 76km away.

BRČKO

Aparthotel Park

Tina Ujevica 68, 76100 Brčko; Tel: +387 49 21 10 51; Email: office@hotelparkbrcko.com; Web: www. hotelparkbrcko.com; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Aparthotel Park is a modern hotel, built in 2012, located in the city center close to the Big Park. The hotel offers accommodation in three categories: rooms, semi-suites and apartments.

Grand Hotel Posavina

Trg Mladih 4, 76100 Brčko; Tel: +387 49 22 01 11; Email: grand_hotel@elinspanic.net; Web: www.grand-hotel-posavina.com; Rooms: 32; WiFi: YES; Parking: YES

Grand Hotel Posavina was the first hotel in Brčko, built in 1891 in the Austro-Hungarian style. During the last war it was completely destroyed, but it was renovated in 2001. The hotel is located in the heart of the city, surrounded by a city park.

Hotel Jelena Brčko

Bulevar mira 5, 76100 Brčko; **Te**l: +387 49 23 28 50; **Email**: recepcija@hotel-jelena.com; **Web**: www.hotel-jelena.com; **Rooms**: 43; **WiFi**: YES; **Parking**: YES

Hotel Jelena Brčko is located in the centre of Brčko. The nearest airport is Tuzla International Airport, 47km away.

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